1	COURT OF APPEALS
2	STATE OF NEW YORK
3	
4	D.T.,
5	Appellant,
6	-against-
7	No. 207 IRWIN RICH and SAINT CABRINI HOME, INC., (Papers sealed)
8	Respondent.
9	
10	20 Eagle Street Albany, New York 12207 October 23, 2014
11	Before:
12	CHIEF JUDGE JONATHAN LIPPMAN ASSOCIATE JUDGE VICTORIA A. GRAFFEO
13	ASSOCIATE JUDGE SUSAN PHILLIPS READ  ASSOCIATE JUDGE ROBERT S. SMITH
14	ASSOCIATE GODGE ROBERT S. SMITH ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE F. PIGOTT, JR. ASSOCIATE JUDGE JENNY RIVERA
15	ASSOCIATE JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM
16	Appearances:
17	DEREK J. SPADA, ESQ.
18	BASCH & KEEGAN, LLP Attorneys for Appellant
19	307 Clinton Avenue P.O. Box 4235
20	Kingston, NY 12402
21	BARBARA D. GOLDBERG, ESQ. MARTIN CLEARWATER & BELL LLP
22	Attorneys for Respondent 220 East 42nd Street
23	New York, NY 10017
24	
25	Sara Winkeljohn Official Court Transcriber

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: 207, D.T. v. Rich.
2	Counselor, do you like some rebuttal time?
3	MR. SPADA: Yes, one minute, Your Honor.
4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, go ahead,
5	counsel.
6	MR. SPADA: May it please the court, my
7	name is Derek Spada, and I represent D.T. The lower
8	court should be reversed because there were questions
9	of fact
10	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What are the
11	questions of fact, counsel?
12	MR. SPADA: Your Honor, the the
13	questions of fact, firstly, are whether respondent's
14	policies and protocols were reasonable, and if so,
15	whether their their haphazard actions on this
16	unfortunate evening were reasonable and prudent or
17	not. So
18	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: This ca can
19	this kind of can this kind of issue be a
20	question of law?
21	MR. SPADA: Sometimes, but not here. I
22	mean, in certain
23	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Your point, your
24	argument, is that it rarely is in this kind of
25	situation?

MR. SPADA: Very rarely. I mean, firstly, it's - - it's negligence, which is rarely an issue for summary judgment. Secondly, it pertains to foreseeability and - - and reasonableness as the - - as the dissent laid out. Those are - - are classic jury issues, not issues to be resolved as a matter of law. And in this case, they should not have been resolved as a matter of law, and - - -

JUDGE SMITH: What - - - what was wrong with the protocol? I mean you - - - you - - - obviously if there's a dispute about it it's for a jury.

MR. SPADA: Yes.

JUDGE SMITH: But tell your side of the dispute. What's wrong with the protocol?

MR. SPADA: Sure, Your Honor. With - - - with the protocol there's no written policies or procedures in the record. There is very little to go on as to what the - - - the policies and procedures really were, but as explained by Ms. Mildred (ph.) in her deposition testimony at pages 201 through 202, she - - she explains that when - - when, not if, but when a resident escapes and go out to Route 9W, they're supposed to just follow them and give them distance so as not to aggravate them.

JUDGE SMITH: They're not supposed to - - -1 2 they're not supposed to - - - and that's really all 3 we know - - -4 MR. SPADA: Well - - -5 JUDGE SMITH: - - - is that there's a rule 6 that they're not supposed to touch them. 7 MR. SPADA: Well, part, Your Honor, but 8 then there's more to it. At pages 157 to 158 in the 9 record in Ms. Meyer's (ph.) testimony, she also talks 10 about once de-escalation fails, then they have to 11 restrain a - - - a resident. So part A of the 12 protocol seems to be de-escalation through talking, 13 through nonphysical means, and then when de-14 escalation fails, then they have to physically 15 intervene. In this case, they took, like, this - - this middle route of corralling D.T. on Route 9W; it 16 17 was just a - - -18 JUDGE GRAFFEO: Is that - - - is that the 19 aspect that you're focusing on, was when the child is 20 on the highway, or is it also her leaving the 21 facility to begin with? I'm - - - I'm trying to 22 determine is there more than one aspect of this - - -23 MR. SPADA: Absolutely, Your Honor. 2.4 JUDGE GRAFFEO: - - - sequence that you

25

find - - -

1	MR. SPADA: Absolutely.
2	JUDGE GRAFFEO: that does isn't
3	deserving of summary judgment?
4	MR. SPADA: Certainly.
5	JUDGE GRAFFEO: Or is it just when they
6	actually find her on Route 9?
7	MR. SPADA: Your Honor, firstly, in the
8	manner in which D.T. escaped, it was about 10 o'clock
9	at night. She had a coat on, so there was some
10	notice she was about to leave when she put her coat
11	on, but no one saw that. She escaped through a door.
12	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So it's both.
13	MR. SPADA: And it's both, it's both.
14	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So your point is
15	-
16	MR. SPADA: It's both, and she escaped
17	through a door that
18	JUDGE GRAFFEO: So it's so it's the
19	whole scenario from when she got to
20	MR. SPADA: The whole sequence of events
21	from when she put her coat on to when she got hit.
22	JUDGE GRAFFEO: They they did have a
23	quite a few employees looking for her.
24	MR. SPADA: There were
25	JUDGE GRAFFEO: It isn't as if one person

1 just walked around the grounds. MR. SPADA: Right, there were at least 2 3 four, and when she escaped, she escaped through a door that should have an - - an alarm on it. Seems 4 5 she went out through a fire door but the alarm was turned off, or the front door, which should have been 6 7 locked and wasn't. So there was some negligence in 8 letting her out of the facility. Then when - - -9 when she got out - - -10 JUDGE GRAFFEO: How much - - - how much time elapsed from when she left and when they found 11 12 her? 13 MR. SPADA: Thirty - - - from when they - -- she left until they found her isn't precisely 14 15 clear, but it's somewhere - - - well, the - - - the -16 - - the whole event was about thirty-five minutes. 17 JUDGE GRAFFEO: It seemed like less than an 18 hour. I was going to say it seemed like less than 19 forty minutes. 20 MR. SPADA: Yes, the - - - the whole time 21 from when she left until when she got hit is thirty-22 five minutes. It - - - because she left at 10 p.m. 23 and the police accident report says the collision at 2.4 10:35 and - - -

25

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So there are various

critical points is what you're arguing?

2.4

MR. SPADA: There's a - - -

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: From in those forty minutes that there are different issues of fact raised in each - - -

MR. SPADA: All along the way. All along the way, and at first, once they realized that she was out, one employee went out. And then - - - that was Ms. Boleyn (ph.), and then she brought her cell phone and couldn't find D.T., called back, and then someone else came out. And then - -

JUDGE SMITH: Can you - - - can you slow - - - slow - - - slow down a minute for it. Can you point to - - - you say there are a lot, but is there one particular moment where you can say one person did something wrong?

MR. SPADA: One person individually who did something wrong, I would say yes. I - - - I can't name the person, because I don't know who did what precisely as the events unfolded. But I will say, firstly, the person who failed to ensure that those doors were alarmed did something wrong. Secondly, the person who failed to ensure that their front door was locked did something wrong. Thirdly, the person who failed to notice D.T. with her coat on did

1 something wrong. 2 JUDGE SMITH: You - - - you say it's 3 negligence not to have the kids locked in? MR. SPADA: Not necessarily locked in, but 4 5 have the doors alarmed, at least. So if someone goes out, an alarm will sound and they'll catch it right 6 7 away. This - - -JUDGE SMITH: But of course - - - of course 8 9 they - - - well, but did - - - she didn't slip out 10 unnoticed; they knew she went out, right? 11 MR. SPADA: They - - -12 JUDGE GRAFFEO: There is a group of them 13 that left, right? Am I - - - did I misunderstand the record? 14 15 MR. SPADA: I bel - - - I believe there was 16 just one on this evening, Your Honor. When - - - in 17 the past other people left, and D.T. left other facilities before being placed at respondent's 18 19 facility, of which respondent had notice, and 20 respondent also had notice that D.T. escaped from 21 this facility a couple of times. That's explained on 22 158 in the record in Ms. Meyer's testimony, and - - -23 JUDGE SMITH: But - - - but I'm - - - I'm -2.4 - - going back to the alarm, though, I'm having

trouble, I mean, with - - - with what - - - as I

1 understand it, said one of the people saw her leave 2 and followed her? 3 MR. SPADA: It's not clear as to whether 4 she - - - as to whether she saw her leave or whether 5 she went out after when she realized she was missing. So I - - - from - - - from the testimony it's - - -6 7 you know, I don't believe it's clear, but - - -8 JUDGE SMITH: If you assume it's the 9 former, though, then the alarm doesn't matter. I 10 mean if you - - -11 MR. SPADA: Well - - -12 JUDGE SMITH: - - - see somebody leave I 13 don't care whether there's no siren or not. 14 MR. SPADA: Sure, that's - - - that's a 15 good point, Your Honor, yes, but - - -16 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: I'd - - - I'd like to 17 go back to something Judge Graffeo asked you about 18 the scope of what you're complaining about, because 19 there was a lot of information about the child's 20 mental state. Are you also talking about some sort 21 of notice to the facility that she might have been 22 depressed or some other - - in some other way - - -23 MR. SPADA: Yeah, she - - -2.4 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: - - - susceptible to 25 leaving the facility and had some other problems that

1	they needed to be aware of while she was on the road?
2	MR. SPADA: Yes, she had some suicidal
3	tendencies.
4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Suicidal?
5	MR. SPADA: Well, she she made
6	threats on cutting herself in the past.
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: And that's suicidal?
8	MR. SPADA: Well, it's not it's not -
9	it's not normal.
10	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: And you we
11	understand mutilation. Does that mean it's suicidal?
12	MR. SPADA: I would say it could be viewed
13	that way. Not necessarily, I mean, she never said
14	she was going to definitely kill herself, but making
15	threats on cutting oneself is not normal.
16	JUDGE SMITH: Well, is that I mean
17	are you saying that a a a home like this
18	can be found negligent if a child is is
19	threatening to cut herself by not not not
20	isolating her, putting her on suicide watch, putting
21	extra guard on her? What what are they
22	supposed to do?
23	MR. SPADA: No, what they're supposed to
24	do, Your Honor, is well, what they're supposed
25	to do is at least have these doors alarmed or pay

1	attention to to their residents more closely,
2	especially when there's a history of residents, and
3	this particular resident, escaping from this
4	facility. And but the the negligence
5	that happened, the I'd say the the most
6	glaring negligence occurred when they were out there
7	on the roadway. There were warned by
8	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What's the standard
9	of care?
10	JUDGE READ: What's what's really the
11	yeah, what's the standard?
12	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What's the standard
13	of care?
14	MR. SPADA: The standard of care, Your
15	Honor, has not I would say, based on the legal
16	precedent, it's not yet been set, the standard of
17	care in this case. There's the the reasonable
18	
19	JUDGE GRAFFEO: Do you want a standard of
20	care that's equivalent to a to a mental health
21	facility?
22	MR. SPADA: Well, I would say it's not
23	quite like a psychiatric institution, because it's -
24	it's different than psychiatric, but
25	JUDGE GRAFFEO: This is this is

1	certainly not a psychiatric institution.
2	MR. SPADA: It's not, Your Honor, that's -
3	that's correct. But it's also not an ordinary
4	parent's house or an ordinary school.
5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So it's in between
6	the two?
7	MR. SPADA: It's in between in a in a
8	gray area.
9	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: It's in between?
10	MR. SPADA: Yeah so it's it's more -
11	it's a more stringent standard than a completely
12	
13	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What about if we
14	think it's just a reasonable parent standard? You
15	still
16	MR. SPADA: Abs abs
17	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: have an issue
18	to go to the jury?
19	MR. SPADA: Absolutely, because with a
20	- with that standard, Your Honor, then the negligence
21	pertains primarily to really occurred on the roadway,
22	and the question is, is it reasonable and prudent for
23	a parent or teacher or adult, or several adults here
24	in this case, to use a vehicle and corral a thirteen-
25	year-old troubled youth on the middle of Route 9W on

1	a rainy and foggy night while she's wearing a a
2	dark-colored coat? It's
3	JUDGE GRAFFEO: What what standard
4	did you argue to the jury?
5	MR. SPADA: We didn't get there. It
6	it was summary judgment where we got dismissed.
7	JUDGE GRAFFEO: I'm sorry, this is summary
8	judgment.
9	MR. SPADA: But in summary judgment
10	JUDGE GRAFFEO: What what standard
11	did you submit to the court? I I'm sorry.
12	MR. SPADA: The the standard that I
13	submitted well, the standard that I submitted
14	was more towards a a psychiatric institution.
15	That more
16	JUDGE GRAFFEO: It was more heightened.
17	MR. SPADA: More heightened, more
18	heightened.
19	JUDGE GRAFFEO: I think your paper said
20	more a a request for a heightened standard.
21	MR. SPADA: Yeah, and in the in the
22	lower court and Supreme Court the issue wasn't raised
23	by respondent as to the standard, and so the standard
24	isn't in my original papers, but then it's raised by
25	Supreme Court in the in the decision. It was a

1 sua sponte topic that was raised in the lower court. 2 So the standard, you know, it's out there to be ruled 3 upon if you - - - if you choose so, but - - -4 JUDGE READ: And that - - - and that's the 5 reasonable parent standard? That's the standard the 6 - - - that's the standard the Supreme Court used? 7 MR. SPADA: It's - - - yes, that's the 8 standard that the - - - the Supreme Court found. 9 under these facts in this case, it should be a 10 heightened standard based on the history, and under -11 - - under any standard there's - - -JUDGE SMITH: Well, going back to the 12 13 roadway, can you be a little more specific of what 14 that - - - what - - - who did what that was wrong 15 while they were on the roadway? 16 MR. SPADA: There were four, or possibly 17 five, employees out there. One had a car, and as 18 they followed her, one passed her with the car and 19 tried to - - - to box her in. And going back to the 20 policies and procedures of respondent that are 21 outlined in the testimony of Ms. - - - Ms. Meyer, 22 they didn't give her space, obviously, because they 23 were right on her trying to lever - - - I - - - I 2.4 don't - - - I don't know what they were doing.

JUDGE SMITH: Oh, so you're complaining it

1	was negligence.
2	MR. SPADA: But no one tried
3	JUDGE SMITH: You're also complaining they
4	didn't follow it?
5	MR. SPADA: They didn't follow it, and no
6	one tried to grab her, and she was on the roadway for
7	up to five minutes based on
8	JUDGE SMITH: I mean can a jury could
9	a jury really find on this record that it was
LO	negligent not to try to grab her? I mean isn't that
L1	obviously the sort of thing, when a kid is in that
L2	situation, you have this horrible choice do I
L3	do I grab her and maybe she'll run into the traffic,
L4	or do I try to calm her and talk her down?
L5	MR. SPADA: Your Honor, the the jury
L6	could absolutely find that there's negligence based
L7	on their failure to attempt to grab her. When
L8	there's four adults, if not more, out there
L9	JUDGE SMITH: If they'd attempted to grab
20	her and she was hurt you'd be suing because they did
21	it.
22	MR. SPADA: No, I don't think I would have
23	a case under those circumstances if she was injured
24	while being taken off the roadway for her own safety.

JUDGE RIVERA: Did - - -

1	MR. SPADA: In this case they corralled her
2	on the road.
3	JUDGE SMITH: What if they tried to grab -
4	what if they tried to grab her and she ran away
5	and ran in front of a car?
6	MR. SPADA: Well, when there's four
7	JUDGE SMITH: You'd sue.
8	MR. SPADA: When when there's four
9	adults out there, one of them should have been able
10	to grab her, and that's part of respondent's
11	procedures.
12	JUDGE SMITH: You're almost saying res ipsa
13	loquitur, aren't you?
14	MR. SPADA: Pardon?
15	JUDGE SMITH: You're saying you're
16	saying that for four for this this kid to
17	get away from four adults, that couldn't happen
18	without negligence.
19	MR. SPADA: Basically yes, yes. And
20	JUDGE RIVERA: Did I'm sorry.
21	MR. SPADA: Go ahead.
22	JUDGE RIVERA: No, finish. I'm sorry.
23	JUDGE SMITH: No, I'm done.
24	JUDGE RIVERA: Did yeah, did
25	did they call law enforcement?

1	MR. SPADA: No.
2	JUDGE RIVERA: Did they advise anyone that
3	she had escaped?
4	MR. SPADA: They never called the police,
5	never called her
6	JUDGE RIVERA: Ask anyone to close the
7	road?
8	MR. SPADA: No, no.
9	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel.
LO	MR. SPADA: Thank you.
L1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You'll have your
L2	rebuttal.
L3	MS. GOLDBERG: May it please the court, I'm
L4	Barbara Goldberg. I represent the Saint Cabrini
L5	Home.
L6	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, why
L7	why aren't there issues of fact here? There seems a
L8	lot of gray areas as to what they should have or
L9	shouldn't done shouldn't have done.
20	MS. GOLDBERG: Your Honor
21	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Why why even
22	using a a a reasonable parent test, why
23	isn't this the kind of case that should almost
24	invariably go to a jury rather than be decided as a -
25	as a matter of law?

1	MS. GOLDBERG: Your Honor, I respectfully
2	disagree with that because
3	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: There are no gray
4	areas?
5	MS. GOLDBERG: I don't think there are any
6	gray areas because
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Your you
8	they did everything right in terms of the the
9	child getting out from the home? They did everything
10	right on the road? That's clear and unmistakable as
11	a matter of law?
12	MS. GOLDBERG: Your Honor, if I can just go
13	back a little bit. I believe
14	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: I know, but answer my
15	question.
16	MS. GOLDBERG: Yes, I'm I'm going to
17	answer your question. I don't think that there are
18	any gray areas, because what Mr. Spada would
19	characterize as gray areas are
20	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Take us through what
21	happened here and explain why there's no gray area.
22	MS. GOLDBERG: All right, I will be very
23	happy to do that, Your Honor. It was about 10
24	o'clock at night. The girls in cottage 1, of which
25	D.T. was a resident, were getting ready for bed. It

was 10 o'clock. D.T. suddenly and unexpectedly ran 1 2 out of the residence. She was noticed by Ms. Boleyn, 3 who followed her, said she was going after her. Ms. 4 Meyer, who was present at the time, said give us a 5 call if you need help. Now, the evidence is clear that this was an unlocked facility. Plaintiff put in 6 7 no proof that the doors of this facility were 8 required to be locked from the inside at night or at 9 any other time. There's just no proof in that re - -10 11 JUDGE SMITH: But what about - - - what 12 about the girl's own testimony? She - - - her - - -13 her recollection was that they were locked or she was 14 usually locked in but that night she got out somehow? 15 MS. GOLDBERG: Your Honor, again, whether -16 -- I -- - I've said that even if there's an issue 17 in that regard, it's not an issue of fact that 18 requires sending the case to - - -19 JUDGE SMITH: You say there's not a 20 material issue, why not? 21 MS. GOLDBERG: - - - the jury. It is not a 22 material issue. 23 JUDGE GRAFFEO: Where there - - - where 2.4 there alarms on the doors of the cottage?

MS. GOLDBERG: According to Ms. Meyer's

1 testimony, there were alarms on two fire doors. It's 2 not clear that there was an alarm on the front door, 3 but, again, as was mentioned previously, the record indicates that Ms. Boleyn noticed - - - my - - - my 4 5 reading of the record is this Ms. Boleyn noticed her as she was leaving the residence, followed after her 6 7 immediately. She called back and said that she 8 couldn't find her. They called Mr. Balino (ph.), who 9 was the administrator on duty. That was well within 10 the protocol as established by Ms. Oliver's (ph.) 11 affidavit. 12 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Are the protocols 13 written, counsel? 14 MS. GOLDBERG: I'm sorry? 15 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Are the protocols 16 written? This was all testimony, right. Are there 17 written protocols that one could look at? MS. GOLDBERG: Your Honor, it's not clear 18 19 from the record whether the protocols were written or 2.0 not, but Ms. Oliver - - -21 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, do you know that? 22 their lawyer, can you tell us whether or not they

25 MS. GOLDBERG: I personally have not seen

have written protocols? Have you ever seen written

23

2.4

protocols?

1 the written protocols. 2 JUDGE GRAFFEO: Are they regulatory or - -3 - the - - - it - - -MS. GOLDBERG: Well, there - - - there are 4 5 6 JUDGE GRAFFEO: In the summary judgment 7 motion, were there any regs that were attached? MS. GOLDBERG: Yes, there - - - there - - -8 9 well, I think the court can take judicial notice of 10 the - - - of the regs. Ms. Oliver stated in her 11 affidavit that the staff-to-resident ratio in the 12 cottages actually exceeded what was required by the 13 regulations. The regulations require one staff 14 person for each age range. 15 JUDGE GRAFFEO: Well, I'm not - - - I'm not 16 mentioning staffing. I'm referring to more to what 17 to do when one of the inhabitants leaves the 18 facility. 19 MS. GOLDBERG: In my research I didn't find 20 any regulations that dealt with that, Your Honor. 21 However, I did find a regulation that said that it's 22 not permissible to keep a child in a locked room. 23 I'm - - - I'm not aware of any regulations dealing 2.4 with what to - - - what to do in a situa - - -

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So is it hard to - -

1	- for us to answer whether, as a matter of law,
2	everything was done properly when we don't even know
3	what the the the protocols are?
4	MS. GOLDBERG: Well, Your Honor, we do
5	- we do know what the protocols are because
6	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: How do we know that?
7	MS. GOLDBERG: we know that from the
8	affidavit that Ms. Oliver submitted, and we know that
9	from Ms. Meyer's testimony. The prot
10	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: And we have we
11	have the affidavit of the victim, right?
12	MS. GOLDBERG: Well, we don't have an
13	affidavit from the from the plaintiff. We have
14	the deposition testimony.
15	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: The deposition,
16	excuse me.
17	MS. GOLDBERG: The deposition testimony of
18	the plaintiff.
19	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So that doesn't raise
20	any issues?
21	MS. GOLDBERG: That doesn't raise any
22	issues, because the protocol was that you use
23	therapeutic crisis intervention, you use de-
24	escalation technique.
25	JUDGE PIGOTT: What is de-escalation?

JUDGE PIGOTT: What is de-escalation?

1 MS. GOLDBERG: De-escalation techniques, as 2 explained by Ms. Meyer, is that you try to talk to 3 someone, you try to calm them down, you try to get them out of the potentially dangerous situation. 4 5 JUDGE PIGOTT: That's - - - excuse me. JUDGE RIVERA: And - - - and is it the - -6 7 - is it the same protocol if you already have had an 8 experience where the same individual has escaped - -9 10 MS. GOLDBERG: Well - - -11 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - and has a history of 12 escaping. Is it the same protocol? 13 MS. GOLDBERG: Your Honor, I - - - I 14 disagree with the use of the word escape, bec - - -15 and I think that's an attempt to exaggerate what went 16 on here. The testimony in the record is that she had 17 left the cottage on one or two prior occasions. And on those two occasions, staff members saw her said 18 19 come back; she came back. There was never an 20 incident. There - - - there was not a repeated 21 history of this person trying to pull the - - -22 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, then why - - - why did 23 Ms. Meyer say that she knew that the plaintiff needed 2.4 to be watched and needed a lot of guidance because

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she'd left before?

1 MS. GOLDBERG: The reference there is that 2 she had AWOLed, A-W-O-Led, on a couple of occasions 3 from the previous institut - - -4 JUDGE PIGOTT: Right, you - - - you want to 5 call it - - - you want - - - there's elopement, 6 there's escape, now there's away without leave? MS. GOLDBERG: Well, the - - - it's not my 7 8 terminology, Your Honor. It's the terminology that's 9 in the record. But my point is that none of these 10 prior episodes, that we actually have very little 11 detail about in the record, none of the prior 12 episodes was such as to put them on notice that she 13 was at risk. 14 JUDGE PIGOTT: See that's what you say. 15 There's a lot of conclusions here like - - - like the 16 - - - the - - - the Oliver who talked about de-17 escalation, and I thought what in the world is de-18 escalation and you say well, you just talk to them. 19 MS. GOLDBERG: That - - - that's what she 20 said. 21 If I was a parent and my JUDGE PIGOTT: daughter was out in the middle of the night running 22 23 away, I'd call the cops, and that didn't happen here. 2.4 And the police have lights and sirens and they have

abilities to find people and to command some

presence. And that apparently wasn't done. Now, I don't know if that's a basis in this case or not, but I didn't see particularly what Cabrini did that even matched close to that.

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MS. GOLDBERG: Well, I think that what - - what Cabrini - - - even before I get to what
Cabrini did, Your Honor, I think that on this record
it's pure speculation as to what would have happened
if the police had been called. If she was - - - if
she wouldn't go into the staff vehicle when that came
up - - -

JUDGE PIGOTT: That's why a summary judgment is so difficult, don't you agree?

MS. GOLDBERG: But Your - - Your Honor, summary judgment, and it's very well established, the court has said many times that issues of fact have to be more than speculation. They have to be more than whoever - - -

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but you're asking us to grant as a matter of law based on what you say. If - - if I say I took every precaution and I treated this issue - - this situation perfectly, so then summary judgment because we just accept that you're right? When, again, I - - I come back to what I said to you originally. At every

_	step of the way there seems to be gray areas that
2	would raise to anyone's mind as to whether the home
3	acted properly. Why why is that such a
4	difficult concept? Does it have to be we we -
5	we say it. We're not telling you what our
6	protocols are, but we've been trained in whatever it
7	is and we did it right? That can't be enough.
8	MS. GOLDBERG: Your Your Honor, it -
9	it is enough because at each level we established
LO	that we had more than sufficient staffing, we
L1	established that we had
L2	JUDGE PIGOTT: For example, you had a
L3	you had a staffer who said I was directed. I could
L4	not grab her. I I can't touch her. Does that
L5	make sense when you when you've got a person
L6	out of the middle of the night on a dark road?
L7	MS. GOLDBERG: Your Honor, I think I
L8	think it does make sense because don't
L9	JUDGE PIGOTT: Could reasonable minds
20	disagree with respect to that?
21	MS. GOLDBERG: You don't know you
22	don't know what's going to happen. It's pure
23	speculation.
24	JUDGE GRAFFEO: But how could how
25	- how did I'm having trouble understanding how

1 four adults are out on this roadway for what, almost 2 ten minutes, and no one can put this child back in 3 the car? 4 MS. GOLDBERG: Your - - - Your Honor, she 5 was actually in the road as opposed to being on the -6 7 JUDGE GRAFFEO: I don't understand what the 8 aim of the protocol is if it isn't to preserve the 9 safety of the - - - of the adolescent. 10 MS. GOLDBERG: They - - - they were - - -11 they were trying to talk to her. They - - - on each 12 time that she went across the road, a staff member 13 followed her and the staff member - - -14 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But maybe - - - maybe 15 someone could believe that their actions were 16 negligent in the decisions that they made. That's 17 all - - - all - - - I think the line of questioning 18 you've been getting just now is just we understand 19 what your position is, but, as Judge Pigott said 20 before, couldn't reasonable people see this 21 differently as to whether the - - - the home was 22 negligent in what they did or whether they acted 23 perfectly, as you say, and did it just right? Why is 2.4 this such a difficult concept?

MS. GOLDBERG: Your Honor, there was no

1 proof put in by the plaintiff in opposition to the 2 motion as to what should have been done differently. 3 They didn't - - -4 JUDGE PIGOTT: Only because their position 5 is that you have not established your entitlement to 6 judgment as a matter of law. 7 MS. GOLDBERG: But I think the safer thing 8 to do, Your Honor, would have been to put in proof 9 from the - - - a social worker, this is what an 10 acceptable protocol - - -11 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But - - - but there's 12 a burden here that has to be met, right, to get 13 summary judgment? 14 MS. GOLDBERG: And I - - I think that we 15 – – – we – – – we met that, Your Honor, because – – – 16 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: What do you think is 17 the standard that should be used here, counsel? MS. GOLDBERG: I think the standard of 18 19 care, here, is the standard that the Supreme Court 20 and both the majority and the dissent at the 21 Appellate Division applied, that's the standard of 22 the reasonably prudent parent. And in order to raise 23 issues of fact, the plaintiff would have to show that 2.4 a parent in the exact same situation would invariably

have done something different, and I don't think that

1 | | - - -

2.4

JUDGE RIVERA: Does - - - does - - - does he have a burden if you haven't met yours?

MS. GOLDBERG: Your Honor, the case law is very well established. I have to concede that if the movant doesn't make out a prima facie entitlement to summary judgment, then the burden never shifts. But I submit that here we did and the burden did shift.

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counselor. Let's hear rebuttal from your adversary.

## Counsel?

MR. SPADA: Thank you. The - - - the questions here that you've asked throughout this argument are really - - - it's really a fact-based issue here. There's - - - yeah, there some issues of law, as well, but there's lots of issues of fact in this case every step of the - - -

JUDGE SMITH: And I guess what - - - what's bothering me is can it ever happen that a child in the care of a facility like this is injured and the - - and the - - - and the - - - the case doesn't get to a jury?

MR. SPADA: It could happen but, you know, under certain circumstances it could happen, Your Honor, but under these circumstances it - - -

1 JUDGE SMITH: You - - - you have to meet 2 the burden of proving that everything you did was 3 perfect. Can anybody ever meet that burden? 4 MR. SPADA: They could have met the burden 5 if they submitted their protocols, perhaps if they -6 - - if they had an expert to reinforce the - - -7 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, and in that way if 8 they had said that the doors are unlocked and we 9 didn't know that she was missing and, therefore, we 10 never pursued her. 11 MR. SPADA: In that case, it - - - it could 12 go back to whether the doors should have been locked 13 or alarmed and they may have missed her going out. 14 Then they're - - - yeah, that's a possibility, but 15 that's more - - - more of a stretch. In this case, 16 the - - -17 JUDGE READ: But aren't they inevitably 18 just making discretionary decisions that reasonable minds could differ over, but does that mean it's 19 20 negligent? 21 MR. SPADA: That's for a jury to resolve, 22 whether it's negligent. There's - - - there's issues 23 here that, you know, people can differ over but - - -2.4 JUDGE READ: I - - - we've - - - we've 25

talked about if they had purs - - - if they had

1	pursued or crossed, I mean, she might have been
2	chased into traffic if they tried to approach her.
3	mean you you never know, you don't know.
4	Aren't didn't they make isn't that what
5	we're aren't we really second-guessing
6	discretionary decisions that they made?
7	MR. SPADA: No, Your Honor, what they did
8	here in this case was about the worst possible thing
9	they could have done. They corralled her on the
10	highway when they if they had just let
11	just let her go and followed plan A in de-escalation
12	where Ms. Meyer testified they just follow them at a
13	safe distance. That's
14	JUDGE READ: And that's that's clear?
15	MR. SPADA: That's
16	JUDGE READ: That would be clear in
17	MR. SPADA: Well, that would be at least in
18	in it would at least comport. That would
19	
20	JUDGE READ: And that's what you're going
21	to prove to that's what you're going to prove
22	to the jury?
23	MR. SPADA: Well, that would at least
24	comport with their protocols. Now whether those
25	protocols were reasonable is part B of that issue,

1	but part A is that's that's their yeah,
2	that's if the jury accepts the their
3	purported protocols, then the jury could find that
4	they should have done that
5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, okay,
6	counselor.
7	MR. SPADA: Okay, thank you.
8	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thank you both.
9	(Court is adjourned)
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## CERTIFICATION

I, Sara Winkeljohn, certify that the foregoing transcript of proceedings in the Court of Appeals of D.T. v. Irwin Rich, No. 207 was prepared using the required transcription equipment and is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

Considerich and

Signature:

Agency Name: eScribers

Address of Agency: 700 West 192nd Street

Suite # 607

New York, NY 10040

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