1	COURT OF APPEALS
2	STATE OF NEW YORK
3	
4	COLESON,
5	Appellant,
6	-against-
7	No. 191 CITY OF NEW YORK, Papers Sealed
8	Respondent.
9	
10	20 Eagle Street Albany, New York 12207
11	October 16, 2014
12	Before:
13	CHIEF JUDGE JONATHAN LIPPMAN ASSOCIATE JUDGE VICTORIA A. GRAFFEO
14	ASSOCIATE JUDGE SUSAN PHILLIPS READ ASSOCIATE JUDGE ROBERT S. SMITH
15	ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE F. PIGOTT, JR. ASSOCIATE JUDGE JENNY RIVERA
16	ASSOCIATE JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM
17	Appearances:
18	SANG J. SIM, ESQ. SIM & RECORD, LLP
19	Attorneys for Appellant 42-40 Bell Boulevard
20	Suite 602 Bayside, NY 11361
21	SUSAN PAULSON, ESQ.
22	THE CITY OF NEW YORK LAW DEPARTMENT Attorneys for Respondent
23	100 Church Street New York, NY 10007
24	
25	Sara Winkeljohn Official Court Transcriber

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: 191, Coleson v. The City of New York. 2 3 Counselor, you want any rebuttal time? MR. SIM: I'd like two minutes, Your Honor. 4 5 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Two minutes, sure, go 6 ahead. 7 MR. SIM: May it please the court, my 8 name's Sang Sim, and I represent the appellant, Jandy 9 Coleson and Rolfy Soto in this case. I think - - - I 10 think one of the central issues in this case is 11 whether there was a special duty that was owed - - -12 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Talk about Valdez, 13 counsel. 14 MR. SIM: Valdez, basically a case in which 15 the victim was told by a police officer that they're 16 going to arrest the boyfriend that made threats 17 against her. And the - - - this court basically said that other - - - there were no other factors other 18 19 than the simple words that we're going to go arrest 20 him. 21 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So what's the difference between this case and Valdez? 22 MR. SIM: I - - - I think one of the 23 central issues in this case is that the - - - the man 2.4 25 was in custody. In Valdez the - - - the - - - the

2 arrest him was not enough to create justifiable 3 reliance. 4 JUDGE GRAFFEO: So what - - - what are the 5 specific statements by the police here that you're 6 hinging the special duty on? 7 MR. SIM: Specific - - - I mean, I - - - I 8 think we have to look at the cumulative, right. They 9 arrest - - - they arrest the husband, Mr. Coleson. 10 He's in custody. They bring her to the police 11 station. There, the police officer tells her don't 12 worry. We're going to give you protection. He's 13 going to be away for a very long time. They take her 14 to Safe Horizon where they tell - - - tell her, don't 15 worry, by the time he gets out we're going to place 16 you in a different apartment under Section 8. We're 17 going to give you that support so you don't have to 18 continue to be - - -19 JUDGE GRAFFEO: The - - - the police told 20 her that or the - - -21 MR. SIM: - - - under financial dependence. 22 JUDGE GRAFFEO: - - - or the Safe Horizon -23 2.4 MR. SIM: This is - - -25 JUDGE GRAFFEO: - - - people?

mere - - - mere statement that we're going to go

1	MR. SIM: This is all cumulative of her
2	experience with the City of New York. Safe Horizon
3	told her that this was an apartment they're going to
4	furnish. That by the time they get she
5	he gets out, she's going to be in another apartment.
6	JUDGE SMITH: Is it is it your
7	position that if the police tell a victim don't
8	worry, the guy's going to be away for a long time and
9	that doesn't happen the the victim can sue the
10	police?
11	MR. SIM: Well, the question the
12	question becomes just the mere words alone is not
13	enough
14	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Your position is that
15	if he's in custody and they say that then it has
16	_
17	MR. SIM: Well, now now
18	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: greater
19	meaning?
20	MR. SIM: he's in custody. There's a
21	certainty. There's a reasonable
22	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: I know. But that
23	- but that's the main distinction
24	MR. SIM: Yes.
25	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: in in

1	- your argument that he's in custody and they give
2	her the assurance. If he wasn't in custody and they
3	gave her the assurance, different, right?
4	MR. SIM: Yes, and let let's keep in
5	mind that, you know, after she gets back from the
6	police station, this police officer calls her 11 p.m.
7	and doesn't does not get off the phone until 1
8	a.m. Now keep in mind, what's the purpose of keeping
9	her on the phone for two hours? This wasn't a simple
10	phone call that lasted two minutes.
11	JUDGE SMITH: Well well, I mean, year
12	I mean there there's no doubt that the
13	police were trying to reassure her and calm her down.
14	That's part of their job, isn't it
15	MR. SIM: But
16	JUDGE SMITH: to try and make her
17	feel comfortable?
18	MR. SIM: Is it?
19	JUDGE SMITH: But
20	MR. SIM: And if if they do, doesn't
21	that create a justifiable reliance?
22	JUDGE SMITH: But well, are you are
23	you really saying that every time the police do their
24	best to make a vic victim to feel comfortable
25	and then something horrible happens, the victim can

1 sue the police? MR. SIM: Well, I think - - - I think 2 3 there's a distinction to be made between making her feel comfortable versus making her feel safe. 4 5 JUDGE SMITH: Well, I - - - I mean I - - -I - - - I can see the - - - well, I'm not sure I see 6 7 that. I - - - I can see the point that there could 8 be very specific assurances that if they say don't 9 worry, I guarantee you we're going to give the DA all 10 the information and the DA will tell - - - so that 11 the DA can tell the judge, and then they fail to - -12 - fail to give me information, I can see that as a 13 sort of a specific promise someone could rely on. 14 But here, don't worry, he's going to be away for a 15 long time, calm down, we're going to protect you, is 16 that really - - - is that special enough to make a 17 special relationship is really what I'm saying? MR. SIM: I think - - - I think there were 18 19 other - - - other statements that he was in front of sentencing. And, you know, this being a summary 20 21 judgment, maybe there's an issue of credibility or -22 - - or - - -

JUDGE GRAFFEO: But how - - - how do - - - how do the police know what's going to happen in the judicial process?

23

24

1	MR. SIM: They didn't.
2	JUDGE GRAFFEO: So
3	MR. SIM: But they made the made the
4	promise.
5	JUDGE GRAFFEO: So my my next
6	question is because when we write these decisions in
7	this area, you know
8	MR. SIM: Yes.
9	JUDGE GRAFFEO: they're difficult
10	cases.
11	MR. SIM: Yes.
12	JUDGE GRAFFEO: Because they're
13	they're really very sympathetic fact patterns.
14	MR. SIM: Yes.
15	JUDGE GRAFFEO: What is it that the police
16	should say or shouldn't say to these victims who
17	they're trying to reassure?
18	MR. SIM: Well, I I think that it's -
19	it's important to say
20	JUDGE GRAFFEO: Should they not have these
21	conversations at at all?
22	MR. SIM: No, I think I think they
23	should have that conversation. If if they
24	- if they basically find a victim like Jandy Coleson
25	and tell her we're going to give you police

1	protection; we're going to protect you; he's going to
2	be away for a long time, somebody should have
3	followed up at the arraignment if he was released,
4	one telephone call. At that point in time she's no
5	longer lulled into a false sense of security.
6	JUDGE SMITH: But
7	JUDGE RIVERA: Had had she been
8	disappointed in the past?
9	MR. SIM: Yes, she has. Yes, she has.
10	JUDGE RIVERA: So so why should she,
11	this time around
12	MR. SIM: Well, this circumstance
13	JUDGE RIVERA: have greater faith?
14	MR. SIM: Well, this circumstance was a
15	little different, right.
16	JUDGE RIVERA: What what
17	MR. SIM: The the act of violence
18	increased. Prior to his arrest she had testified
19	that he started using drugs, right, running with drug
20	dealers. This time, you know what, the police found
21	him in front of the superintendent's office with
22	- with a screwdriver in his hand where the police
23	officer specifically testified he looks like he's
24	going to hurt someone.
25	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Well, is it how

1 dangerous he is or is it the assurances that they 2 give that really determine whether you can succeed? 3 That he's dangerous, in and of itself, you know, it is what it is. But if they lull her into a sense of 4 5 security and reliance, then it's different, right? MR. SIM: Yes, yes. I think it's 6 7 different. Then the - - -8 JUDGE PIGOTT: What would she have done, in 9 your view, differently had the police acted the way 10 you think they should have acted? 11 MR. SIM: Well, I mean, if the police - - -12 let's say, for instance, the moment he got - - - he 13 got released, they telephoned, you know what, he's 14 released. You're on your own. 15 JUDGE SMITH: But they never - - - they - -16 - did they - - - there's no testimony that they 17 promised - - - I think if they promised to do that I could see it'd be a different case. If they had 18 19 said, don't worry, we - - - the minute he gets out 20 we're going to be on the phone and tell you. There's 21 - - - there's no evidence of that, is there? 22 MR. SIM: Police Officer Reyes (ph.) ended 23 that conversation with saying I'll be in touch.

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Is your - - -

2.4

25

be in contact.

1	MR. SIM: Right.
2	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: your view is is
3	that it's the equivalent of what Judge Smith just
4	said?
5	MR. SIM: Yes, I think it is. I think
6	- I think there's a reasonable
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: That he's basically
8	saying
9	MR. SIM: inference.
10	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: when he's out,
11	you're going to know because you're safe once
12	while he's in?
13	MR. SIM: Yes, Your Honor. I think I
14	think it's saying that okay; I'm going to protect
15	you. I stay on the phone two hours with you, two
16	hours.
17	JUDGE GRAFFEO: So to so to go back
18	to my question, the police shouldn't make these kinds
19	of representations?
20	MR. SIM: With respect to we're going to
21	protect you?
22	JUDGE GRAFFEO: I mean this is a very
23	difficult area
24	MR. SIM: No, no, I understand that.
25	JUDGE GRAFFEO: domestic violence

1	prevention and
2	MR. SIM: I understand that.
3	JUDGE GRAFFEO: and and it's
4	horrible for the victims and it's not easy for the
5	police to try to because there's many of these
6	victims they have to convince
7	MR. SIM: Yes.
8	JUDGE GRAFFEO: to bring these
9	prosecutions. We know that, too. So I'm trying to
LO	figure out what do you think is appropriate for the
L1	police to say to these victims but what should they
L2	not say to them?
L3	MR. SIM: Well, I I think
L4	JUDGE GRAFFEO: Apparently they shouldn't
L5	tell them they're going to guarantee them a
L6	protection.
L7	MR. SIM: I I think I think
L8	_
L9	JUDGE GRAFFEO: Because they don't have
20	control over the judicial proceedings.
21	MR. SIM: Yes, that's right. But if
22	if you're going to tell them I'm going to give you
23	protection, right, they should follow through.
24	JUDGE SMITH: Isn't the
25	MR. SIM: They

JUDGE SMITH: Isn't the real failure in - -1 - the system failed here, it looks like. But wasn't 2 3 the real failure letting the guy go and it's - - isn't it clear that you can't sue for that. 4 5 matter how ill advised the judge was or how much the 6 DA may have failed to make the point, you can't sue 7 them for letting him go. Aren't you really trying to end run around that ruling here? 8 9 MR. SIM: No, no, I don't think - - - I 10 don't think it is, Your Honor. I mean you're - - -11 you're - - - you're correct. We can't sue - - - sue 12 the judge for releasing him. That's right. But 13 we're - - - we're talking about all the factors that 14 occurred prior to that release. 15 JUDGE PIGOTT: But the dilemma is this: if 16 - - - if the arresting officer's back on the road and 17 the - - - and the arraignment is at some different 18 time, place, and he doesn't have a clue, how do you -19 - - how are we supposed to handle that? 20 MR. SIM: They should have told somebody at 21 the station. 22 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, you see what you're 23 doing? 2.4 MR. SIM: Yes. 25 JUDGE PIGOTT: You're - - - you're

1	suggesting that that half a precinct get lined
2	up for this case so that so that your client is
3	properly protected. Maybe that's maybe that's
4	the way it ought to be, but it seems like we're
5	putting an awful burden on the police where they
6	would in in the alternative say, you know what,
7	we're not saying anything. We're just we're
8	just going to arrest him. If she's got a problem
9	we'll tell her to go talk to talk to her
10	relatives or something. And that's not what they
11	want to do. They want to try to be
12	MR. SIM: I mean certainly, certainly I car
13	understand that there's a balancing balancing
14	here between the resources that you're going to cause
15	a municipality or a city or police to use. But
16	but let's also keep in mind this is a particular case
17	regarding a domestic violence victim.
18	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Do you think there's
19	a higher standard for domestic violence?
20	MR. SIM: I'm not exactly sure.
21	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Or these kinds of
22	cases?
23	MR. SIM: I think I think
24	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Does it matter that
25	it's a domestic violence case?

1 MR. SIM: Well, if - - - if we keep in mind 2 that domestic violence victims, they're - - - they're 3 already - - - they're already at a disadvantage. 4 They're already at a disadvantage living with a - - -5 a - - - an abusive husband that - - - that - - - con 6 - - - consistently, over years, causes - - - causes 7 abuse, whether it's physical, whether it's emotional, 8 what have you, right. They're - - - they're - - -9 they're stuck there. They're victims. 10 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Particularly 11 vulnerable, is your argument? 12 MR. SIM: Yes, yes. 13 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, Counsel. 14 Let's - - - let's hear what your adversary - - - and 15 then you'll have rebuttal. 16 MS. PAULSON: Thank you, Your Honors. May 17 it please the court, Susan Paulson on behalf of the 18 city respondents. 19 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, what about 20 domestic violence victims? As your adversary says, 21 they are so vulnerable and - - - and when the 22 authorities, in this case the police, give them 23 assurances you're going to be safe and the person is 2.4 in the custody of the police, why isn't that

something that a domestic violence victim who - - -

1 who, you know, is so stressed in terms of being safe, 2 why isn't that something that they could rely on 3 above all else? 4 MS. PAULSON: Yes, Your Honor, I mean this 5 court considered a similar argument in McLean that there should be - - - a special duty rule should be 6 7 relaxed to accommodate infant plaintiffs, a 8 particularly vulnerable class. 9 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, yeah, but I'm asking you about a domestic violence case. 10 11 MS. PAULSON: Yes, Your Honor. And in domestic violence, I don't believe there's a special 12 13 duty - - -14 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Is it particularly 15 sensitive when the police, of all people, give a 16 domestic violence victim an assurance you're going to 17 be all right, we have him. However you translate 18 what he said, they're saying he's with us. He's not going anywhere. You're going to be all right. We'll 19 20 let you know if there's a problem. Why isn't enough 21 for a special duty? 22 MS. PAULSON: It's not enough here because 23 the statements certainly were not that strong. 2.4 police department takes domestic violence seriously.

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: I - - - I think it

```
1
          matters how you interpret those statements. I think
 2
          they're pretty strong.
 3
                    MS. PAULSON: Your Honor, the statements
 4
          here were that you'll be provided protection. It
 5
          didn't - - - the police did not - - - certainly it
 6
          was not a guarantee of safety. And they didn't
 7
          describe - - -
 8
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But they - - - but
 9
          they have him - - -
10
                    MS. PAULSON: - - - what type of protection
11
          they would - - -
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - they have him
12
13
          in their custody. And they're saying - - -
14
                    MS. PAULSON: He's in custody.
15
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - you're all
          right. What they're saying, in effect, is you're all
16
17
          right, we have him.
18
                    MS. PAULSON: They - - -
19
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You're going to be
20
          okay.
21
                    MS. PAULSON: They actually then - - -
22
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You'll know when
23
          there's a problem.
2.4
                    MS. PAULSON: - - - update their statement.
25
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: No? Yes? Go ahead.
```

1	MS. PAULSON: In the phone call at 11
2	o'clock the desk officer had said he's in prison,
3	he'll be there for a while, according to the
4	plaintiff's statements which, for purposes of summary
5	judgment, we take to be correct.
6	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But
7	MS. PAULSON: And then according to the
8	plaintiff
9	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but in light of
10	those kinds of
11	MS. PAULSON: in Officer Reyes
12	Officer
13	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: In light of those
14	kinds of statements
15	MS. PAULSON: Yes.
16	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: why wouldn't we
17	need a further exploration of what went on here? Why
18	couldn't it be that, in this case, there really is a
19	special duty?
20	MS. PAULSON: Officer Reyes later updated
21	that statement when she called at 11 p.m. and said
22	he's going before a judge. He's going to be
23	sentenced. It was no longer a sen a statement
24	that he was locked up and would be there for a while.
25	JUDGE RIVERA: Yeah, but that but

- oh, but - - - but now it sounds - - -1 2 MS. PAULSON: That - - -3 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - like you've got a 4 conviction, whichever way, you've got this 5 conviction, plea, whatever it is; he's going to be sentenced. And he's - - - what - - - what 6 7 is she supposed to think past that? MS. PAULSON: Well, Your Honor - - -8 9 JUDGE RIVERA: That he might get released? 10 MS. PAULSON: This - - -11 JUDGE RIVERA: His sentence might include a 12 release? 13 MS. PAULSON: But this statement is not a 14 promise or assurance. It's a statement of the 15 process or the procedure. This statement is 16 analogous to the statement - - -17 JUDGE RIVERA: Okay, but let me - - - let me ask you this. Okay, so let - - - what - - - at 18 19 what point does a statement - - - what kind of 20 statement from an officer would result in the 21 creation of a special duty? I guess I'm concerned, 22 like, the concurrence that the - - - that there is -23 - - now we've gotten to the point that it's almost a 2.4 per se immunity. There's almost nothing that an

officer can say. So what would an officer say - - -

1	MS. PAULSON: Yes, Your Honor.
2	JUDGE RIVERA: that would be enough?
3	MS. PAULSON: In order to satisfy the first
4	Cuffy prong
5	JUDGE RIVERA: Okay.
6	MS. PAULSON: a promise or action, it
7	would have to be something more similar to the
8	statement made in Valnez Valdez of a certain
9	action in a specified time period. In Valdez she was
10	told they would arrest immediately. It was a certain
11	action they were going to take in a specified time
12	period. In Valdez there's no justified
13	JUDGE RIVERA: Here, this guy's already in
14	custody. He's about to sentenced. What
15	MS. PAULSON: Because
16	JUDGE RIVERA: You're saying that's still
17	not enough?
18	MS. PAULSON: It's not enough here because
19	they didn't the the statements here, it
20	was that he was in front of a judge. He they
21	were going to sentence him. There was no there
22	was no promise of an action. Certainly, there was no
23	action after that. So the the statement itself
24	is not
25	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So if they if -

```
- - if - - - if the comment was - - -
 1
 2
                    MS. PAULSON: - - - is not specific.
 3
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - he's in front
 4
          of a judge. He's going to be sentenced. I guarantee
 5
          you he will remain in custody and you will be safe,
 6
          count on it. That's enough?
 7
                    MS. PAULSON: That - - - that might be a
 8
          stronger - - -
 9
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: That might be enough.
10
                    MS. PAULSON: - - - case.
11
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: If that only - - -
12
                    MS. PAULSON: A stronger case for the first
13
          prong - - -
14
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: If that only might be
15
          enough, boy, where are we in terms of the state of
16
          the law and the protection - - -
17
                    MS. PAULSON: It would be a - - -
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - of domestic
18
19
          violence victims?
20
                    MS. PAULSON: It would be a stronger case
21
          for the first prong.
22
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: A stronger case?
23
                    MS. PAULSON: Yes, Your Honor. It'd have -
2.4
25
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: They can say I
```

_	guarantee you
2	MS. PAULSON: the police cannot
3	guarantee
4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: No, no let let
5	me finish, counsel. I guarantee you I
6	guarantee your safety, he is going to prison. You
7	have nothing to fear. Count on it. Rely on what we
8	say. Just a stronger case, right, a little bit more
9	of a stronger case?
LO	MS. PAULSON: Your Honor, the police
L1	department takes these cases very seriously. They
L2	took her to the domestic violence
L3	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Don't you agree that
L4	would be enough?
L5	MS. PAULSON: That would be enough for an
L6	assumption of a duty. And then there would have to
L7	be whether or not she could justifiably rely on
L8	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: But would it require
L9	some action?
20	MS. PAULSON: the statement without -
21	pardon me?
22	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Would it require some
23	action in addition to the statement or
24	MS. PAULSON: Yes, it would require some
25	action in addition

1	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: What action would be
2	required?
3	MS. PAULSON: I guess what action would be
4	required under those facts where they say that they -
5	he's in prison?
6	JUDGE SMITH: She she she was
7	just if she relaxed her guard, that would do it
8	presumably?
9	MS. PAULSON: I guess, yes, Your Honor, if
LO	she relaxed her guard than that would be enough to
L1	satisfy the
L2	JUDGE RIVERA: What what would be the
L3	point of saying the what's the point of saying
L4	he's in custody, he's about to be sentenced, he's
L5	going to prison, you don't have to worry, if not to -
L6	to not just feel better about the world and our
L7	legal system, but to feel I, tonight, do not have to
L8	worry someone's going to come and stab me with an ice
L9	pick?
20	MS. PAULSON: Your Honor, they were giving
21	her assurances that they were taking the case and
22	setting they processed
23	JUDGE RIVERA: Okay.
24	MS. PAULSON: the arrest and sent it
5	hefore a judge

1 JUDGE RIVERA: Okay. 2 MS. PAULSON: Where it was handed over to 3 the district attorney's office. They took her complaint seriously. They put her in touch with the 4 5 domestic violence unit. They tried to allay her In the past when she had called, they had 6 7 arrived at her home. They had arrested him. JUDGE RIVERA: Is it - - -8 9 MS. PAULSON: They had processed his 10 arrest. 11 JUDGE RIVERA: Is it then - - - let me. 12 I'm sorry then. 13 MS. PAULSON: This is the protection that 14 they provide. 15 JUDGE RIVERA: Sorry to interrupt Judge 16 Smith. 17 JUDGE SMITH: That's okay, counsel. JUDGE RIVERA: I guess I'll - - - that'll 18 be my other question. I just - - - I'm just trying 19 20 to get a sense of where, from the City's perspective, 21 it's - - - it's finally enough where you say okay, 22 you've meet the - - - the requirements of our jurisprudence? If - - - it - - - if, in addition to 23 2.4 what she alleges they said, they said but I cannot

assure you of anything, I assume you then say there's

1 absolutely no guarantee. 2 MS. PAULSON: There's no justifiable 3 reliance, correct. JUDGE RIVERA: But if they don't say that 4 5 can't she assume that if they're not saying anything about what I can and can't believe and that they if 6 7 they're telling me that the man is about to be 8 sentenced, I don't have to worry? What's the point 9 of telling me that if not to make me feel that I 10 don't have to worry? 11 MS. PAULSON: The point is to allay her fears in the moment, but it doesn't create 12 13 justifiable reliance that has no end. There are 14 various cases where the plaintiffs could rely, for a 15 period of time, and then relax their guards and it 16 was no longer reasonable to rely on. 17 JUDGE SMITH: If I could - - - if I could -18 19 JUDGE PIGOTT: Mr. Sim - - - Mr. Sim makes 20 the point that - - - that - - - that it's at least a 21 question of fact. 22 MS. PAULSON: That might be a question of 23 fact there. Here - - -2.4 JUDGE SMITH: If I could - - - if I could 25 turn for a minute to the - - - the - - - you've been

1 asked a lot of questions about what would - - - what is best for domestic violence victims - - -2 3 MS. PAULSON: Yes, Your Honor. 4 JUDGE SMITH: - - - the underlying policy 5 question. Can you address for a minute the - - - the - - - the - - - when - - - when police officers do 6 7 their best to reassure a domestic violence victim, 8 and sometimes they go - - - they - - - they might be 9 incaut - - - overstate the case. They forget to say 10 I'm not making any promises. And you can see why you 11 might not want to say to a very nervous domestic violence victim well, I'm not making any promises. 12 13 You can't rely on a word I say. Isn't there a danger 14 that allowing the damage remedy, telling police 15 officers, in effect, you've got to be very careful 16 what you say or you'll get sued, isn't that going to 17 be bad for domestic violence victims? Isn't that 18 going to - - - going to im - - - impair the 19 efficiency of - - -20 MS. PAULSON: Yes, Your Honor. 21 JUDGE SMITH: - - - of the police trying to 22 protect them? 23 MS. PAULSON: I believe that that is 2.4 absolutely the case. I think that it will, you know, 25 hamstring the police in their ability to do their job and to address these very sensitive and difficult situations where the plaintiff is, justifiably, very afraid for her safety. And they have taken the steps that they think are - - - that are within their jurisdiction to take, in that moment, to address her safety concerns. JUDGE RIVERA: But counsel, is it - - -CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but they have a duty not to mislead if they - - -

MS. PAULSON: Yes, Your Honor.

2.4

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: In other words, I - -

MS. PAULSON: And I don't - - -

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - this an area, though, and they be very careful what they say and don't say. And, yeah, it is true that if you - - - if you hold them liable every time they say gee, don't worry about it, you inhibit their ability to do their job. But by the same token, I mean, you do have to have some care of the words you say. You've got - - people's lives are at stake. And you're saying to them, well, you know, listen, we've got this guy. It's okay. You're not at risk. Don't worry about it. If there's anything that's going to happen, you'll know about it. That's pretty strong,

1	isn't it?
2	MS. PAULSON: Certainly the police have to
3	be very careful with their language. But as Justice
4	Rivera pointed out, in the past she was aware that he
5	had been arrested once previously. And unbeknownst
6	to her, two days later he was released and she only
7	learned of it
8	JUDGE GRAFFEO: Does does the
9	MS. PAULSON: when he appeared on her
10	doorstep.
11	JUDGE GRAFFEO: record here tell us
12	why she wasn't notified in this instance?
13	MS. PAULSON: All all that the record
14	says is Officer Reyes was asked if she knew what
15	happened if she goes to arraignment. She said
16	it's not police procedure to attend an arraignment.
17	Did she in this case and did she know what
18	happened? No. Did she contact the plaintiff? No.
19	So
20	JUDGE GRAFFEO: So the record doesn't
21	indicate she was notified that he was released?
22	MS. PAULSON: Absolutely not. I I
23	think the plaintiff's testimony is that she did not
24	know that he was released.

JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Counsel, before you

1 sit down - - -2 MS. PAULSON: Yes, Your Honor. 3 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: - - - I think you have 4 another claim here, and I just want to ask a question 5 about it. Assume, for the sake of this argument, 6 that we disagree with your position, there is 7 justifiable reliance and there's a special 8 relationship and this case goes back down. Are you 9 now going to raise an immunity defense because this 10 is a discretionary versus a ministerial act? 11 MS. PAULSON: Yes, Your Honor. The City 12 absolutely would raise an immunity defense here. It 13 --- the --- it was a --- I'm not sure which act 14 here the plaintiff is focusing on in the plaintiff's 15 argument about - - - but the governmental immunity 16 would attach because Officer Reyes' decision, she 17 said that it's not policy to attend an arraignment, 18 in certain circumstances it might happen. 19 certainly that would have been a discretionary 20 judgment if, under the circumstances of this case, 21 she had decided - - -JUDGE SMITH: On the other hand, if they 22 23 left - - - if they - - -

MS. PAULSON: - - - to do so.

JUDGE SMITH: If they, when they handed the

2.4

1	file to the DA, they left out the order of
2	protection, that would be a ministerial error,
3	wouldn't it?
4	MS. PAULSON: That would be a ministerial
5	error, yes, Your Honor.
6	JUDGE SMITH: Okay, so it would really
7	depend entirely on the facts as they develop?
8	MS. PAULSON: Absolutely, Your Honor, it
9	would.
10	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counselor.
11	Thanks.
12	JUDGE RIVERA: Counsel I'm sorry. I
13	just I
14	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Judge Rivera.
15	JUDGE RIVERA: I know we've been talking
16	about domestic violence victims in particular, but
17	the point about putting at ease and and giving
18	some sense of not not security but
19	otherwise a sense of, perhaps, some level of comfort,
20	does that not apply to the majority of victims of
21	crime?
22	MS. PAULSON: Absolutely, Your Honor.
23	JUDGE RIVERA: Then what is the uniqueness?
24	I think there's a sense from the bench, perhaps, that
25	there is. But from the City's perspective, what, if

1 any, uniqueness is there when it comes to victims of domestic violence? 2 3 MS. PAULSON: From the City's perspective, I don't think that domestic violence are necessarily 4 5 - - - have a special uniqueness in these circumstances. All crime victims or victims of 6 7 threatened crime are an extremely vulnerable and 8 scared population. And for all of them the police 9 try to provide some measure of assurance in addition 10 to performing the - - -11 JUDGE RIVERA: I - - -12 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but - - - but, 13 counsel, please. 14 MS. PAULSON: Yes, Your Honor. 15 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: We make so many special accommodations for domestic violence victims 16 17 by the police, by the entire legal community because 18 they are different because they are particularly 19 vulnerable. And the police, above everybody, make a 2.0 totally different set of protocols when you deal with 21 domestic violence victims. We know that. Wе 22 understand - - -23 MS. PAULSON: Yes. 2.4 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - the science of 25 domestic violence has changed the view of the law

1	enforcement community and everybody else in the
2	in the legal community as to how to treat domestic
3	violence vic victims. They are different than
4	everybody else. And you can argue the rights and
5	wrongs of this
6	MS. PAULSON: Yes.
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: particular
8	case. But they're not the same
9	MS. PAULSON: Well, and that was our
10	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: as every other
11	victim.
12	MS. PAULSON: That's why she was also
13	directed to the domestic violence unit.
14	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay.
15	MS. PAULSON: To speak to the domestic
16	violence
17	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: That but that's
18	exactly what I'm saying. Your answer was, well all
19	victims are vulnerable.
20	MS. PAULSON: Perhaps I misunderstood the
21	question.
22	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: I don't I don't
23	think I don't think that's accurate that all -
24	
25	MS. PAULSON: Okay.

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Based on what we know about the science of crime, the science of domestic 2 3 violence, that all victims are the same, well, that's 4 not the case. 5 MS. PAULSON: Okay, I'm sorry, I perhaps -6 7 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: That's why we have a lot of these - - -8 9 MS. PAULSON: - - - misunderstood the 10 question. 11 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: That's why we have specialized courts, that the court system is set up 12 13 for domestic violence victims. That's why the police 14 teach - - - treat them differently. So - - - so 15 there is a difference. Whether it fits into this legal schematic is another issue in terms of special 16 17 duty, et cetera. But they are different. You would acknowledge that, wouldn't you? 18 19 MS. PAULSON: I certainly would, Your 2.0 Honor. I - - - I understood the question to be asked 21 whether they were situated differently in their need 22 for assurance. And I guess in that regard I - - - I 23 thought the need for assurance - - - police 2.4 reassuring crime victims that they're trying to

address their security concerns is similar. But with

1 domestic violence, certainly, they take it another 2 step in - - -3 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counselor. JUDGE RIVERA: And I - - - and I - - - I 4 5 think, in part, my question was driven because, although Chief Judge has certainly made - - - made an 6 7 excellent point to you, there is a different history of police response in domestic violence cases that 8 9 perhaps adds another level of uncertainty to the - -10 - with respect to a victim, whether or not the police 11 will indeed respond, how they will respond, how will 12 the judicial system respond. That history is 13 different than, perhaps, for some other victims of violence. 14 15 MS. PAULSON: Sure, Your Honor. And here 16 the history or response, fortunately, was quite 17 responsive when she called - - -JUDGE RIVERA: To her in her case? 18 19 MS. PAULSON: For her case. And they had 20 responded each time she had called and arrested 21 previously - - - and arrested where, you know, 22 appropriate to do so. 23 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel. Thank 2.4 you. 25

MS. PAULSON: Thank you.

Thank you, Your

1 Honors. 2 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Let's get to 3 rebuttal. Counselor, are domestic violence victims different? 4 5 MR. SIM: Yes, they're very different. CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Is our law different 6 7 or should it be different? You think it - - -MR. SIM: I - - - I think it should be 8 9 different. When - - - when - - -10 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: In what sense? 11 MR. SIM: - - - a woman - - - woman is - -12 - is vulnerable to an abusive husband, she relies on 13 him for, not only emotional, right. There's - - there's financial, right. This - - - this woman - -14 15 - Ms. Coleson, she had a son, a stepson of - - - of 16 Samuel Coleson and - - - and a child based on their 17 marriage. She had two children. She was earning 18 \$6.25 an hour. 19 JUDGE PIGOTT: What - - - what - - - I - -20 - I - - - I asked you this before. I wasn't sure I 21 got an answer. What - - - what, in your view, should 22 have been done here? 23 MR. SIM: I - - - I think at a very basic 2.4 minimum, once - - - once the assurance was given,

once he was in custody, that if he was released they

1 should have called her and said listen, he's 2 released. 3 JUDGE PIGOTT: They being? MR. SIM: The police off - - - the police. 4 5 If - - - if - - - you know, I mean, I was listening -6 7 JUDGE SMITH: Regarding everything you said about domestic violence victims and how - - - how - -8 9 - how much - - - how much special treatment they 10 need, is it really a good idea to send the message to 11 the police: be very careful how you talk to a 12 domestic violence victim; if you're too reassuring 13 you'll get sued? MR. SIM: Oh, reassuring - - - I mean the 14 15 whole point is - - -16 JUDGE SMITH: If you - - - be sure you 17 don't make any promises you can't keep, which, of cour - - - obviously, a good idea for everyone. But 18 19 is that the best message to be sending to - - - to 20 police who are trying to comfort very scared people? 21 MR. SIM: But - - - but is that also a best message sent to the domestic violence victims that 22 23 you can't rely on anything the police tells you? 24 That if a police tells you we're going to protect you

	JUDGE SMITH: Well, I I mean
2	aren't you aren't you my problem is that
3	you're going to, in effect, send that message because
4	the police are going to get get the memo
5	there may be a literal memo. And every every
6	interview with the domestic violence victim is going
7	to believe is going to begin with now I can't
8	guarantee you anything. I don't make any promises.
9	You can't rely on a word I tell you. Is that the
10	right message to send?
11	MR. SIM: I think that's the right message
12	if that's the message of the court. If if
13	that's the state of the law, then that has to be the
14	message.
15	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Well, I think
16	JUDGE RIVERA: Well, isn't that the message
17	of these cases?
18	MR. SIM: Yeah, well
19	JUDGE RIVERA: The message of these cases
20	is I try well, in her case she's arguing I
21	believed the officers. They let me down. I have a
22	serious I I suffered seriously as a
23	result, and I have no remedy for it.
24	MR. SIM: Well
25	JUDGE RIVERA: That's the message unless we

hold otherwise, right?

2.0

2.4

MR. SIM: And - - - and I relied on that statement, right. There were reasons, factors, why I relied other than the words - - -

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, is it - - - isn't that why we have these domestic violence units within the police department? So - - - so that we train them as to what to say and what not to say and how to reassure people without making assurances that you shouldn't make?

MR. SIM: Yes.

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: I mean it's very basic. This - - - this is not just an average, you know, police officer and they're dealing with a domestic violence victim who just says oh, gee, don't worry, it's going to be all right. I would assume these are people who should be trained in this area?

MR. SIM: Yes, and in this particular case, there's - - - there's no evidence that she was turned over to domestic violence. When - - - when they testified to - - - to Officer Reyes whether domestic violence was brought in, she didn't know. Asked her if any history of Samuel Coleson was performed. She didn't know. So the question becomes what did they do for her? What did they do for this woman that - -

1	- that that, yep, the City the City
2	argues well, she had prior incidents in the past and
3	and the City, the police, never came through
4	for her before. So why should she expect protection
5	now. Is that the message that that we want to
6	send to any victim that that relies on the
7	police for protection?
8	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel.
9	Thanks.
10	MR. SIM: Thank you very much.
11	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thank thank you
12	both. Appreciate it.
13	(Court is adjourned)
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

2.4

CERTIFICATION

I, Sara Winkeljohn, certify that the foregoing transcript of proceedings in the Court of Appeals of Coleson v. City of New York, No. 191 was prepared using the required transcription equipment and is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

Considerich and

Signature:		

Agency Name: eScribers

Address of Agency: 700 West 192nd Street

Suite # 607

New York, NY 10040

Date: October 21, 2014