1	COURT OF APPEALS
2	STATE OF NEW YORK
3	
4	MORPHEUS CAPITAL ADVISORS LLC,
5	Respondent,
6	-against-
7	UBS REAL ESTATE SECURITIES, INC.,
8	Appellant.
9	20 Devile Charact
10	20 Eagle Street Albany, New York 12207 May 6, 2014
11	Before:
12	CHIEF JUDGE JONATHAN LIPPMAN
13	ASSOCIATE JUDGE VICTORIA A. GRAFFEO
14	ASSOCIATE JUDGE SUSAN PHILLIPS READ ASSOCIATE JUDGE ROBERT S. SMITH
15	ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE F. PIGOTT, JR. ASSOCIATE JUDGE JENNY RIVERA ASSOCIATE JUDGE SHEILA ABDUS-SALAAM
16	Appearances:
17	
18	KENNETH A. CARUSO, ESQ. WHITE & CASE, LLP
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23	
24	Karen Schiffmiller
25	Official Court Transcriber

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Number 109, Morpheus.
2	Counselor?
3	MR. CARUSO: I would like to reserve three
4	minutes, Your Honor?
5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Three minutes, yeah.
6	MR. CARUSO: Of my twelve, yes.
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Go ahead.
8	MR. CARUSO: May it please the court,
9	Kenneth Caruso for the appellant, UBS Real Estate
10	Securities.
11	The contract in this case does not say that
12	Morpheus will have a success fee on a sale by the
13	owner. It follows that UBS RE, retained its right to
14	sell its own property without liability, for a
15	success fee, as long as UBS did not use a competing
16	broker.
17	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: That
18	JUDGE GRAFFEO: Is there any language in
19	the contract that supports that?
20	MR. CARUSO: The language in the contract -
21	
22	JUDGE GRAFFEO: In the agreement, is there
23	
24	MR. CARUSO: Yes.
25	JUDGE GRAFFEO: somewhere that it

1	specifically indicates that they could sell it
2	without having to pay the fee?
3	MR. CARUSO: Well, what it says here is,
4	"Morpheus shall have the exclusive right to solicit"
5	
6	JUDGE GRAFFEO: What what what
7	are you what page of the appendix
8	MR. CARUSO: A-60.
9	JUDGE GRAFFEO: are you reading from?
10	MR. CARUSO: A-60.
11	JUDGE GRAFFEO: 60?
12	MR. CARUSO: A-60. The at the bottom
13	of that page, left-hand side of the of the
14	book. "Morpheus" or MCA is what it called it
15	in the contract "MCA shall have the exclusive
16	right to solicit counterparties for any potential
17	transaction involving the student loan assets."
18	Under the case law, that is insufficient to
19	give Morpheus what is called an exclusive right to
20	sell on
21	JUDGE READ: As opposed to an exclusive
22	agency, that's
23	MR. CARUSO: As exactly. As
24	JUDGE READ: Why is that insufficient?
25	MR. CARUSO: It's insufficient, because the

case law requires that the exclusive right to sell be 1 2 conveyed in clear and unambiguous language. To - - -3 JUDGE GRAFFEO: So it had to say, what? 4 MR. CARUSO: It had to say things like 5 this: commission is due, even on sale by owner; commission is due no matter who makes the sale; or in 6 7 some other Appellate Division cases, where the 8 contract says, the owner must refer all inquiries to 9 the broker. 10 JUDGE PIGOTT: You're at a 3211. 11 MR. CARUSO: I'm sorry, Your Honor? 12 JUDGE PIGOTT: You're at a 3211 stage, 13 right? MR. CARUSO: 14 Indeed. 15 JUDGE PIGOTT: And your opponent in their -- - in their affidavit said that you're making fact-16 17 based arguments that are incomplete and self-serving. 18 MR. CARUSO: But we're not. 19 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, in your affidavit, you 2.0 say, "I have reviewed the relevant dec" - - -21 "documents; my review shows in summary," and then you summarize them. But the documents aren't there. 22 23 MR. CARUSO: Well, the documents were 2.4 submitted. We - - - we summarized them because they 25 were voluminous.

1	JUDGE PIGOTT: But they're not they
2	weren't in the record.
3	MR. CARUSO: They are part of the record.
4	We they were they were produced in
5	discovery. They were part of the record. They're
6	not part
7	JUDGE PIGOTT: Are they in our record?
8	MR. CARUSO: They're not part of the
9	appendix, but they're part of the record.
10	JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, I how are we
11	supposed to decide
12	MR. CARUSO: Well, because those documents
13	
14	JUDGE PIGOTT: Because I looked at I
15	looked at what you said, and I said, my God, we got -
16	we got press releases, which are of no value.
17	We've got we've got you saying you've reviewed
18	documents and I'm going to summarize them for you, so
19	you can make a determination, and I the first
20	thing that popped in my mind is, well, shouldn't we
21	be reading these things and deciding that this is
22	what they say?
23	And that kind of gave credence to what your
24	opponent was saying, is that it's incomplete
25	MR. CARUSO: If, Your Honor, please?

JUDGE PIGOTT: Yes.

MR. CARUSO: Those documents were relevant only to the claim about a post-determination transaction, which was at issue in the lower courts, and is not relevant here. I think the only facts you need to decide the appeal here, the way the Appellate Division framed it and sustained the complaint, are these and these alone: the contract does not give Morpheus a - - in clear and unambiguous language, the right to a success fee, even on a sale by the owner. The owner, therefore, had the right to sell its property without liability - - -

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What was their relation - - - what's - - - what's their role, if you had to sum up what - - - what their role was?

MR. CARUSO: The role was, in large part, to find a buyer to put together the financial analysis - - -

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But they didn't have the exclusive right to sell?

MR. CARUSO: They did not have an exclusive right to sell. They had only what the case law calls an exclusive agency. I think it's important to rec -

JUDGE GRAFFEO: What does - - - what does

1	exclusive agency allow them to do that an exclusive
2	right to sell that's less than an exclusive
3	right to sell?
4	MR. CARUSO: It's a question of what the
5	exclusive agency allows my client to do, the owner.
6	Under an exclusive right to sell, the broker, here
7	Morpheus, would have a commission, even if a sale was
8	made by the owner, without using a competing broker.
9	But if there's an exclusive right to sell, then the
10	owner retains its inherent right to sell its own
11	property without liability for a commission, as long
12	as it doesn't use another broker. And here, as the
13	Appellate Division
14	JUDGE GRAFFEO: So their responsibility is
15	the same
16	MR. CARUSO: Their duties are the same.
17	JUDGE GRAFFEO: regardless they
18	MR. CARUSO: Their duties are the same,
19	that's right.
20	JUDGE GRAFFEO: Their duty is the same.
21	MR. CARUSO: That's right.
22	JUDGE GRAFFEO: The difference is whether
23	you owe the fee or not
24	MR. CARUSO: Correct.
25	JUDGE GRAFFEO: depending on who

1	finds this the purchaser?
2	MR. CARUSO: That's right, precisely. The
3	the broker has the same duties to go out and
4	find a buyer, pull pull together the financial
5	analyses, et cetera. But with respect to an
6	exclusive agency, the owner retains its inherent
7	right to sell without liability for a commission, as
8	long as there's no competing broker used.
9	And here, according to the Appellate
10	Division majority, there was no competing broker
11	used. This was the
12	JUDGE GRAFFEO: And do we have any
13	precedent that establishes this distinction
14	MR. CARUSO: Ah.
15	JUDGE GRAFFEO: between these two
16	types of agency?
17	MR. CARUSO: You have eighty years of
18	Appellate Division case law, that clearly establishes
19	this choice this issue.
20	JUDGE READ: But none of but nothing
21	that we've ever decided?
22	MR. CARUSO: No. This court has never
23	decided that, and I think that's because the
24	Appellate Division case law is so very clear, and so
25	and so uncontradicted. It's also the law in

1 just about every state that I'm familiar with. 2 cited fourteen other states in our briefs. 3 could've cited more. This is what Williston says the law is. 4 5 JUDGE GRAFFEO: Is there any particular 6 decision you're - - - you would direct to - - -7 MR. CARUSO: I - - -8 JUDGE GRAFFEO: - - - which you would say 9 that's the best articulation of the rule you're 10 looking for us - - -11 MR. CARUSO: The best articulation is - - -12 JUDGE GRAFFEO: - - - to adopt? 13 MR. CARUSO: Yes. The best articulation is 14 the Hammond Kennedy case, First Department, 1975, 15 written by Judge Stevens then, formerly of this 16 court. And that lays out - - - that lays out the - -17 - the test, this dichotomy, between an exclusive 18 right to sell, and what that gives the broker, and 19 what that - - - and an exclusive agency, and what 2.0 that leaves in the hands of the - - - of the owner. 21 JUDGE RIVERA: Well, regardless of the 22 terminology, the point is, what - - - what are the 23 duties and obligations, and as you say, what - - - in 2.4 many ways, what rights your client retains?

MR. CARUSO: Yes. Exactly, and - - -

JUDGE RIVERA: Okay. So then if I can ask 1 2 along those lines, what is the point of the 3 references to Morgan Stanley? MR. CARUSO: Right, those - - - those 4 5 references show exactly why this is an exclusive The sen - - - there are two sentences about 6 agency. 7 Morgan Stanley. The second sentence says that Morpheus shall have a success fee for a transaction 8 9 to sell to Morgan Stanley. 10 JUDGE RIVERA: Um-hum. 11 MR. CARUSO: Now, that language would have 12 been unnecessary if Morpheus already had an exclusive 13 right to sell. If Morpheus had an exclusive right to 14 sell, it would not have been necessary to say, oh, 15 but you'll still get a fee on a sale by the owner to 16 Morgan Stanley. What's that about? 17 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, how are we supposed to 18 figure that out? 19 MR. CARUSO: I'm sorry? 20 JUDGE PIGOTT: How are we supposed to 21 figure that out? You say that. But, I mean, they 22 say exactly the opposite. 23 MR. CARUSO: They don't say the opposite of 2.4 that, Your Honor, because they - - - the - - - I 25 think you figure it out from the language of the

1 contract. It's also - - - our also - - -2 JUDGE PIGOTT: They say the "right to a 3 success fee is not dependent on the plaintiff 4 producing a ready, willing and able buyer. Rather, 5 the agreement provides that the plaintiff shall be 6 paid a success fee at the closing, whenever it 7 occurred, and defendant completed a transaction 8 involving the student loan assets, during a period in 9 which the plaintiff had the exclusive right to 10 solicit counterparties regardless of who brought the 11 counterparty to the table." MR. CARUSO: Right, but - - - but that - -12 13 - that right cannot be - - - cannot be based on this 14 language. It's insufficient. 15 JUDGE PIGOTT: You say. 16 MR. CARUSO: Sorry? 17 JUDGE PIGOTT: You say that. 18 MR. CARUSO: Well, the case law says that. 19 JUDGE PIGOTT: They say the opposite. 20 MR. CARUSO: But I - - - Your Honor, I'm 21 relying on the case law which says the general rule 22 is exclusive agency. The owner doesn't give up his 23 or her right to sell his own property - - -JUDGE RIVERA: Could - - -2.4 25 MR. CARUSO: - - - lightly.

1	JUDGE RIVERA: Couldn't not the language -
2	
3	MR. CARUSO: It has to be clear and
4	unambiguous.
5	JUDGE PIGOTT: I see.
6	JUDGE RIVERA: could not these
7	MR. CARUSO: Clear and ambiguous language
8	given.
9	JUDGE RIVERA: could not these two
10	sentences be interpreted to mean that the first
11	sentence refers specifically to credit swaps
12	credits defaults, excuse me.
13	MR. CARUSO: Right.
14	JUDGE RIVERA: And then the second sentence
15	is simply to clarify that indeed, nevertheless, they
16	retain their right to have to to get the
17	commission fee. That the first sentence referring to
18	the swaps, doesn't otherwise impinge or otherwise
19	make them unable to get their fee?
20	MR. CARUSO: I think you have to look at
21	both sentences. The first sentence says, no fee for
22	a credit default swap. Fine. This was a transaction
23	to sell. We retained them to sell.
24	JUDGE RIVERA: Well, only when those

only when it's JPMorgan, and it's not all the time,

1	right?
2	MR. CARUSO: Right. The second sentence
3	says, but if there's a sale, a transaction to sell to
4	Morgan Stanley, then they will get a success fee.
5	And I repeat
6	JUDGE RIVERA: Well, actually not, right?
7	MR. CARUSO: No, it says
8	JUDGE RIVERA: They will if they have
9	performed substantially all the services.
10	MR. CARUSO: Correct. Right.
11	JUDGE RIVERA: So they'd still have to have
12	done something.
13	MR. CARUSO: They'd still have to do
14	JUDGE RIVERA: What's the something they
15	had to have done?
16	MR. CARUSO: Well, substantial performance,
17	I think, would be depend on the facts of the
18	case, but
19	JUDGE RIVERA: Well, it says in Section 1.
20	MR. CARUSO: Section 1 lays out the
21	lays out the duties and the obligations to find a
22	buyer, to as "identify and introduce
23	buyers, conduct analysis of appropriate evaluation" -
24	
25	JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, Mr. Gordon Mr.

Gordon in his - - - in his affidavit - - - I forget 1 when this is - - - said that you - - - that you, "the 2 3 defendant, proposed adding terms to the draft that 4 would permit it to dispose directly of the student 5 loan assets itself in transactions with twenty companies and individuals without compensating 6 7 Morpheus. And of course, such a change would be 8 unnecessary if the contract already afforded the 9 defendant the right to sell the student loan assets 10 directly without obligation to Morpheus." MR. CARUSO: Yup. 11 12 JUDGE PIGOTT: "I objected to this change 13 in an e-mail, dated September 2nd, 2008, and they 14 agreed to a very narrow carve-out, which would not be 15 paid if the defendant consummated credit default 16 swaps or any financing derivative." How are we 17 supposed to decide that? 18 MR. CARUSO: Because it's not a carve-out; 19 it's a carve-in. 20 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, you say. 21 MR. CARUSO: But - - - but it's the plain 22 language of the agreement. There - - -23 JUDGE READ: Well, that's the parol 2.4 evidence, right, that you - - -

MR. CARUSO: Right. And first of all, the

1 parol evidence should not come in just because Your Honors first have to look at the four corners of the 2 3 document. CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: And if - - -4 5 JUDGE READ: Well, I guess your argument is - - - is that - - - is that if - - - that they have 6 7 to say something - - - they have to take an exclusive 8 right to sell. That has to be clear and unambiguous 9 on the face of it. 10 MR. CARUSO: On the face of the contract, 11 right. JUDGE READ: And if it's not, you win. 12 13 MR. CARUSO: Correct. 14 JUDGE READ: We don't say it's ambiguous and therefore we look at the parol evidence. 15 16 MR. CARUSO: Correct. If there's ambiguity 17 here, it's construed against the broker. The case law is ample for that point. The case law says that 18 19 the broker can get an exclusive right to sell only if 20 the contract gives that right in clear and 21 unambiguous language. If there's ambiguity, then the contract is 22 23 an exclusive agency, and the owner retains its right 2.4 to sell the policy. The reason is very clear, 25 because the law - - - the owner has an inherent right

1	to sell, and the law says, we're not going to say
2	that the owner gave up that right
3	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay.
4	MR. CARUSO: except very clearly
5	_
6	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel. Let's
7	let's hear from your adversary, and then you'll
8	have your rebuttal.
9	MR. CARUSO: Yes yes, Your Honor.
10	Thank you.
11	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counselor?
12	MR. POLLARD: Good afternoon.
13	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Is the language here
14	ambiguous?
15	MR. POLLARD: No, the language is not
16	ambiguous, because if you construct the contract,
17	which is a requirement construct the contract,
18	the language of the contract clearly establishes that
19	this was an exclusive right to sell.
20	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Where where
21	does it say that?
22	MR. POLLARD: It says that, Judge, in
23	looking at the provisions of the contract. We start
24	with the language that says that Morpheus is entitled
25	to a success fee upon closing the transaction. And

1 then you go to these sentences 1 and sentences 2. 2 And those sentences would not be necessary if it was 3 an exclusive agency, because one sentence says that 4 if we do one type of transaction, we owe you nothing, 5 but if we do another type of transaction, you earn 6 your fee. 7 If they have the right to go out and sell 8 these assets with no liability whatsoever, that 9 provision is not necessary. 10 JUDGE RIVERA: Actually, again, the sec - -11 - but the second sentence says you have to 12 substantially comply with one. 13 MR. POLLARD: Yes, and that's fact issue -14 15 JUDGE RIVERA: So - - - so it doesn't look to me that it's automatic. It looks like you had to 16 17 have to do something. MR. POLLARD: But that - - - but if we 18 19 performed, we were entitled to the fee. That's a 2.0 fact issue, and this comes - - - this case comes to 21 you on a motion to dismiss. There's been no fact 22 finding, none whatsoever. 23 JUDGE RIVERA: But doesn't that show that 2.4 the - - that the intent is not for you to have the 25

commission automatically? I - - -

MR. POLLARD: No, but if we substantially

performed, we'd get the fee. If they do a

transaction without us, we get the fee. That's a

fact question that has to be resolved on remand. But

this - - -

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JUDGE GRAFFEO: It is pretty clear that the Appellate Divisions have made a distinction between exclusive agencies and exclusive right to sell, and they've been doing it for quite a few decades. What do - - what do we do with that? Do we just ignore that distinction?

MR. POLLARD: No, you don't ignore the distinction. The question is what is this contract? There are two different concepts. No doubt about that. But what is this contract? And our position is that if you construct it - - you know, you don't have to look for magic language, as we say in our brief.

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but you agree it's got to be clearly laid out, this exclusive right to sell.

MR. POLLARD: If it is - - - if you can discern the intent from the language, it doesn't matter what words are used. And I want to say one more word about this - - -

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, yeah, but I 2 asked you a different question. Does it have to be 3 clearly laid out or just you discern it from all of 4 the language - - -5 MR. POLLARD: The last - - -CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - in contact - -6 7 - in the prior Appellate Division cases, aren't they 8 saying it has to be clear that you have the right - -9 - exclusive right to sell? Not just that you look at 10 it all and figure it out? 11 MR. POLLARD: I disagree. I think you look 12 at - - - I think the prior Appellate Division cases 13 say - - -14 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Just mean that from 15 the language - - -16 MR. POLLARD: From the language. 17 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - you got to be 18 able to figure it out. 19 MR. POLLARD: Yes, that's - - - there does 20 not have to be any magic language. But I want to 21 come back to as you construct that language, there's 22 one provision in there, that in preparing for 23 argument, we looked at - - - I looked at - - - and 2.4 thought about a little bit deeper, which I think is

important. I wish I'd put it in my brief.

The UBS RE had the unfettered right to 1 2 terminate the contract any time. To do what it 3 wants. Unfettered right. It's in the record. It's A-62. But if they didn't terminate the contract, 4 5 they had to live under its terms. That solves their problem about their being able to control their own 6 Terminate the contract. Say, letter - - -7 assets. 8 we're done; contract's over. They didn't do that. 9 They didn't do that at all. 10 But I also want to talk about the

But I also want to talk about the unambiguous language as well.

JUDGE READ: Well, I - - - I guess I'm - - I'm hung up on this point that you're asking us to
look at parol evidence, right? And you're asking us
to look at parol evidence to say something is - - is not - - is unambiguous. But the only reason we
would look at parol evidence is if it's ambiguous.

MR. POLLARD: Yeah.

JUDGE READ: I mean, how do those - - - how does the - - - how does the parol evidence in our jurisprudence and parol evidence fit in with the Appellate Division case law here, that says it's got to - - it has to be clear on its face, or you just lose?

MR. POLLARD: What we're saying - - - we're

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not saying look at parol evidence without the qual -1 2 - - the proper qualification. We're saying that it 3 is an unambiguous in our favor. But if it is - - if the contract can be looked at as being ambiguous, 4 5 then you go to parol evidence. And the case law on that issue is a blank slate for this court. 6 7 JUDGE READ: Are you making an alternative 8 argument? 9 MR. POLLARD: I make the alternative 10 argument and that's what's laid out in our brief. 11 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You're saying it's a blank - - - it's a blank slate in this court. You're 12 13 not saying it's a blank slate in the Appellate Division, right? 14 15 MR. POLLARD: No, I'm not saying - - -16 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: The Appellate 17 Division's - - -MR. POLLARD: - - - it's a blank slate in 18 19 the Appellate Division. But the Appellate Division 20 has never really clearly articulated that you cannot 21 use parol evidence. If you go and you look at Solid 22 Waste - - - they're a big case - - - the Appellate 23 Division criticized the plaintiff for not putting in 2.4 parol evidence on his motion for summary judgment.

JUDGE PIGOTT: That was summary judgment,

1 though. This is 3211. 2 MR. POLLARD: It doesn't - - - well, but 3 the point is - - -4 JUDGE PIGOTT: It helps you. 5 MR. POLLARD: The point is parol evidence 6 could be used - - -7 JUDGE PIGOTT: Um-hum. MR. POLLARD: - - - to discern the intent 8 9 if there was ambiguity. CV Holding does the same 10 thing. JUDGE READ: But when did we ever - - -11 12 MR. POLLARD: Mercer does the same thing. 13 JUDGE READ: When have we ever said that? 14 When have we ever said you can use parol evidence to 15 discern intent? 16 MR. POLLARD: If there's ambiguity. 17 JUDGE READ: If there - - - when - - -18 where - - - where have we ever said that? I thought 19 our case law was almost diametrically opposed to 20 that. 21 MR. POLLARD: No, if - - - if the contract 22 is ambiguous, if you make a determination the 23 contract is ambiguous, then you can look at the parol 2.4 evidence to figure out what was the intent of the 25 parties.

1 JUDGE READ: But you can't use it to determine whether or not the contract's ambiguous to 2 3 begin with. 4 MR. POLLARD: Agreed. 5 JUDGE READ: Okay. 6 MR. POLLARD: I'm not - - - I'm not making 7 that argument. 8 JUDGE READ: You're not making that 9 argument. 10 MR. POLLARD: I'm not making that argument, 11 What I am saying is, that you can - - - if - - -12 if you were to read the contract differently from 13 what we read it, we say then there has to be 14 ambiguity, and then you go to parol evidence. And 15 the parol evidence, with a moral certainty, demonstrates that this was - - - the intent of the 16 17 parties was to have exclusive right to sell. If you 18 look at the drafts that are in the record, I believe 19 it's A-22 and 21 - - -20 JUDGE GRAFFEO: Who - - - who wrote - - -21 who wrote this final contract? 22 MR. POLLARD: Well, the language at issue 23 was written primarily by UBS RE. If you look at the 2.4 draft, they have a carve-out - - - he says it's a

carve-in - - - they have a carve-out for twenty

people, and UBS says you get no fee if we do a direct deal. If this was an exclusive right to sell intent, you don't need that. You look at that - - at the draft, what they put in. You don't need that if it's an exclusive right to sell.

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That is why we say that - - -

JUDGE RIVERA: Wait, wait. I'm sorry - - - are we talking about the same sentence regarding

Morgan Stanley?

MR. POLLARD: No, we're talking about the predecessor. The Norman - - - the Morgan Stanley sentence was the final negotiated version of that.

UBS RE wanted to take out twenty parties and say you don't get a fee, Morpheus, if we do a direct deal with them.

JUDGE RIVERA: With them.

MR. POLLARD: Morpheus objected and Judge Pigott read from Mr. Gordon's affidavit about that. The final negotiated language which UBS RE is primarily responsible for limited the carve-out to two people, to two companies, and specific types of transactions. Now, so, what we're saying is that if you look at all of the things that are in the contract, the intent is clear. It's an exclusive right to sell - - -

2 MR. POLLARD: -- and we get a fee. 3 JUDGE GRAFFEO: - - - most real estate 4 contracts involving the sale of real property would 5 indicate that regardless of which party sells the 6 property, the broker's entitled to the fee. Why - -7 - I mean, it would have been pretty simple to say in 8 here, regardless of what party sells these student 9 loan notes - - -10 MR. POLLARD: Correct. JUDGE GRAFFEO: - - - if the com - - - the 11 12 settlement fee or what, success fee would be paid. 13 MR. POLLARD: I - - - I think - - - I think 14 my friend Mr. Caruso would agree, that this contract 15 could have been drafted better. I believe it could 16 have been drafted better. But it does say what we 17 say it says. And that's the important thing here. Also, I want to make the point - - - what 18 19 else the Appellate Division did. The Appellate 20 Division said - - - it's - - - incorrectly, in our 21 view, said - - - this is an exclusive agency, but 22 there are terms in here that were breached. UBS RE 23 only challenges one part of that holding. UBS RE 2.4 says the exclusivity period in which we had the right

to go out and solicit, it claims is subsumed in the

JUDGE GRAFFEO: You know, most real - - -

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1	exclusive right to sell. It doesn't challenge the
2	Appellate Division's find holding that under
3	the plain language of the agreement, Morpheus gets a
4	fee.
5	JUDGE RIVERA: Can I
6	MR. POLLARD: It doesn't challenge that at
7	all.
8	JUDGE RIVERA: Can I just let me just
9	clarify how you see this contract would work. So
10	they they they enter this arrangement
11	with you, and then they come back and they say, hey,
12	Switzerland is going to bail us out. And you
13	Switzerland is going to bail us out. And then you
14	say, great, I have now an opportunity to go find
15	someone else who will pay you even more than
16	Switzerland.
17	Is that what you're saying this contract
18	means?
19	MR. POLLARD: No. The the fact that
20	they could have
21	JUDGE RIVERA: What does it mean? What
22	does it mean "the opportunity"?
23	MR. POLLARD: Well, the opportunity
24	JUDGE RIVERA: Yeah.
25	MR. POLLARD: is exactly that.

1 JUDGE RIVERA: Yeah. 2 MR. POLLARD: A lot of time, effort and 3 money is put in by investment bankers in trying to do deals like this. This is not selling a house. This 4 5 is not selling petroleum. This is not selling a commodity or a simple standalone business, which is 6 7 what most of the cases that are cited in the UBS brief - - -8 9 JUDGE RIVERA: No, no, but I'm just 10 trying to understand how you view the agreement works. Are you saying that they should not have 11 taken the offer for the bailout? 12 13 MR. POLLARD: Well, they - - - they could do whatever they - - -14 15 JUDGE RIVERA: Because you're still 16 looking? 17 MR. POLLARD: They can do whatever they 18 want - - -19 JUDGE READ: They just owe you the fee. 20 MR. POLLARD: - - - they owe us the fee. 21 Or - - or they come and they say, we cancel the 22 contract. 23 JUDGE RIVERA: No, no, no. But they - - -2.4 they don't - - - but your argument is not they don't

- - - that they owe you the fee because a buyer has

1 been found. I thought your argument was they owe you 2 the fee, because you didn't have a chance to go out 3 and find someone else. 4 MR. POLLARD: That's our second argument. 5 The first argument is - - - is a buyer - - - that they - - - that they breached the exclusive right to 6 7 sell. JUDGE RIVERA: Okay, so if we don't agree 8 9 with you on that, are you still falling back on the 10 second argument - - -11 MR. POLLARD: Then we go to the second 12 argument. 13 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - or is that lost too? 14 MR. POLLARD: Then we go to the second 15 argument, where - - -JUDGE RIVERA: But that's the one I'm 16 17 saying I - - - is nonsensical to me. How can - - -18 how can it be that you're - - - that you're saying 19 that they have to either come to you and say, see if 20 you can find a better buyer than the entire country 21 of Switzerland, or they have to reject the bailout, 22 because they don't want to pay your fee. 23 MR. POLLARD: They don't have - - - they 2.4 don't have to reject the bailout. They could do - -25 - they could do one of two things. They could accept

the bailout, breach the contract, pay us the fee, or 1 2 they could say - - -3 JUDGE RIVERA: That's your first argument. 4 MR. POLLARD: - - - or they could say, we 5 terminate the contract. What they cannot do - - -6 JUDGE RIVERA: I want to go back to that 7 question of the termination, because I take the 8 termination provision to mean that - - - sure, they 9 could terminate, but if you've complied with your 10 duties and obligations and provided the services, 11 which under your argument is, as long as they find a 12 buyer, they're stuck - - - they've got to pay you the 13 fee, what's the point of the termination? It still 14 doesn't absolve them of what you're saying is their 15 duty and obligation under this agreement to pay you. 16 MR. POLLARD: It depends. It depends on 17 where they are. If they had - - - if we had produced 18 a buyer that they had agreed to - - -19 JUDGE RIVERA: Yes. 20 MR. POLLARD: - - - they then - - - they 21 then cannot terminate the contract - - -JUDGE RIVERA: Well - - - or is it that you 22 23 have to actually have a transaction - - -2.4 MR. POLLARD: But if - - - if they - - -25 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - to sell? Just because

1	you show up with someone doesn't mean anything,
2	right?
3	MR. POLLARD: If they had if they had
4	agreed to the deal that we had brought to them
5	JUDGE RIVERA: Yes, yes.
6	MR. POLLARD: they cannot get out
7	from under paying the fee
8	JUDGE RIVERA: Yes.
9	MR. POLLARD: by terminating.
10	JUDGE RIVERA: Okay.
11	MR. POLLARD: But that was not the case.
12	JUDGE RIVERA: Okay.
13	MR. POLLARD: When the Swiss bailout came
14	along
15	JUDGE RIVERA: Yes.
16	MR. POLLARD: we had not yet produced
17	a a
18	JUDGE RIVERA: Right.
19	MR. POLLARD: ready, willing and able
20	buyer.
21	JUDGE RIVERA: Yes.
22	MR. POLLARD: So they could have said to
23	us, we terminate the contract, and go on off and do
24	whatever they want to do. What they cannot do
25	JUDGE RIVERA: But that doesn't address

1 your second claim, right? 2 MR. POLLARD: No, that does address my 3 second - - - what they cannot do is that when the 4 Swiss came along and said, we want to, you know, 5 arrange this bailout, you know, they cannot then 6 breach the contract, deny us our exclusivity to go 7 out and solicit and to find a buyer, without liability. 8 9 JUDGE RIVERA: A competitor to Switzerland. 10 MR. POLLARD: To compete with Switzerland 11 or whatever. They cannot do that. They - - - so 12 long as the contract is extant. That's what they 13 can't do, and that's what the Appellate Division found that they breached. 14 15 JUDGE RIVERA: That - - - it'll be my last 16 question on this. How - - - how long do they have to 17 wait for you to find a competitor to the - - -18 MR. POLLARD: The contract ran - - -JUDGE RIVERA: - - - to Switzerland? 19 20 MR. POLLARD: The contract ran from 21 September 19th to December 31. 22 JUDGE RIVERA: So this - - - this - - - I 23 guess, I'm not telling the truth, it wasn't my last 2.4 question. So despite the global emergency, they've

got - - - everybody's got to wait.

MR. POLLARD: Well, first of all, the 1 2 global emergency was self-created. You know, that's 3 - - - that's clearly in the record. But the second 4 point is, you know, they never transferred out the 5 sixty billion dollars that they originally were going to do with the Swiss. There was no reason 6 whatsoever for them to have to - - - to take this 7 half a billion dollars off of their books. 8 9 But again, UBS RE could have done the deal 10 without liability, if they had simply terminated the 11 contract, but they can't have it both ways. 12 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counselor. 13 Thanks. 14 MR. POLLARD: Thank you. 15 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counselor, rebuttal. 16 MR. CARUSO: Yes. I will rebut by 17 answering questions posed by the court. Your Honors 18 19 JUDGE PIGOTT: All right, one of the other 20 things you said that you also agreed to "a change 21 permitting the defendant", you, "to jointly market 22 student loan assets with the plaintiff taking the 23 lead". 2.4 MR. CARUSO: The joint marketing was not

mandatory, nor was the marketing limited to joint

marketing.

2.4

JUDGE PIGOTT: I hate to sound like a - - - a pedantic, but that's why this 3211 seems very difficult to get over, because you're right. It's hard - - it's hard to figure out, absent an answer from you, and then perhaps some discovery to find - - to tee this up, and find out exactly, you know, who owed what duty to whom.

MR. CARUSO: I do not think that's necessary in light of the language of the contract.

And that joint marketing provision, particularly it doesn't help them, because it doesn't say "only". It doesn't say UBS can engage only in joint marketing.

It preserves the UBS right to sell.

JUDGE PIGOTT: That's what I mean.

MR. CARUSO: May I - - - I'm sorry.

JUDGE GRAFFEO: Could you have terminated the contract, or you think that also would have led to a claim that you still owed the fee.

MR. CARUSO: I - - - yes. I don't think that would have changed anything, and nor does it change the analysis from my point of view, whether the contract was terminated or - - in October, or could have been, or whether it ran to its full term, UBS RE still had the right under an exclusive agency

to sell the property without liability as long as it didn't use another broker.

2.4

Chief Judge Lippman asked a question. Mr. Pollard said this gives us an exclusive right to sell. Your Honor said where does it say that? The answer is nowhere. It just doesn't say that. And the case law is clear that it has to give them - - - if they want that right it has to be given clearly and not - - -

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: The Appellate Division cases, yeah.

MR. CARUSO: The Appellate Division case law. Judge Graffeo then said, well, it would have been pretty simple to insert that language. Of course, that's exactly right. It would have been a perfectly simple matter for them to say a commission is due, even on sale by owner. They didn't say that. The contract doesn't say that. So I think that that pretty much is fatal to the exclusive right to sell.

Judge Read put your finger on the parol evidence point. Ambiguity here is fatal to the claim for an exclusive right to sell. If the contract does not - - unambiguously give that right, then by default, so to speak, it's an exclusive agency and the owner can sell.

1 Now, I think, Judge Rivera, you also made a 2 good point. How long must the defend - - - the sell 3 - - - the owner wait in these circumstances? 4 interjects huge uncertainties into commercial 5 transactions, and there is absolutely no support for 6 it. And this court's case in 1875, the Wylie case 7 made it very clear - - - it's still good law - - -8 made it very clear that the owner can sell to the 9 first buyer who comes along to offer the price, and 10 he has no further duty to wait. As the court put it, 11 the owner was under no obligation to wait any longer 12 to - - -13 JUDGE PIGOTT: What were they selling? 14 MR. CARUSO: I'm sorry?

JUDGE PIGOTT: What were they selling? Wylie?

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MR. CARUSO: That case was a sale of a building. But these - - - these case - - - these rules have been applied across the board. Contracts for investment banking services to contracts for the sale of a business; that's the Hammond Kennedy case I mentioned. And that is - - - that's because these rules flow from the law of agency, not the law of real property. They have to do with the question of whether the principal and the agent may compete with

1	each other, and therefore they are of general
2	application.
3	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel.
4	MR. CARUSO: Thank you, Your Honor.
5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thank you both,
6	appreciate it.
7	(Court is adjourned)
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CERTIFICATION

record of the proceedings.

I, Karen Schiffmiller, certify that the
foregoing transcript of proceedings in the Court of
Appeals of Morpheus Capital Advisors LLC v. UBS AG,
No. 109, was prepared using the required
transcription equipment and is a true and accurate

Hour Schffmille.

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