

**TAMPERING WITH A WITNESS
IN THE THIRD DEGREE
(Compelling Witness to Swear Falsely)
Penal Law § 215.11(2)
(Committed on or after Sept. 1, 1982)**

The (*specify*) count is Tampering with a Witness in the Third Degree.

Under our law, a person is guilty of Tampering with a Witness in the Third Degree when, knowing that a person is about to be called as a witness in a criminal proceeding, he or she wrongfully compels or attempts to compel such person to swear falsely by means of instilling in him or her a fear that the actor will cause physical injury to such person or another person.

The following terms used in that definition have a special meaning:

CRIMINAL PROCEEDING means any proceeding which (a) constitutes a part of a criminal action or (b) occurs in a criminal court and is related to a prospective, pending or completed criminal action, either of this state or of any other jurisdiction, or involves a criminal investigation.¹

PHYSICAL INJURY means impairment of physical condition or substantial pain.²

In order for you to find the defendant guilty of this crime, the People are required to prove, from all the evidence in the case, beyond a reasonable doubt, each of the following three elements:

¹ CPL 1.20(18). The term “criminal action,” used in the definition of “criminal proceeding,” is defined in CPL 1.20(16), and that definition in turn employs terms that also are defined in CPL 1.20. When in issue, these definitions should be provided.

² Penal Law § 10.00(9); See *People v. Chiddick*, 8 NY3d 445 (2007).

1. That on or about (date), (specify) was about to be called as a witness in a criminal proceeding;
2. That on that date, in the county of (county), the defendant, (defendant's name), wrongfully compelled or attempted to compel (specify) to swear falsely by means of instilling in him/her a fear that the defendant would cause physical injury to (specify) or another person; and
3. That the defendant did so knowing that (specify) was about to be called as a witness in such criminal proceeding.

If you find the People have proven beyond a reasonable doubt each of those elements, you must find the defendant guilty of this crime.

If you find the People have not proven beyond a reasonable doubt any one or more of those elements, you must find the defendant not guilty of this crime.