

**CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE
THIRD DEGREE
(B Felony)
(Intent to Sell a Stimulant, Hallucinogen,
Hallucinogenic Substance or Lysergic
Acid Diethylamide; And Prior Conviction)
PENAL LAW 220.16(2)
(Committed on or after Sept. 1, 1979)**

The _____ count is Criminal Possession of a Controlled Substance in the Third Degree.

Under our law, a person is guilty of Criminal Possession of a Controlled Substance in the Third Degree when that person knowingly and unlawfully possesses

Select the appropriate alternative:

a stimulant
hallucinogen
hallucinogenic substance
lysergic acid diethylamide

with the intent to sell it.¹

¹ An additional element of this crime is that the defendant: "has previously been convicted of an offense defined in article two hundred twenty or the attempt or conspiracy to commit any such offense." Prior to trial, the defendant must be arraigned upon a special information alleging the previous conviction in accordance with the procedure set forth in CPL § 200.60(3). If, upon such arraignment, the defendant admits the previous conviction, the court may not make any reference to it in the definition of the crime or in listing its elements. But if the defendant denies the previous conviction or remains mute, the court must add the following to the definition of the crime: "and has previously been convicted of (*specify*)." See CPL § 200.60(3).

Some of the terms used in this definition have their own special meaning in our law. I will now give you the meaning of the following terms: ["stimulant,"] ["hallucinogen,"] ["hallucinogenic substance,"] "possess," "knowingly," "unlawfully," "sell," and "intent."

[The term STIMULANT (or HALLUCINOGEN) (or HALLUCINOGENIC SUBSTANCE) includes (specify).²]

POSSESS means to have physical possession or otherwise to exercise dominion or control over tangible property.³

A person KNOWINGLY possesses (specify) when that person is aware that he or she is in possession of (specify).⁴

A person UNLAWFULLY possesses (specify) when that person has no legal right to possess it.⁵ Under our law, with certain exceptions not applicable here, a person has no legal right to possess (specify).

SELL means to sell, exchange, give or dispose of to another.⁶

INTENT means conscious objective or purpose. Thus, a

²See Penal Law §§ 220.00(11) (stimulant); 220.00(9) (hallucinogen); 220.00(10) (hallucinogenic substance).

³See Penal Law § 10.00(8). Where constructive possession is alleged, or where the People rely on a statutory presumption of possession, insert the appropriate instruction from the "Additional Charges" section at the end of this article.

⁴See Penal Law § 15.05(2). An expanded definition of "knowingly" is available in the General Charges section under Culpable Mental States.

⁵See Penal Law § 220.00(2) and Public Health Law § 3396(1).

⁶See Penal Law § 220.00(1). *People v. Samuels*, 90 N.Y.2d 20 (2002).

person possesses (specify) with intent to sell it when his or her conscious objective or purpose is to sell the (specify).⁷

In order for you to find the defendant guilty of this crime, the People are required to prove, from all the evidence in the case, beyond a reasonable doubt, each of the following three elements:

1. That on or about (date), in the county of (county), the defendant, (defendant's name), possessed (specify);
2. That the defendant did so knowingly and unlawfully; and
3. That the defendant possessed the (specify) with the intent to sell it.⁸

Therefore, if you find that the People have proven beyond a reasonable doubt each of those elements, you must find the defendant guilty of the crime of Criminal Possession of a Controlled Substance in the Third Degree as charged in the ____ count.

On the other hand, if you find that the People have not proven beyond a reasonable doubt any one or more of those elements, you must find the defendant not guilty of the crime of Criminal Possession of a Controlled Substance in the Third Degree as charged in the ____ count.

⁷See, Penal Law § 15.05(1).

⁸ If the defendant has denied the previous conviction or has remained mute, add the following:

“and 4. That the defendant has previously been convicted of (specify).” See, CPL 200.60(3).