1 COURT OF APPEALS 2 STATE OF NEW YORK 3 _____ 4 PEOPLE, 5 Respondent, 6 -against-No. 181 7 ROBERT C. HALTER, 8 Appellant. 9 _____ 20 Eagle Street 10 Albany, New York 12207 September 13, 2012 11 Before: 12 CHIEF JUDGE JONATHAN LIPPMAN 13 ASSOCIATE JUDGE CARMEN BEAUCHAMP CIPARICK ASSOCIATE JUDGE VICTORIA A. GRAFFEO 14 ASSOCIATE JUDGE SUSAN PHILLIPS READ ASSOCIATE JUDGE ROBERT S. SMITH 15 ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE F. PIGOTT, JR. ASSOCIATE JUDGE THEODORE T. JONES 16 Appearances: 17 TIMOTHY S. DAVIS, ESQ. OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC DEFENDER 18 Attorneys for Appellant 19 10 North Fitzhugh Street Rochester, NY 14614 20 GEOFFREY KAEUPER, ESQ. 21 MONROE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE Attorneys for Respondent 22 47 Fitzhugh Street South Rochester, NY 14614 23 2.4 Penina Wolicki 25 Official Court Transcriber

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: People v. Halter.
Counselor, do you want any rebuttal time?
MR. DAVIS: Two minutes, please.
CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Two minutes. Sure.
Go ahead.
MR. DAVIS: Timothy Davis appearing for Mr.
Halter. In this case, Robert Halter called the
police and asked for help in locating his thirteen-
year-old daughter. And at trial, the People used the
Rape Shield Law in an effort not to protect the
complainant from questions about her sexual conduct,
but in an effort to prevent Mr. Halter from
introducing evidence of her sexualized behavior
JUDGE CIPARICK: Well, how is this at
trial, there was a lot of evidence and a lot of
testimony about her Myspace page, about her dad
lecturing to her about staying out late, about boys,
about having run away from running away from
home, about the police coming to get her at the boy's
house. There's even testimony that her father had
told her she had turned into a whore and that she was
angry at her dad.
So all most of what you're asking for
was there at this bench trial before this judge. So

1 be specific about sexual encounters with this boy or with other boys? 2 3 MR. DAVIS: No. What essentially the court allowed Mr. Halter to do was introduce half a 4 5 defense. The defense here was that the daughter, [name redacted], had a motive to fabricate. She was 6 7 angry that her father had told her she couldn't behave in a certain fashion and was also anyry that 8 9 she - - -10 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So how did the Myspace and the - - - how she dressed, relate to that 11 12 defense? 13 MR. DAVIS: Two ways. First, it makes her motive to fabricate stronger. If her father has a 14 15 valid reason to be concerned that her behavior is 16 inappropriate for any thirteen-year-old, such that a 17 father would be concerned about this, that strengthens his case because then she would have 18 19 knowledge, or at least belief, there's a chance she 20 could be removed from her mother's home. 21 But also what it does is it shows that her 22 father is not acting like you might expect a jealous 23 husband might, or he's acting like a pervert, with 24 his thumb over her, saying you can't dress in this 25 fashion, you can't do these things, because he's the

one who wants to have a sexual relationship with her. 1 2 JUDGE GRAFFEO: Well, the evidence got in 3 that she was at this boy's house all night, I take it, correct, because the police found her there. 4 5 MR. DAVIS: Well - - -6 JUDGE GRAFFEO: So it seems to me, the only 7 thing that's missing is that you wanted to introduce 8 that apparently either she did or perhaps she had sex 9 with this particular boy. But you've got quite a few 10 other instances that would certainly - - - could 11 contribute to her fabricating this. So - - -12 MR. DAVIS: But the problem is that all 13 that - - -14 JUDGE GRAFFEO: - - - I mean, do we need to 15 cast aside the Rape Shield Law in this type of case? 16 MR. DAVIS: First of all, the Rape Shield 17 Law, I would argue, doesn't apply to the Myspace 18 postings and her photograph and her statements. The 19 Rape Shield Law would only apply to what happens at 20 the boy's house. 21 JUDGE GRAFFEO: Right. 22 JUDGE CIPARICK: And that's all that was 23 precluded. 24 JUDGE GRAFFEO: That's what we're talking 25 about.

1 JUDGE CIPARICK: Everything else came in. 2 MR. DAVIS: No. The actual content of the 3 Myspace page didn't come in. What came in was the fact that the father said that he was disgusted by 4 5 what came into the - - - what she had posted on her 6 Myspace page, was disgusted by the way she dressed. 7 But the actual way she dressed never came in. 8 And that's significant, because what 9 happened at the end of direct examination of [name 10 redacted] and also at the end of redirect, she said 11 specifically, I was never sexual with any guys. I 12 was tired of being accused of things I didn't do. So 13 what happens is, the People, then, are allowed to 14 present Mr. Halter as basically this controlling 15 pervert who's trying to manipulate his daughter and 16 argue - - - and the People argue in closing and say 17 do you really believe that he was trying to parent 18 this girl. They were able to argue that because they hadn't been able - - -19 20 JUDGE CIPARICK: I mean, we may agree with 21 you and say that the evidence would have been 22 relevant. But he certainly was able to put before 23 the judge - - - because this was a bench trial - - -

to put before the judge his claim that her anger may have caused her to fabricate this, because she wanted

2.4

25

1	to get rid of her father, because she was afraid that
2	she was going to be put away at the Villa, or
3	someplace, where she was for wayward girls, or
4	whatever.
5	MR. DAVIS: Yes.
6	JUDGE CIPARICK: So
7	MR. DAVIS: But the problem is that her
8	actual behavior never actually came in. Why he was
9	angry never actually came in.
10	JUDGE SMITH: Well, let me could I -
11	if I could go back to Judge Graffeo's question?
12	MR. DAVIS: Yes.
13	JUDGE SMITH: Did you I mean, what
14	was as I understand it, she testified she
15	was permitted to ask and she testified that they
16	found her at noon the next day at the boy's house.
17	They didn't actually say that she spent the night
18	- I mean, he asked the question, didn't you spend the
19	night in his room, and the judge sustained an
20	objection, right?
21	MR. DAVIS: Yes.
22	JUDGE SMITH: Now, you might in a
23	nonjury trial, you might think the judge figured it
24	out. Does that matter? Does it matter that it's a
25	nonjury trial; obviously he knew?

1	MR. DAVIS: No. First of all, the court
2	was we presume that the judge follows the law
3	in a bench trial.
4	JUDGE SMITH: Yes. So
5	MR. DAVIS: So if the judge is saying
6	JUDGE SMITH: you're saying we have
7	to presume that even if he knew it, he also
8	instructed himself to disregard it and did disregard
9	it?
10	MR. DAVIS: That's correct.
11	JUDGE SMITH: Yes.
12	MR. DAVIS: And in everything that the
13	- what's very significant in this case is that
14	everything that the defense tried to introduce, the
15	photograph where she was wearing revealing clothing
16	on the Myspace page, and her sexualized comments on
17	the Myspace page, none of it actually not only
18	did it not come in; the judge never even allowed
19	defense counsel to give an offer of proof as to
20	actually what it should have been or what it actually
21	was. So there's no way to presume that this court
22	had any knowledge of what how bad this Myspace
23	page actually was.
24	JUDGE SMITH: Do we is there do
25	we decide this exactly as we would at a jury trial,

1	if it were a jury trial?
2	MR. DAVIS: In this case, yes.
3	JUDGE SMITH: It's I guess I'm
4	struggling with that. If the evidence gets in
5	if evidence that shouldn't get in gets in, and it's a
6	bench trial, there are a lot of cases that say well,
7	the judge knows the law, so it doesn't matter. But
8	does it work in reverse when the evidence is kept
9	out?
10	MR. DAVIS: It has to.
11	JUDGE CIPARICK: And when there's been an
12	offer of proof to the judge. The judge does know
13	what the evidence is that you want to put in there.
14	MR. DAVIS: Right. But in this case, the
15	judge doesn't know that.
16	JUDGE SMITH: Okay. But suppose he did. I
17	mean, suppose I mean, even if there's an offer
18	of proof, you still have the argument, don't you?
19	The judge is supposed to do what you're supposed to
20	do. He knows the evidence, but he's supposed to
21	disregard it.
22	MR. DAVIS: Well, the problem here in this
23	case goes back to the Williams case I discussed in my
24	brief, where the court never actually states why it
25	is he's keeping out the evidence. You have to sort

1 of parse and look at the statements actually made by 2 the court to determine whether the court was saying 3 this is actually protected by the Rape Shield Law, or this is not protected, but is not relevant. 4 5 JUDGE SMITH: But did - - - I see that point. But trial counsel never said, Judge, look at 6 7 that subsection. You have discretion. I want you to admit it under that subsection. 8 9 MR. DAVIS: Well, I think it's clear from 10 the - - - there's two applications here. And they -11 - - or two - - - or at least two or three. And the 12 first application before trial is I want to get into 13 what happens at this boy's house while she's 14 supposedly there from 7 p.m. till 10 a.m. 15 JUDGE SMITH: I mean, it's perfectly clear 16 that he wanted to get it in, and the judge kept it 17 out. 18 MR. DAVIS: Yes. 19 JUDGE SMITH: I'm not saying that's not preserved. I'm saying you make a subtler argument, 20 21 which says that he never - - - he didn't act as 22 though he had discretion. Wasn't the lawyer supposed 23 to say, Judge, you've got discretion? If the lawyer 24 was thinking he's not exercising his discretion, 25 isn't he supposed to say, Judge, you're missing

1	something. This is a discretionary ruling?
2	MR. DAVIS: Well, I think one thing that's
3	clear from this record is that every time defense
4	counsel tried to make it clear to the court why this
5	should come in, the court says I'm not going to argue
6	it; I made my ruling.
7	JUDGE PIGOTT: He, yeah, he was a little
8	bit of a sword of Damocles. But if I understand what
9	you're saying, just making it a little simpler, if
10	the defendant wanted to say she retaliated against me
11	because I told her she had to be in by 7 and she
12	wasn't in by 7, no one's going to buy that. They're
13	going to say no kid's going to be that upset that
14	they would do that.
15	If, on the other hand, you say well, I
16	didn't like what was on her Myspace page, and me and
17	as an ignorant dad thinks we're talking about a game
18	of Angry Birds, but you wanted to bring in the
19	defense wanted to bring in the fact of the way she
20	was dressed, that she was apparently soliciting older
21	whether she had sex with them or not, she was
22	soliciting older boys; she was doing things that any
23	parent would have been really upset about and any kid
24	could conceivably be really upset about if he or she
25	were being prevented from doing what she wanted, and

that never got to the trier of fact. 1 2 MR. DAVIS: That's correct. And what 3 happened then was the defense - - - excuse me, the People, then, were able to take advantage of that and 4 5 say - - - blame all of her behavior on the abuse, instead of the fact that she was simply an out-of-6 7 control thirteen-year-old. 8 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counselor. 9 MR. DAVIS: Thank you. 10 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Let's hear from your 11 adversary. JUDGE CIPARICK: Is the issue of the 12 13 recantations before us in any way? That motion was -14 _ _ 15 MR. KAEUPER: No, no, Your Honor. JUDGE CIPARICK: - - - denied. That's not 16 17 before us? 18 MR. KAEUPER: That's correct, Your Honor. 19 And - - -20 JUDGE CIPARICK: Did that play a factor here? Is that a factor for us to consider here at 21 22 all? 23 MR. KAEUPER: I don't think so. I mean, I think there's an obvious reason for a daughter to 24 25 want her father out of prison. And it was very clear

in this case that although she wanted to - - - she felt she needed to make these accusations to get him to stop the abuse, but she didn't want him to go to prison. JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, you say that. And that really gets down to the nub of it. And you know, I get Rape Shield. I know you don't want to denigrate a victim and use that to somehow absolve the defendant. You don't want to say this is a slut, this is a pig, this is a whore, or anything like that. I get that. 12 But when you've got a father who says what 13 he wanted to put in, what's the problem? What's the problem with saying she's on Myspace doing this

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

14

15 stuff, when it's a fact? I mean, it's not a 16 characterization. I mean, you can see the Myspace 17 page. You can see the stuff where she has 18 photographs of herself posted, where she's trying to 19 attract older boys, that she's lying about her age 20 and things like that.

21 What's wrong with letting a court, a trier 22 of fact, know, as Mr. Davis said, you've got an out-23 of-control teen here? This is what I'm trying to do, 24 and she's fighting tooth and nail not to. I mean, 25 why is that Rape Shield?

1 MR. KAEUPER: Well, I think first of all, 2 there's a lot of evidence in here about her being an 3 out-of-control young woman. I don't think that's 4 really an issue - - -5 JUDGE PIGOTT: No, no. But you want to get 6 to her motive to lie. 7 MR. KAEUPER: Right. JUDGE PIGOTT: And so it's - - -8 9 MR. KAEUPER: So her motive to lie has to 10 do with her subjective state of mind. She testifies: 11 I knew he would put me in the Villa. He made that 12 threat to me, and I knew he'd make good on it. 13 JUDGE SMITH: She also testified, "Question: Why did you tell her on that date?" This 14 15 is the date she disclosed the abuse. "Answer: 16 Because my dad called me yelling at me and he was, 17 like, accusing me of being sexual with guys when I 18 wasn't." 19 Why didn't that open the door? 20 MR. KAEUPER: Well, there was no objection; 21 there was no - - -22 JUDGE SMITH: No objection? Nothing 23 objectionable about the testimony. But why didn't 24 that open the door? 25 MR. KAEUPER: There was no claim that it

1 opened the door. I mean, maybe the defense could 2 have - - -3 JUDGE SMITH: Isn't his whole point that because - - - that it was critical in this case what 4 5 her conduct was that led him to yell at her and that it may have motivated the criticism? 6 7 MR. KAEUPER: I don't think that was ever the claim made at trial. The claim at trial was that 8 9 she was trying to protect this boy from a charge of 10 statutory rape. I think defense counsel makes that 11 very - - -12 JUDGE SMITH: He did say that. But - - -13 or she, I guess, was the trial counsel. But wasn't 14 she also saying that it goes to her motive to 15 fabricate? 16 MR. KAEUPER: Yes. The protecting him from 17 a potential charge of statutory rape - - -18 JUDGE SMITH: Nothing about his being angry 19 at her because - - - her being angry at him because 20 he accused her falsely of being sexual? That's 21 exactly what she said. 22 MR. KAEUPER: Well, I mean, she - - - I 23 guess maybe I don't understand the question. But 24 it's - - -25 JUDGE SMITH: I mean, it's a simple - - -

1	put aside preservation for a moment. Maybe it's
2	preserved, maybe it's not. Assume it's preserved.
3	MR. KAEUPER: Okay.
4	JUDGE SMITH: Victim is asked: "Why did
5	you accuse him on that date of raping you" Answer:
6	"Because he falsely accused me of having sex."
7	How can the defendant not be allowed to
8	litigate the question of whether the accusation was
9	false?
10	MR. KAEUPER: Well, I mean, I think her
11	motive to fabricate doesn't change whether it's
12	JUDGE SMITH: So you're saying even apart
13	from preservation, when she says I wasn't having sex
14	with I wasn't being sexual with guys, and she
15	says that that was part of her motive for making the
16	charge, the defendant may be barred from disproving
17	the statement?
18	MR. KAEUPER: Well, I don't know how she's
19	going to disprove that statement. I mean, the
20	request by the defense was to ask her
21	JUDGE SMITH: Well, you could start with,
22	weren't you spending the night with Joey in his room.
23	MR. KAEUPER: Right, well
24	JUDGE SMITH: That's a question that was
25	asked and objected to.

1 MR. KAEUPER: That's correct. Right. That question was - - - the objection was sustained as to 2 3 whether she'd spent the entire room in his room. 4 JUDGE PIGOTT: But who are we shielding 5 there, I guess? I mean, I'm missing it. I mean, 6 you've got to - - - I mean, let's presume this guy is 7 innocent until he gets convicted. I mean, he's 8 saying I'm a father who wants to protect my daughter. 9 And there's these big, grizzly guys out there that 10 are five and six years older than she is, taking 11 advantage of her, and she doesn't get it. And I'm 12 trying to impress upon her that she should get it. 13 She gets mad and attacks me. 14 MR. KAEUPER: Right. And I think all of 15 that motive to fabricate gets out. She testified 16 he's threatening me to put me in the Villa. He says 17 this over and over again. I know he's going to make 18 good on it. 19 JUDGE PIGOTT: And there's reason - - - and 20 there's no basis for it. That's what she's saying. 21 She's saying he's making all these threats, and there 22 was no basis for it whatsoever. In fact, he was 23 probably doing that because he was sexually abusing 2.4 me and wanted to keep me from talking. And he wants 25 to say no, there's all this other stuff.

1	If she had put nude pictures of herself on
2	Myspace, would they get in?
3	MR. KAEUPER: I think those would be
4	protected by the Rape Shield Law.
5	JUDGE PIGOTT: And yet, if my daughter did
6	that, when I came down off the ceiling, I'm not sure
7	what I would do.
8	MR. KAEUPER: Well, but again I think
9	JUDGE SMITH: Well, how why does the
10	I thought the Rape Shield Law, just as it
11	applies to clothing, is just for her dressing
12	provocatively to you're not allowed to say
13	anymore, she was wearing a short skirt so it was fine
14	for me to rape her. That's but here, that has
15	nothing to do with what happened here.
16	MR. KAEUPER: Well, but I think the claim -
17	and it's very clear, when she tries to get into
18	it in cross-examination, the claim here is this
19	Myspace page is a come-on to older men. She says
20	this is
21	JUDGE SMITH: Yes, but not no claim
22	that it was a come-on to the defendant.
23	MR. KAEUPER: No, no, no. Certainly not.
24	JUDGE PIGOTT: That's the point. The point
25	is he's got a is he's got a motive to do what

1	he does in terms of trying to punish her. And she's
2	saying it's not true. She doesn't he doesn't
3	have a motive, except that he abused me. And so he
4	was
5	MR. KAEUPER: Well, but he but he
6	doesn't know it either. I mean, he has no more
7	information about whether she's actually having sex
8	with this boy than
9	JUDGE PIGOTT: And he doesn't care. He
10	doesn't care. He wants to say I saw the Myspace
11	page. I saw the her pretending to be older
12	than she is, soliciting older boys, and none of that
13	could come in.
14	MR. KAEUPER: Right. So whether he's right
15	or not makes no difference, because he's the
16	JUDGE PIGOTT: The judge the judge
17	doesn't know that that's what he's doing. All he
18	thinks is, okay, she's got a Myspace page; so does
19	every other kid in the world. And they're all out
20	there playing Angry Birds and sending notes to each
21	other. I'm not going to let that in if you're going
22	to talk about sex.
23	MR. KAEUPER: Well, he doesn't he
24	doesn't let the actual photos in. But the general
25	contents of this page are very clear from the record.

1	JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, if I got my notes
2	right, he wouldn't let it in.
3	MR. KAEUPER: Well, he wouldn't let in a
4	particular photo, but it's clear that the Myspace
5	page contains provocative photos of her. He refers
6	to it as disgusting and so forth. And I think this,
7	in some ways, goes maybe to Judge Smith's question
8	about
9	JUDGE PIGOTT: Let me interrupt you just
10	for a minute. It says my note says, however
11	defense counsel was not allowed to elicit whether the
12	Myspace page contained content about sex or about
13	boys, the nature of the photographs of herself that
14	[name redacted] had posted on Myspace, whether she
15	was trying to attract older people, i.e., boys on
16	Myspace, whether she had boyfriends who were older
17	than she was, whether she posted on Myspace that she
18	had three boyfriends, whether she spent the night at
19	Joey's, whether she had told her mother that she had
20	been out all night with a sixteen-year-old, or how,
21	precisely, she dressed. None of that came in.
22	MR. KAEUPER: Right. But all of those
23	questions were asked, and then objections were
24	sustained. Which
25	JUDGE SMITH: But does it matter

1	JUDGE PIGOTT: I see what you're saying.
2	JUDGE SMITH: what does it matter
3	that it was a nonjury trial?
4	MR. KAEUPER: Well, because I think here we
5	have the judge making a discretionary call. So the
6	judge, as both controller of the law and as fact-
7	finder is in the perfect position to say, okay, you
8	just told me what the evidence is going to be. Now,
9	is it important to my decision as fact-finder
10	JUDGE SMITH: Okay, well, maybe. But
11	I see that point. And it probably describes the
12	reality very much. I can see logically he's saying,
13	look, I understand this girl was not absolutely the
14	most Victorian of children, and I don't want you
15	harassing her for a half an hour on the subject. I
16	get it.
17	But technically, isn't your adversary right
18	when he says we have to assume that if he kept it out
19	of evidence, he paid no attention to it, whether he
20	knew it or not?
21	MR. KAEUPER: Right. But we also have to
22	assume that he's considering that potential evidence
23	and its effect on
24	JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, that would be
25	MR. KAEUPER: the defense of motive -

1 2 JUDGE PIGOTT: - - - that would be error. 3 JUDGE SMITH: I think not. If he thinks it's barred by the Rape Shield Law, he should not be 4 5 considering its effect on him at all. But not in the sense of 6 MR. KAEUPER: 7 determining the facts, but in terms of making the decision of whether it comes in. If he's looking at 8 9 this evidence and says boy, if that comes in, I'm 10 going to find that she fabricated - - -11 JUDGE SMITH: What about - - -12 MR. KAEUPER: - - - he's going to let it 13 in. JUDGE SMITH: - - - what about the - - -14 15 how's the Appellate Division supposed to review the 16 facts if he keeps it all out because he doesn't think 17 it's - - - he says maybe it's admissible, but it 18 doesn't do it for me, and I'm the fact-finder, so I'm 19 keeping it out. What about the Appellate Division? 20 MR. KAEUPER: I think you judge it based 21 upon the specific request made. And here, what we 22 have is maybe she was having sex with this boy, and 23 if she was having sex with this boy, maybe she was 2.4 afraid of a statutory rape charge for no reason. 25 JUDGE PIGOTT: No, no, no, no, no. No. He

was that upset because of all of this stuff, and that's why he got so angry with her, and that's why she reacted the way she did, because she knew what he knew was true. And he - - - and she may end up in Villa. And the way to operate to prevent that is to get him out of the house. That's what the - - -

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

MR. KAEUPER: I see the red light, but can I answer the question?

9 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Go ahead. Go ahead. 10 MR. KAEUPER: I think that would be true if - - - I mean, if he knew that she was having sex, 11 12 that might be a different case. He doesn't know 13 whether she's having sex. He's thinking she may be 14 having sex. And we get out the fact that he thinks 15 she may be having sex. He says after she comes back, 16 I told her we need to go to Planned Parenthood. All 17 this stuff about what he's thinking comes out. And 18 everything comes out about what he's threatening her 19 and what she thinks about the reality of those 20 threats.

JUDGE SMITH: What he says he's thinking comes out. She says he's lying. I was not having -- - I was not being sexual with boys. In fact, he's just an abuser trying to cover up. Shouldn't the finder of fact have all the evidence that's relevant

to decide whether that's true or not? 1 2 MR. KAEUPER: Well, I mean, that's what 3 would have come out if he had been able to ask the 4 question. He would have asked the question, and she 5 would have said no. It would have been the same. 6 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay. 7 JUDGE SMITH: But how do we know that? 8 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Judge Smith, go 9 ahead. 10 JUDGE SMITH: How do we - - - I mean, yeah. 11 Actually, if he asked the question, did you spend the 12 night in Joey's room, she might not have said no. 13 She might very well have said yes. 14 MR. KAEUPER: I could be wrong, but I think 15 there may be an indication in the record that she 16 denies that - - -17 JUDGE SMITH: Okay. But I guess what I'm 18 really saying is, isn't he allowed to make her say no 19 and see how believable it is and test it and - - -20 look, for all we know, he's Perry Mason who in seven 21 questions on cross-examination, she could be saying 22 oh, I lied, I made up the whole thing. MR. KAEUPER: I don't think so. I think 23 24 here the Rape Shield has to protect this. He gets 25 out enough of the motive to lie; the fact that this

1 would have been relevant to that is not, I think, the 2 standard for the Rape Shield. And if that were the 3 standard, the result would have been different - - -4 JUDGE SMITH: So you're - - -5 MR. KAEUPER: - - - in Williams or Halbert. 6 JUDGE SMITH: - - - so you say the Rape 7 Shield does keep out relevant evidence? 8 MR. KAEUPER: Absolutely. 9 JUDGE SMITH: There's got to be a limit to 10 It can't keep out very relevant evidence, can that. 11 it? MR. KAEUPER: Absolutely. And if he had 12 13 actually been deprived of being able to really mount this defense - - - but I submit that he did mount 14 15 this defense of motive to fabricate. 16 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, thank you. 17 MR. KAEUPER: Thank you. CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thanks, counselor. 18 19 Counselor? 20 MR. DAVIS: Just two things. First, this 21 court decided in 1979 in Mandel that a swinger 22 photograph was not protected by the Rape Shield Law. 23 So a person posting even a completely naked 2.4 photograph of themselves on Myspace, even engaged in 25 some sort of autoerotic behavior, would not be

1 protected by the Rape Shield Law. Whether that would 2 come in in a particular rape case would depend on a 3 strict ruling of relevancy by the trial judge. 4 JUDGE SMITH: Well, you could still - - -5 even without the Rape Shield Law, doesn't the judge 6 have some discretion to protect the complaining 7 witness from being harassed or humiliated when the evidence is of marginal relevance? 8 9 MR. DAVIS: Yes, definitely. A rapist - -10 - the complainant sends a nude photograph of her to 11 his buddy. He then is accused of raping her. 12 There's no way that photograph comes in. She sends 13 that photograph to him and says I'll see you at 5 14 tonight, then maybe that does come in. But that's a 15 strict relevancy decision. That has nothing to do 16 with the Rape Shield Law. 17 This is a case where more cross-examination 18 was needed. This is a case that because the People 19 come out wielding not a shield but a sword of Rape 20 Shield and say you cannot cross-examine this person 21 regarding anything that happens in the fifteen hours 22 - - - fifteen of the nineteen hours that proceed this 23 complaint against the defendant, because it might 24 have some bearing on sexual activity - - -25 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, Judge Ciparick asked

early on about the 440. And what's the relevance 1 2 I mean, she did recant. I mean, is it part there? 3 of your argument that maybe a better cross-4 examination, she wouldn't have had to, because she 5 would have told a different story at the trial? MR. DAVIS: Well, yes. I mean, in this 6 7 particular case, where had defense counsel been able 8 to cross-examine her as to what actually happened 9 during those fifteen hours with Joey - - - and in 10 this case, this is distinguishable from Halbert which 11 the People cite, because in that case, this court 12 said that there was both an emotional and a sexual 13 relationship with this third party, and the defendant 14 was allowed to get into the emotional relationship. 15 So she was allowed to - - - defense counsel was 16 allowed to cross-examine the person that she moved 17 out of her mother's house because she was in love 18 with this nineteen-year-old boy. All that was 19 precluded was the sexual aspect.

Here, for most of the day, whatever her activities were, the court refused to allow defense counsel to get into it at all. This is a case, just like Davis v. Alaska and Olden v. Kentucky, where the defendant - - -

25

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Go ahead, counselor.

1	Finish your thought.
2	MR. DAVIS: where the defendant,
3	knowing that she's protected by the statutory shield,
4	says stuff that is if either is not ridiculous
5	on its face, certainly could be probed through cross-
6	examination and be shown to
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, thanks.
8	MR. DAVIS: marginally. Thank you.
9	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Appreciate it. Thank
10	you both.
11	(Court is adjourned)
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

1	
2	CERTIFICATION
3	
4	I, Penina Wolicki, certify that the
5	foregoing transcript of proceedings in the Court of
6	Appeals of People v. Robert C. Halter, No. 181 was
7	prepared using the required transcription equipment
8	and is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.
9	
10	Penina Waliety.
11	i orana voci chi
12	Signature:
13	
14	Agency Name: eScribers
15	
16	Address of Agency: 700 West 192nd Street
17	Suite # 607
18	New York, NY 10040
19	
20	Date: September 20, 2012
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	