

SEXUAL MISCONDUCT
(A Misdemeanor)
(Oral or Anal Sexual Conduct;
Incapacity to Consent)
PENAL LAW 130.20(2)
(Committed on or after November 1, 2003)

The _____ count is Sexual Misconduct.

Under our law, a person is guilty of Sexual Misconduct when he or she engages in

Select applicable alternative(s):

oral sexual conduct [or]

anal sexual conduct

with another person without such person's consent.

Some of the terms used in this definition have their own special meaning in our law. I will now give you the meaning of the following terms:

Select applicable alternative(s):

"oral sexual conduct" [or]

"anal sexual conduct,"

and "without a person's consent."

[ORAL SEXUAL CONDUCT means conduct between persons consisting of contact between the mouth and the penis, the mouth and the anus, or the mouth and the vulva or vagina.¹]

[ANAL SEXUAL CONDUCT means conduct between persons consisting of contact between the penis and anus.²]

¹ Penal Law § 130.00(2)(a).

² Penal Law § 130.00(2)(b).

[Oral (or) anal] sexual conduct takes place WITHOUT A PERSON'S CONSENT when that person is deemed incapable of consent. Under our law, a person is deemed INCAPABLE OF CONSENTING to [oral (or) anal] sexual conduct when he or she is

[NOTE: *Select appropriate alternative:*

less than seventeen (17) years old.³

It is not a defense to this charge that the actor did not know that the person with whom the actor had [oral (or) anal] sexual conduct was less than seventeen [17] years old, or that the actor believed that such person was seventeen [17] years old or more on the date of the crime.⁴

[*Add it applicable:*

It is a defense to this charge that the defendant was married to the victim. "Married" means the existence of the relationship between the defendant and the complainant as spouses which was recognized by law at the time of the alleged commission of this charge crime.⁵]

or mentally disabled.⁶

MENTALLY DISABLED means that a person suffers from a mental disease or defect which

³ Penal Law § 130.05(3)(a).

⁴ See Penal Law § 15.20(3).

⁵ See Penal Law § 130.00(4). See Domestic Relations Law § § 15 and 15-a.

⁶ Penal Law § 130.05(3)(b).

renders him or her incapable of appraising the nature of his or her conduct.⁷

[Add it applicable:

It is a defense to this charge that the defendant was married to the victim. "Married" means the existence of the relationship between the defendant and the complainant as spouses which was recognized by law at the time of the alleged commission of this charge crime.⁸]

or mentally incapacitated.⁹

MENTALLY INCAPACITATED means that a person is rendered temporarily incapable of appraising or controlling his or her conduct owing to the influence of a narcotic or intoxicating substance administered to him or her without his or her consent (*or* to any other act committed upon him or her without his or her consent).¹⁰

or physically helpless.¹¹

PHYSICALLY HELPLESS means that a person is unconscious or for any other reason is physically unable to communicate unwillingness

⁷ Penal Law § 130.00(5).

⁸ See Penal Law § 130.00(4). See Domestic Relations Law § § 15 and 15-a.

⁹ Penal Law § 130.05(3)(c).

¹⁰ Penal Law § 130.00(6).

¹¹ Penal Law § 130.05(3)(d).

to an act.¹²

or

committed to the care and custody of the state department of correctional services or a hospital,¹³ and the actor is an employee,¹⁴ not married to such person,¹⁵ who knows or reasonably should know that such person is committed to the care and custody of such department or hospital.¹⁶

or

committed to the care of a local correctional facility,¹⁷ and the actor is an employee,¹⁸ not married to such person,¹⁹ who knows or reasonably should know that such person is committed to the care and custody of such facility.²⁰

or

committed to or placed with the office of children and family

¹² Penal Law § 130.00(7).

¹³ If in issue, the definition of “hospital” is set forth in Correction Law §400(2).

¹⁴ If in issue, the definition of “employee” is set forth in Penal Law §130.05(3)(e).

¹⁵ If in issue, the definition of “married” is set forth in Penal Law §130.00(4).

¹⁶ Penal Law §130.05(3)(e).

¹⁷ If in issue, the definition of “local correctional facility” is set forth in Correction Law §40(2).

¹⁸ If in issue, the definition of “employee” is set forth in Penal Law §130.05(3)(f).

¹⁹ If in issue, the definition of “married” is set forth in Penal Law §130.00(4).

²⁰ Penal Law §130.05(3)(f).

services and in residential care, and the actor is an employee,²¹ not married to such person,²² who knows or reasonably should know that such person is committed to or placed with the office of children and family services and in residential care.²³]

NOTE: This is the end of definitions and the resumption of the charge:

Thus, [oral (or) anal] sexual conduct with such a person is always deemed to be without that person's consent, even if in fact that person did consent.

In order for you to find the defendant guilty of this crime, the People are required to prove, from all the evidence in the case, beyond a reasonable doubt, both of the following (two / three) elements:

1. That on or about (date), in the county of (county), the defendant, (name of defendant), engaged in

Select applicable alternative(s):

oral sexual conduct [or]

anal sexual conduct

with (name of complainant); [and]

2. That the defendant did so without the consent of (name of complainant) because (name of complainant) was incapable of consent.

²¹ If in issue, the definition of "employee" is set forth in Penal Law §130.05(3)(g).

²² If in issue, the definition of "married" is set forth in Penal Law §130.00(4).

²³ Penal Law §130.05(3)(g).

[Add if applicable:

3. That the defendant was not married to (*name of complainant*).]

Therefore, if you find that the People have proven beyond a reasonable doubt (both / each) of those elements, you must find the defendant guilty of the crime of Sexual Misconduct as charged in the _____ count.

On the other hand, if you find that the People have not proven beyond a reasonable doubt (either one or both / any one or more) of those elements, you must find the defendant not guilty of the crime of Sexual Misconduct as charged in the _____ count.

NOTE: If the affirmative defense set forth in Penal Law § 130.10 (1) applies, omit the final two paragraphs of the above charge, and substitute the applicable charge in the “additional charges” section from the end of this article.

NOTE: Where lack of consent results solely from incapacity to consent because of the alleged victim's mental disability or mental incapacity, a charge on corroboration is required, and that charge is in the “additional charges” section of this article. Penal Law § 130.16.