1	COURT OF APPEALS
2	STATE OF NEW YORK
3	
4	ACA FINANCIAL GUARANTY CORP.,
5	Appellant,
6	-against- No. 49
7	GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.,
8	Respondent.
9	
10	20 Eagle Street Albany, New York 12207 March 26, 2015
11	
12	Before:
13	CHIEF JUDGE JONATHAN LIPPMAN ASSOCIATE JUDGE SUSAN PHILLIPS READ
14	ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE F. PIGOTT, JR. ASSOCIATE JUDGE JENNY RIVERA
15	ASSOCIATE JUDGE SHEILA ABDUS-SALAAM ASSOCIATE JUDGE LESLIE E. STEIN ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE M. FAHEY
16	ASSOCIATE SUDGE EUGENE M. FAREI
17	Appearances:
18	MARC E. KASOWITZ, ESQ. KASOWITZ, BENSON, TORRES & FRIEDMAN LLP
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20	New York, NY 10019
21	RICHARD H. KLAPPER, ESQ. SULLIVAN & CROMWELL LLP
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24	Cara Winkaliaha
25	Sara Winkeljohn Official Court Transcriber

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: We're going to go to
2	number 49.
3	Counsel. You want any rebuttal time,
4	counsel <u>or</u> ?
5	MR. KASOWITZ: Five minutes, please, Your
6	Honor.
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Five minutes. You're
8	on. Go ahead.
9	MR. KASOWITZ: Thank you, Your Honor. May
10	it please the court, Marc Kasowitz for plaintiff-
11	appellant ACA Financial Guaranty Corp. Your Honors,
12	the majority's holding below that ACA could not plead
13	justifiable reliance as a matter of law is incorrect.
14	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, tell us
15	about what was disclosed about the situat what
16	what bothers you about this? What what
17	was disclosed and what wasn't? What did we know
18	about what this was all about in terms of what
19	Goldman was telling you or, you know, what you were
20	hearing about it.
21	MR. KASOWITZ: Of course, Your Honor. What
22	was not disclosed, Your Honor, was the essential fact
23	that Mr. Paulson and Paulson & Co., which had had the
24	primary role in selecting the securities to be
25	included within this pool, the ABACUS pool

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Right.
2	MR. KASOWITZ: had rep it had
3	been represented to ACA that Mr. Paulson was long the
4	transaction, that he was betting for this ABACUS CEO
5	to succeed.
6	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What how
7	how was it told to how was it told to you,
8	counsel?
9	MR. KASOWITZ: It was told to us in a
10	number of different ways. First, it was told to us
11	that he was sponsoring the transaction, and it's
12	customary for a party that is sponsoring the
13	transaction in this circumstance to be long.
14	Secondly, Goldman had disclosed on a number of
15	different occasions that Paulson was long the
16	transaction, that they were the equity sponsor and
17	that they were long the transaction.
18	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What did the circular
19	tell you?
20	MR. KASOWITZ: The circular didn't tell us
21	anything about whether or not whether or not
22	Paulson was long, because the circular related only
23	to the question of whether or not there were notes
24	held in the various tranches.
25	JUDGE READ: I don't think Goldman disputes

that anymore. Do they? 1 2 MR. KASOWITZ: Oh. Oh, they do. 3 JUDGE READ: They do? Okay. MR. KASOWITZ: Oh, they do. And - - - and 4 5 the - - - and the circular very clearly, in the - - -6 it - - - in - - - in several different respects, 7 first of all the - - - page - - - at 325 of the 8 record, and this is the - - and this is the section 9 that Goldman points to, at 325 of the record where 10 you talk about the - - - the first loss, Goldman 11 takes the position here, as they took the position in 12 the SEC/Tourre case, which I'll talk about in a 13 second, that FL - - - that beneath FL there was a 14 zero dollars. And so Goldman's argument is that that 15 zero dollars had ACA on notice that Paulson was not 16 long the transaction. 17 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Could you have any 18 way of knowing? Could you have known in any way what 19 was going on here? Did you have reason to believe 20 that - - - that there was anything afoot that was not 21 exactly appropriate? 22 MR. KASOWITZ: Absolutely not, Your Honor. 23 Hasn't - - - hasn't - - -24 JUDGE READ: What about the - - - what 25 about the meeting?

1 JUDGE RIVERA: But what - - - what does 2 zero reveal? 3 JUDGE READ: Whoop. JUDGE RIVERA: Sorry. No go ahead. 4 5 JUDGE READ: What about the - - -6 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Judge Read. 7 JUDGE READ: What - - - what about the 8 meeting that you had and afterwards you said to 9 Goldman we - - - basically, we can't figure where 10 Paulson's coming from; will you help us out here? Didn't that show that you weren't exactly sure what 11 12 his role was in this? 13 MR. KASOWITZ: We asked a legitimate - - -14 we asked a legitimate question. I don't think that 15 we said we can't figure out where Paulson's coming from. I think what we asked was what is Paulson's 16 17 role in the transaction, which is - - -JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Why didn't you ever 18 19 ask Paulson that? 20 MR. KASOWITZ: Excuse me? 21 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Why didn't you ever 22 ask Paulson what Paulson's role was in the 23 transaction? 24 MR. KASOWITZ: We were having ongoing 25 discussions with Goldman, and the discussions with

1 Goldman were all consistent. They were all 2 consistent with the offering circular and with the 3 memoranda and with the telephone calls. We have a 4 taped telephone - - -5 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: So that's the reason -6 7 MR. KASOWITZ: We have a telephone call 8 here. 9 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: - - - you didn't ask 10 Paulson what Paulson's position was, because you were 11 having ongoing discussions with Goldman? Were you 12 prevented from asking Paulson what their position 13 was? 14 MR. KASOWITZ: I don't think we were, Your 15 Honor, prevented from asking Paulson. But I don't 16 think that there was any need to ask Paulson at the 17 same time. 18 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Were you relying on 19 Goldman; is that the bottom line? You were relying 20 on Goldman Sachs to - - - they were the people you 21 were dealing with, and that was your first focus in 22 terms of they were putting this together with you? 23 MR. KASOWITZ: That's correct. We were the 24 one - - Goldman was the ones who had approached us 25 in the first instance. And the allegations are very

1 clear in the complaint - - -2 JUDGE RIVERA: But is it - - - is it 3 customary to rely on - - -4 MR. KASOWITZ: Excuse me? 5 JUDGE RIVERA: Is it customary to rely on -6 - - on someone's who's playing the role that Goldman 7 played? 8 MR. KASOWITZ: Of course. The - - - in the 9 10 JUDGE RIVERA: Without asking someone like Paulson and the role that he's in. 11 12 MR. KASOWITZ: But we did - - - we did due 13 diligence that was appropriate at the time. 14 JUDGE RIVERA: The time. 15 MR. KASOWITZ: We were not on - - - the - -16 - the law is very clear that to be on - - - to be - -17 - have a - - - a heightened level of scrutiny, to be 18 at inquiry notice, then we have to have actual 19 knowledge that there's fraud. 20 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What about - - -21 MR. KASOWITZ: There was absolutely no 22 knowledge here - - -23 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Talk about - - -24 MR. KASOWITZ: - - - to that effect. 25 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - Centro

1 Empresarial, how that fits in in terms of due 2 diligence. MR. KASOWITZ: Well, it's - - - it's - - -3 it's - - - it's very clear. It's a - - - it's a - -4 5 - it's a case that the majority appeared to rely on 6 in looking for and in - - - in trying to justify the 7 need for one of these - - - one of these affirmative 8 9 JUDGE FAHEY: Prophylactic - - -10 prophylactic provision. 11 MR. KASOWITZ: Prophyl - - - yeah, so-12 called prophylactic provisions. But, in fact, in 13 that case there was - - - there was a scrutiny by the 14 court not only of a prophylactic provision, but there 15 was also scrutiny with respect to due diligence that 16 was done. 17 JUDGE FAHEY: Let me ask you this. Let's 18 just stay on that point for a second. You've done an 19 enormous number of bond insurance cases. Is there 20 any case or any - - - is there anywhere in the record 21 or - - or any case law that you can point us to 22 that a prophylactic provision would be required in 23 this form of a - - - of a bond insuring transaction? 24 Ever - - - has it ever been done? Has it - - - has 25 it ever been inserted? Because I didn't see it.

MR. KASOWITZ: In fact - - -1 2 JUDGE FAHEY: In other words, the Centro 3 standard rose out of a lease - - - a release, I'm 4 sorry, not a - - - not a lease; out of a release. 5 This - - - this situation, of course, is much 6 different so - - -7 MR. KASOWITZ: It - - - it's completely 8 different, Your Honor, because at the core there was 9 no contract betw - - -10 JUDGE FAHEY: So in the industry, is it a 11 practice to ever insert a prophylactic provision in 12 this form of a transaction? 13 MR. KASOWITZ: No. 14 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Counsel - - -15 JUDGE FAHEY: Definitively no. 16 MR. KASOWITZ: Not in this circumstance 17 where there isn't a contract. 18 JUDGE FAHEY: Okay. 19 MR. KASOWITZ: We had no - - - ACA had not 20 purchased any notes from Goldman. That was - - -21 that's an undisputed fact. So where there was no contract, the majority's reference to the fact that 22 23 there should have been included a prophylactic - - -24 a prophylactic provision within a contract, which did 25 not exist in this circumstance - - -

JUDGE STEIN: And no requirement to sep - -1 2 3 MR. KASOWITZ: - - - made no sense. I'm 4 sorry. 5 JUDGE STEIN: No requirement to enter into 6 a - - - a separate agreement solely for that purpose? 7 MR. KASOWITZ: Absolutely not. 8 JUDGE READ: But you could have? 9 MR. KASOWITZ: Anything could happen, Your 10 Honor. 11 JUDGE READ: Yeah. Well - - -12 MR. KASOWITZ: But in these circumstances 13 it's customary not to have an agreement in those 14 circumstances. 15 JUDGE READ: You're saying that due diligence didn't require you to do something like 16 17 that. 18 MR. KASOWITZ: Nothing required us to enter 19 into a contract with Goldman in those circumstances. 20 JUDGE RIVERA: Because it's the nature of 21 these transactions is what you're saying. 22 MR. KASOWITZ: Yes. That's correct. We 23 had - - -24 JUDGE RIVERA: Can I just ask - - - ask - -25 - I know you say that on the circular the FL zero,

1 the column FL with the zero dollars next to it, 2 doesn't put you on notice as to anything regarding 3 Paulson. 4 MR. KASOWITZ: Sure. 5 JUDGE RIVERA: What does it put you on 6 notice of? Does it put on notice of anything? 7 MR. KASOWITZ: No. 8 JUDGE RIVERA: What meaning does - - - do 9 these rows - - - does the rows across of zeros have? 10 MR. KASOWITZ: These - - - these all relate 11 to - - - it all relates to notes. If you look at the 12 first one, the super sec - - - the - - - the super 13 senior notes - - -14 JUDGE RIVERA: Um-hum. 15 MR. KASOWITZ: - - - ACA was providing a -16 - - a - - - wrap, an insurance product, for - - -17 through a credit default swap for those super senior 18 notes, a credit default swap. That was a zero, as 19 well. 20 JUDGE STEIN: Is that customary, as well? 21 MR. KASOWITZ: So there was no surprise. 22 There was - - - I'm sorry, Your Honor. 23 JUDGE STEIN: Is that also customary? 24 MR. KASOWITZ: Yes. 25 JUDGE STEIN: Then so - - - so it wouldn't

1	when you saw a zero in the column in which you
2	would otherwise be, it didn't it wouldn't not
3	lead you to ask well, why how why isn't
4	our interest shown here?
5	MR. KASOWITZ: Just the opposite, Your
6	Honor.
7	JUDGE RIVERA: It's not a red flag?
8	MR. KASOWITZ: When we saw the zero
9	when we saw the zero under the first loss, that
10	didn't surprise us, because there was a zero under
11	the super secure the super senior, and we know
12	that we had wrapped the super senior. We were told -
13	we were told that Paulson had wrapped the first
14	loss.
15	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Go going back to
16	some things that might have raised red flags for you
17	about Paulson's position, your company allowed
18	Paulson to select the products that were going into
19	this offering, correct?
20	MR. KASOWITZ: In
21	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Is that they
22	- they were able to select the reference?
23	MR. KASOWITZ: Yes. That's correct, Your
24	Honor.
25	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: And when they did
1	

select the ones that appeared to be losers, did that not raise some kind of red flag to ask them what their position was?

13

MR. KASOWITZ: No, Your Honor. And these 4 5 allegations in the complaint are clear, because in 6 the first instance Paulson was the party that was 7 expert in this area. We had understood that they 8 were long the transaction. And there are allegations 9 in the complaint which reflect the fact that there 10 were certain circumstances in which Paulson's 11 representatives in these meetings will say oh, well, 12 we're not going to pick this one, because it looks 13 like it won't live up to our standards, that sort of 14 thing.

JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Did Paulson - - -

16 MR. KASOWITZ: So there was concealment all 17 the way through, Your Honor.

18 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Well, did - - - did 19 Paulson ever push this product at all? You know, if 20 they were so - - - if they were such proud investors 21 in it, don't you think they would have advertised it 22 so they could attract other investors to - - -23 That - - -

MR. KASOWITZ:

JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: - - - invest in it - -

25

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1	MR. KASOWITZ: That
2	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: with their
3	reputation? Wasn't that the point that if they were
4	going to be equity investors that they would want
5	other people to invest in it, and they would be
6	touting their their participation in it?
7	MR. KASOWITZ: Absolutely not, Your Honor.
8	This as as the as the complaint
9	makes very, very clear, this was all part of a plan
10	by Paulson in order to cash in to the tune of a
11	billion dollars on its view that the subprime market
12	was going south and that it could, according to a
13	number of criteria, select a number of securities and
14	mortgages to include within a pool for this for
15	this for this CDO, to include within a pool for
16	this CDO ones that would fail. He wasn't
17	Paulson wasn't interested in other people.
18	JUDGE FAHEY: Well, he was give him -
19	give him credit.
20	MR. KASOWITZ: They were interested in
21	their billion dollars.
22	JUDGE FAHEY: Give him credit. They were
23	right. So
24	MR. KASOWITZ: And they were right.
25	JUDGE FAHEY: Yeah. They were right. So -

1	
2	MR. KASOWITZ: But they lied.
3	JUDGE FAHEY: So this well, the
4	question is was the big short, which is what we're
5	talking about here, was was the big short
6	fraudulently obtained.
7	MR. KASOWITZ: This one was, Your Honor.
8	This one was, Your Honor. That's that's
9	exactly what the what the SEC case against Mr.
10	Tourre was about. The finding by the jury was that
11	it was fraud. The finding by the jury was was that
12	that circular, that that offering circular did
13	not put ACI ACA on notice that there was any
14	fraud.
15	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thanks, counselor.
16	MR. KASOWITZ: Thank you, Your Honor.
17	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You'll have your
18	rebuttal. Let's hear from the other side.
19	MR. KASOWITZ: Thank you, Your Honor.
20	MR. KLAPPER: Good afternoon, Your Honors;
21	Richard Klapper for the appellee Goldman Sachs & Co.
22	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, do you
23	do you feel that you dealt on the up and up with
24	- with your adversary corporation?
25	MR. KLAPPER: Well, Goldman Sachs has

1 admitted - - -2 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You acknowledge that 3 you did not - - -4 MR. KLAPPER: - - - that we - - - we made -5 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - do what you 6 7 should be doing, right? 8 MR. KLAPPER: No, Goldman Sachs 9 acknowledged it made a mistake. That's what it 10 acknowledged in its SEC settlement, the mistake being 11 not disclosing - - -12 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Why should they 13 suffer because of a mistake that you made in relation 14 - - - in your dealings with them? 15 MR. KLAPPER: Because they did not 16 reasonably rely on anything Goldman Sachs told them. 17 JUDGE PIGOTT: How - - - how does that 18 become - - - how does that become a matter of law? Ι 19 mean what - - - it - - - it sounds like a penultimate 20 question of fact to me whether they reasonably 21 relied, you know, on the representations that Tourre 22 made. MR. KLAPPER: Because under the cases in 23 24 this court starting back in 1892 with the Schumaker 25 case, a party, any party, who has the means with the

exercise of ordinary intelligence to find out what -1 2 3 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What signals did they have that - - - that should have alerted them to the 4 5 fact that there's something here that - - - that's 6 wrong? 7 MR. KLAPPER: Well - - -8 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What were the signals 9 that would - - - a reasonable person, in your mind, 10 or using reasonable logic would know that you were 11 deceiving them about the role of Paulson? 12 MR. KLAPPER: First off, Schumaker doesn't 13 require any kind of signal. It requires prudence and 14 the exercise of ordinary intelligence. 15 JUDGE PIGOTT: But there's a difference 16 when it's - - - when there's intentional acts. In 17 other words, if - - - if - - - if you're going to buy 18 fire insurance with the intention of burning down 19 your house, you can't say well, the fire insurance 20 company didn't reasonably rely on the fact that I 21 sent them the premium. I mean you - - - you - - -22 you set about a goal of doing something to deceive. 23 Then reasonable reliance, it seems to me, it - - - it24 - - - it's a little bit different when that type of -25 - - of occurs. Am I right?

1	MR. KLAPPER: Well, let me let me be
2	clear. In the Tourre case and otherwise, there was
3	no finding of an intentional misrepresentation or
4	omission.
5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What did what
6	did you do if it wasn't an intentional
7	misrepresentation?
8	MR. KLAPPER: The most that could be taken
9	from the Tourre case, which is not something that's
10	collateral estoppel as to Goldman Sachs
11	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Go ahead.
12	MR. KLAPPER: which is not a party -
13	
14	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Go ahead.
15	MR. KLAPPER: the most that can be
16	said about that case is that Mr. Tourre either
17	participated in some sort of scheme or negligently
18	failed to make something clear that was material.
19	JUDGE PIGOTT: Aren't those questions of
20	fact? That that I I hate to sound
21	like a broken record here, but you're right. I mean,
22	everybody says well, it wasn't any finding
23	specifically. But but Tourre on in
24	January 10th, e-mailed and said that Paulson's pre-
25	committed to taking a long position.

1	MR. KLAPPER: That's
2	JUDGE PIGOTT: Now, it would seem to me
3	that that may raise an issue of fact with respect to
4	they to to what they're relying on and
5	whether it was reasonable.
6	MR. KLAPPER: Let me address that
7	JUDGE PIGOTT: Okay.
8	MR. KLAPPER: specifically. Because
9	ACA and my friend, Mr. Kasowitz, say that but if you
10	take a look at the record 730 to 731, which is the
11	e-mail, it says absolutely nothing of the sort. It
12	goes through some features of the deal. It then
13	talks about the capital structure. It says zero to
14	nine percent pre-committed first loss and does not
15	say who, if anybody, was going to purchase that first
16	loss, personally to the pre-commission.
17	JUDGE PIGOTT: And it also said that
18	Tourre said that that he admitted that that
19	e-mail was inaccurate.
20	MR. KLAPPER: Yeah, because nobody had pre-
21	committed.
22	JUDGE PIGOTT: Where are we going with
23	this, though? I mean you want summary judgment. You
24	you want you you want to carry the
25	day saying there are no issues of fact, and we're

1 entitled to judgment as a matter of law. 2 MR. KLAPPER: I don't - - - I don't say 3 there are no issues of fact. There are certainly 4 issues of fact. What Mr. Tourre was doing, his 5 intent - - -6 JUDGE STEIN: Well - - -7 MR. KLAPPER: - - - all those things are 8 issues of fact. It's the question of issues of fact 9 going to reasonable reliance. 10 JUDGE STEIN: We don't - - - but we don't 11 have a summary judgment motion here even. We're only looking at the pleading, aren't we? I - - - I'm not 12 13 even sure why - - - why we're talking as if this is a 14 summary judgment motion. 15 MR. KLAPPER: Well, because there are certain things that are uncontested and they require 16 17 a finding of lack of reasonable reliance. It's 18 uncontested. 19 JUDGE STEIN: Well, but the lack of 20 reasonable reliance goes to - - - doesn't it go to 21 what should or shouldn't have reasonably triggered a 22 certain duty on the part of ACA? 23 MR. KLAPPER: No. Again, if you go back -24 - - if you go back to the Schumaker case, without any 25 kind of trigger, if you have the means of testing the

1 truth of what you are going to later say was false, 2 you have to make use of those means. 3 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: How do you - - - so how could they have made use of finding out the 4 truth, the means of - - of getting to the truth? 5 6 MR. KLAPPER: They - - -7 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What should they have 8 done which would have told them what the truth is and 9 that there they would be on notice and they'd have to 10 let you off the hook? 11 MR. KLAPPER: Well, they could - - -12 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What - - - what 13 should they have done? 14 MR. KLAPPER: They could have asked for a 15 contractual provision; and remember, the disclaimer in this case says you're relying on what's in the 16 17 200-page offering circular or any other written 18 agreement. 19 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What would the 20 contractual - - -21 MR. KLAPPER: They could have gotten a 22 written agreement. 23 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What would the 24 contractual provision have said? 25 MR. KLAPPER: Well, that's what this court

doesn't know and neither do I, because what they say 1 2 is, well, it should have said Paulson was long. 3 Well, it - - - it's unclear. Paulson long, how much, for how long? And does it really matter whether 4 5 Paulson's long as opposed to whether Paulson was 6 short. 7 JUDGE PIGOTT: Don't we assume - - - if 8 Judge Stein was right we're talking 3211 where we 9 assume all of the facts in the complaint to be true? 10 MR. KLAPPER: No. They don't allege what 11 they asked for, because they didn't ask for anything. 12 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, you're suggesting they 13 should have and didn't. 14 MR. KLAPPER: I'm suggesting they don't 15 allege it. Yes. JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: That they didn't 16 17 allege any diligence, let - - - let alone due 18 diligence? 19 MR. KLAPPER: Correct. 20 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: So why would they have 21 had to do a contract? Why wouldn't they - - - they 22 met with Paulson or Paulson representatives directly 23 without Goldman, didn't they? 24 MR. KLAPPER: They did. 25 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: And wouldn't they just

have as easily been able to say to that Paulson 1 2 representative what is your position? 3 MR. KLAPPER: They could have. Yes. They could have asked Mr. Pellegrini of Paulson what is 4 5 the position you intend to take. 6 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What happened when 7 they asked you about Paulson? 8 MR. KLAPPER: The - - - they asked in 9 e-mails on a couple of occasions. One was to say 10 it's hard to figure out what Paulson's position is. 11 And they - - -12 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So what was your 13 answer? 14 MR. KLAPPER: They didn't get a response. 15 They also said in an e-mail later, this is all in 16 January. 17 JUDGE RIVERA: (Sneezes) 18 MR. KLAPPER: Bless you. 19 JUDGE RIVERA: Thank you. 20 MR. KLAPPER: All in January where they 21 said it's hard to determine from Paulson's equity 2.2 position something or other. So - - -23 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What's your 24 responsibility when they send that kind of an e-mail 25 or that kind of question or ing - - - inquiry? What

1 are you supposed to do? 2 MR. KLAPPER: Well, under the law we're not 3 obligated to say anything. I think under our standards we would expect our people to answer, but 4 5 under the law they don't have to answer. 6 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What about under the standard of fair dealing and appropriate - - - you're 7 8 - - - you're putting something together. Don't you 9 have an obligation to say something to them? 10 MR. KLAPPER: We - - -11 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Or, by not saying 12 something, you're deliberately misleading them? 13 MR. KLAPPER: We - - - well, it depends if 14 it's mis - - - material. The obligation - - - we 15 don't have an obligation except - - -16 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: This is pretty 17 immaterial about what Paulson's role is. Isn't it? MR. KLAPPER: Well, that's unclear. They 18 19 allege it in some - - -20 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Paulson's role is not 21 important here, what they were doing here? 22 MR. KLAPPER: Well, the - - - the portfolio 23 selection - - -24 JUDGE RIVERA: Well, why - - - why - - -25 why would they put money into the thing?

MR. KLAPPER: The portfol
JUDGE RIVERA: Why would they bet against
themselves?
MR. KLAPPER: The portfolio selection agent
in this transaction was ACA. They were paid a
million dollars. They represented themselves as
knowing what they were doing to select this
portfolio. They worked with Paulson, but Paulson was
not the one who had the final decision what went into
this deal. It was ACA.
JUDGE STEIN: Was there some history here
of of you or Paulson not disclosing the
the true position and then being rejected by Bear
Stearns for
MR. KLAPPER: There there is
JUDGE STEIN: to take on the role
that that ACA eventually did?
MR. KLAPPER: There there's an
allegation that when when they approached Bear
Stearns and told Bear Stearns what Paulson was
intending to do, that Bear Stearns said we won't do
this deal.
JUDGE STEIN: So is is that any
possible basis for for ACA to think that, you
know, maybe it wouldn't have been productive to ask

2	MR. KLAPPER: They didn't know that. They
3	didn't know that at the time. You see, they say
4	today, gee, Paulson would have lied. They don't know
5	a single they didn't know at the time a single
6	one of the facts that they rely on now for the
7	supposition that Paulson
8	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: In fact, they would
9	have had a better case had they asked Paulson and
10	Paulson lied.
11	MR. KLAPPER: Exactly.
12	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: We wouldn't be here,
13	would we?
14	MR. KLAPPER: The purpose the purpose
15	of these rules, which are prophylactic advice,
16	disclaimers, the the Schumaker Rule, the
17	purpose of the rules are to make sure that this court
18	and the parties are not standing in front of you
19	today trying to figure out what was and wasn't
20	important.
21	JUDGE RIVERA: Well, how do how do
22	these transactions usually work? Are these the kinds
23	of questions that are posed? Do and and
24	do you enter these kinds of side agreements you're
25	talking about?

1	MR. KLAPPER: This is an unusual
2	JUDGE RIVERA: Is this I I just
3	want to know if this is unusual or this is the way
4	this industry functioned at that point in time.
5	MR. KLAPPER: This is unusual because
6	normally you don't tell one of your clients what your
7	other client is doing. So you wouldn't
8	JUDGE FAHEY: Let let me just go back
9	to the
10	MR. KLAPPER: Certainly.
11	JUDGE FAHEY: You had made a point before
12	that the complaint was insufficient because the first
13	complaint, I guess the the which the
14	Appellant Division ruled on, didn't even address the
15	diligence question, forgetting about whether or not
16	it was due. I thought there was a second amended
17	complaint, though. Was was and that was
18	answered, and I thought the allegation there was that
19	there was diligence alleged in that.
20	MR. KLAPPER: There was a first amended
21	complaint which the First Department dealt with.
22	That did have allegations about diligence or the lack
23	of it.
24	JUDGE FAHEY: Um-hum.
25	MR. KLAPPER: That's where it's clear that

1	they didn't ask Paulson. They had unfettered access
2	to Paulson. They didn't ask for an agreement.
3	JUDGE FAHEY: Well, on th <mark>ateir</mark> complaint I
4	thought the Appellate Division there said basically
5	that the they relied on the offering circular.
6	MR. KLAPPER: Well, one of the things that
7	should have alerted them to the fact that Paulson was
8	not buying a cash equity position was the offering
9	circular very clearly said
10	JUDGE FAHEY: So they relied on the
11	offering circular?
12	MR. KLAPPER: They relied on the offering
13	circular.
14	JUDGE FAHEY: So what about the second
15	amended complaint?
16	MR. KLAPPER: Same thing.
17	JUDGE FAHEY: Um-hum.
18	MR. KLAPPER: The the offering
19	circular made very clear, as did the term sheet from
20	the end of February, that the only notes being
21	purchased, the only securities being purchased in
22	this deal were 192 million dollars' worth of A-1 and
23	A-2 notes, including those purchased by ACA on behalf
24	of its CDOs. It made clear that nobody was purging
25	cash equity.

1 Now, do we say that that proves that 2 Paulson didn't buy equity in any shape or form? No. 3 We say it shows that Paulson was not buying cash equity in that transaction, but that is a big, huge 4 5 red flag for somebody who claims, before investing 6 909 million dollars - - -7 JUDGE RIVERA: You - - - so you're saying 8 at the - - - at - - - at the time of - - - of this 9 agreement - - -10 MR. KLAPPER: Yes. 11 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - that that would have 12 been unusual? 13 MR. KLAPPER: It - - - it - - -14 JUDGE RIVERA: And you're saying this is 15 not how business was done at the time. 16 MR. KLAPPER: No. I'm - - - I'm saying 17 that it alerted - - -18 JUDGE RIVERA: Was this how business was 19 done at the time? 20 MR. KLAPPER: Yes. We disclosed who was 21 buying in this deal, and it disclosed nobody buying 22 the equity. But it - - -23 JUDGE RIVERA: No, no. I understand that. 24 I'm talking about the - - - the cash equity. 25 MR. KLAPPER: The - - -

1	JUDGE RIVERA: Is that how people ran their
2	deals at the time?
3	MR. KLAPPER: This this is a somewhat
4	unusual deal because it's a so-called partial capital
5	structure deal. You only sold part of the capital
6	structure.
7	JUDGE RIVERA: Um-hum.
8	MR. KLAPPER: And, yes, it was not uncommon
9	in this kind of deal that nobody bought the equity.
10	JUDGE RIVERA: So so then how is it a
11	red flag?
12	MR. KLAPPER: It's a red flag because they
13	thought that Pauls they claim that Paulson was
14	buying the equity. If they read this and they
15	contributed to this offering circular; they not only
16	had it, they contributed to it
17	JUDGE RIVERA: So because at that time that
18	would not be unusual. It wouldn't have been a red
19	flag. But because they knew that this particular
20	individual
21	MR. KLAPPER: They allege that it was
22	JUDGE RIVERA: was was doing
23	cash equity, they should have realized, oh, this is
24	telling me he's not, so there must be something
25	wrong.

MR. KLAPPER: Right. They allege that it 1 2 was material to them that Paulson was buying equity. 3 JUDGE RIVERA: Um-hum. 4 MR. KLAPPER: They see a document that says 5 we're not selling equity to anybody in this cash 6 That was a huge red flag. Now, what should deal. 7 8 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: So - - - so first - -9 10 JUDGE RIVERA: What about the credit swaps? 11 What - - - what - - -12 MR. KLAPPER: What should they have done? 13 JUDGE RIVERA: What about the credit swaps? 14 MR. KLAPPER: Excuse me? 15 JUDGE RIVERA: No. What about the credit 16 swaps? 17 MR. KLAPPER: Well - - -18 JUDGE RIVERA: Does that matter at all? 19 MR. KLAPPER: You can do just about 20 anything with credit default swaps in terms of 21 mimicking the economics of the cash deal. What we 22 contend is not that this said they're not investing 23 in the equity in way - - - in any way, shape, or 24 form. It said we're not investing in - - - in the 25 cash equity.

1	JUDGE RIVERA: Um-hum.
2	MR. KLAPPER: And did they ask, well, gee,
3	Paulson, how are you investing in the equity if
4	you're not investing in the cash?
5	JUDGE PIGOTT: Those are all good, but I -
6	I mean you can tell we're not experts in this
7	field. And it and it's hard you know,
8	you you say this is obvious, this is a red
9	flag, anybody knows. But they're alleging that it
10	wasn't obvious, that they didn't know, and they keep
11	pointing at least point substantially to
12	Tourre. And and he seemed to be kind of an
13	interesting character in this.
14	I was looking at the meeting in '0 in
15	in '07 between ACA and Paulson to discuss the
16	RMBs that were going to be included in the portfolio.
17	And he e-mails a colleague saying this is getting
18	surreal. And they allege that while ACA was picking
19	healthy securities, Paulson was picking ones that
20	were likely to default. Now, is there a question of
21	fact in there or or am I barking up the wrong
22	tree?
23	MR. KLAPPER: Of of of
24	yes, absolutely. There are lots of questions of
25	fact, including what exactly did Mr. Tourre say, what

1	did Paulson say, what did ACA say.
2	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So why should we end
3	this proceeding now if there are all these questions
4	of fact?
5	MR. KLAPPER: Because the undisputed issues
6	of fact require, under this court's standard,
7	dismissal on the basis of unjustifiable reliance,
8	because DDJ, the Danann Realty case, all these cases
9	say, especially for sophisticated people, if if
10	you find something important, either write it up so
11	everyone knows what's important
12	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Even sophisticated
13	people can be deceived, can't they?
14	MR. KLAPPER: Correct. But if if you
15	let's say you did your what you should
16	have done. You wrote it up in a rep or warranty. Or
17	you made some diligence of Paulson. And, you know
18	what, they lied.
19	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah. But apropos
20	what Judge apropos what Judge Pigott was
21	saying, you know, you're saying that this, that, and
22	the other thing should have told you and you should
23	have written up this, that, and the other thing. Why
24	is that clear, based on their complaint which makes
25	certain allegations which we have to take as, you

1 know, under a 3211 situation. 2 MR. KLAPPER: It - - - it's - - -3 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Why - - - why is it that - - - that this is so crystal clear that they 4 5 shouldn't have been able to rely - - - what's the 6 strongest reason why they shouldn't have been able to 7 rely on what they were hearing? 8 MR. KLAPPER: Because the law says they 9 can't. 10 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: No, no. What 11 specific thing? MR. KLAPPER: Well, I - - - I'm - - - I'm 12 13 back to the law says they have to write up a rep or 14 warranty. This is DDJ. 15 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So - - - so that's 16 the main thing. They have to write it up and then 17 that - - -18 MR. KLAPPER: Or - - -19 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - then they'd be 20 okay? 21 MR. KLAPPER: Or - - -22 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah? MR. KLAPPER: - - - due diligence on the 23 24 thing that they say is so important to them. And the 25 reason, as a matter of policy, is that you want

1	especially sophisticated people, parties and
2	this is under New York contract law as well as New
3	York tort law
4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: How does this approve
5	improve business transactions like this?
6	MR. KLAPPER: It
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: If we find for you,
8	what are we doing to help fair dealing and honest
9	relationships between parties putting together a deal
10	like this?
11	MR. KLAPPER: Well, I I would
12	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What do we do from a
13	policy perspective that's
14	MR. KLAPPER: From a
15	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: good if we find
16	for you?
17	MR. KLAPPER: Okay. From a policy
18	perspective, I'm going to follow Judge then now
19	Justice Alito in the MBIA case where he's
20	interpreting New York law trying to figure out what
21	Delaware law should be. And he says that this is
22	what you should do and what New York law does the way
23	he interprets it. And that is instead of forcing the
24	one party to figure out what the other party thinks
25	is important, he says the safer route is to leave
1	

1 parties that can protect themselves to their own 2 devices in forcing the agreement they actually fashion. This rule will make for less - - - less 3 prolix disclaimers and reduce the risk of fraud by 4 5 unintentional omission. 6 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel. 7 MR. KLAPPER: So what we're forcing is a 8 matter of policy, and I believe New York law 9 currently does it, is sophisticated people, if it's 10 important to me what Paulson's position is, I should 11 write that into my agreement. 12 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel. Let's 13 hear from - - - rebuttal from your adversary. 14 MR. KLAPPER: Thank you, Your Honors. 15 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, should have you written this into the agreement? That's his - -16 17 - his - - - that's the main thing you should have 18 done, in your adversary's words. Why was that not 19 something that - - - that you would do, did do? 20 MR. KASOWITZ: There wasn't any agreement, 21 Your Honor. There was no agreement. 22 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You were at a point 23 where that didn't make an - - -24 MR. KASOWITZ: There was no purchase of 25 notes.

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You were at a point 2 where that didn't make any sense. Is that what 3 you're saying? 4 MR. KASOWITZ: There just - - - there was 5 no agreement. There never was an agreement with 6 respect to this issue. There aren't agreements with 7 respect to these credit default swaps. The  $\frac{1}{2}$  - - the - - - the representations were made apart from 8 9 any particular agreement. 10 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Was there anything 11 you could have done at that point, with no agreement, 12 that would show your due diligence? 13 MR. KASOWITZ: Sure. And - - - and we did 14 lots of things to - - - to - - - to show due 15 diligence. We asked questions of the people who brought us into the deal who were Goldman Sachs. 16 You 17 know, this is one of these very interesting 18 situations where we have counsel for Goldman Sachs 19 telling us here, telling this court, that it was 20 unreasonable as a matter of law for our client to 21 have relied on what their client was telling them. 2.2 Really? 23 JUDGE FAHEY: Well, what they're saying is 24 that you didn't do any diligence, that you didn't 25 allege any diligence at all. And what you're saying

1 is there - - - there were a num - - - there were the 2 e-mails, there were a number of things that happened 3 that at least create a question of fact as to this. 4 And we alleged enough to get over the burden there. 5 This all comes down to two things. The 6 difference between the SEC standard and the New York 7 standard, and wheth - - - and how - - - whether 8 reliance applies, which it does and then if it 9 applies, whether or not you properly alleged it, and 10 then, of course, in the same vein, whether or not you 11 - - - you can defeat a motion to dismiss at that 12 stage. And then we get to the prophylactic 13 provision. We don't even get there until that point. 14 MR. KASOWITZ: Yes, Your Honor. And - - -15 and - - - and although we've had - - - we've had the 16 argument here and - - - and the majority's decision 17 is - - - is - - - is based squarely on this issue of 18 a prophylactic provision, which was completely 19 misplaced, we submit, respectfully, in that 20 circumstance. 21 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: That was - - - that 22 was an alternative position by the Appellate Division 23 majority. They said first you had to do due 24 diligence and then the second - - - or - - or you 25 could have insisted on a prophylactic provision in a

1 contract. Which - - - which I agree with you, there 2 was no contract between you and - - - and Paulson. 3 MR. KASOWITZ: Correct. 4 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Or - - - or - - - or 5 Goldman. So there was no contract in which you could 6 have inserted a prophylactic provision. But as to 7 the first portion of the Appellate Division's 8 majority decision said, you didn't do any due 9 diligence by anything. You didn't ask Paulson what 10 their position was. You didn't do anything. 11 MR. KASOWITZ: And - - - and, in fact, Your 12 Honor, I - - - I believe it's at page 7 of the - - -13 of the - - of the decision, the majority said that 14 had either Goldman, which it referred - - - had 15 either Goldman or Paulson been asked, then they likely would have said that there was - - - they 16 17 likely would have said that - - - that - - - that 18 Paulson was short. 19 Two things, Goldman was asked repeatedly. 20 There are numerous allegations - - -21 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: They never answered 22 you about that. 23 MR. KASOWITZ: That's not true, Your Honor. 24 There were ans - - - there were answers. There's a -25 - - there are - - - there are references to - - - to

1 e-mails that reflect answers. There's a telephone-2 recorded conversation that reflected an answer. 3 There were answers here given by Goldman. That's - -- that's the first thing. So Goldman was clearly 4 5 asked. And - - - and - - - and Goldman answered, and 6 they were clear that - - - that - - - that Paulson 7 was the - - - that - - - that Paulson was long. 8 And - - - and, in fact, we have - - - we -9 - - we even have in the second amended complaint, 10 which we've - - - which we were given permission to 11 file and which we sent to the court, there are 12 allegations to the effect that Goldman and Paulson 13 were conspiring, and Paulson was agreeing that it 14 would "keep to the script" and continue to identify 15 itself as an equity sponsor. 16 JUDGE RIVERA: Let's - - - let's - - -17 let's say - - - let's say that's true. He says 18 you've got the circular and other things that, 19 nevertheless, should have been red flags. Why are 20 those things not red flags? 21 MR. KASOWITZ: Your - - - Your Honor, as I 22 explained at - - - at the beginning it's not a red 23 flag. This circular - - -24 JUDGE RIVERA: Um-hum. 25 MR. KASOWITZ: - - - which is page 325 of

1 the record, is entitled "Notes", notes. It has to do 2 with notes. All of the characteristics on the side, 3 class, series, state of maturity, they all relate to notes. 4 5 JUDGE RIVERA: What about the cash equity -6 7 MR. KASOWITZ: They don't - - -8 JUDGE RIVERA: The cash equity purchase 9 that he was talking about? 10 MR. KASOWITZ: The - - - the - - - the 11 equity piece, the going long piece, related to the 12 credit default swaps. And if - - - if - - - if the 13 court is directed to paragraph 60 of our - - - of our 14 complaint, we allege clearly that our understanding 15 was that there was a credit default swap that Paulson 16 had engaged in for its - - - for its going long on 17 this transaction. 18 JUDGE PIGOTT: During this reading - - -19 MR. KASOWITZ: There was no doubt about 20 that. 21 JUDGE PIGOTT: During this, you know, 22 reading - - - reading all this, I almost thought 23 that, you know, if you're dealing with Goldman Sachs, 24 that's due diligence. I mean they're a pretty good 25 bank. I -- I - - I would feel very comfortable

1	dealing with them.
2	MR. KASOWITZ: Well, it's a point I made
3	before, Judge Pigott. It it's a point I made
4	before which is very clearly, we relied on Goldman.
5	Their counsel are now telling us that that was
6	unreasonable. Issues of fact at a minimum, Your
7	Honor.
8	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay.
9	MR. KASOWITZ: We agree. Thank you.
10	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thank thank you
11	both. Appreciate it.
12	(Court is adjourned)
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2	CERTIFICATION
3	
4	I, Sara Winkeljohn, certify that the
5	foregoing transcript of proceedings in the Court of
6	Appeals of ACA Financial Guaranty Corp. v. Goldman,
7	Sachs & Co., No. 49 was prepared using the required
8	transcription equipment and is a true and accurate
9	record of the proceedings.
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12	Sara Winterfahre
13	Signature:
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19	New York, NY 10040
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