1	COURT OF APPEALS
2	STATE OF NEW YORK
3	
4	MATTER OF ARISLEDA DUARTE,
5	Respondent,
6	-against-
7	No. 54 THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
8	Appellant.
9	
10	20 Eagle Street Albany, New York 12207
11	February 14, 2013
12	Before:
13	CHIEF JUDGE JONATHAN LIPPMAN ASSOCIATE JUDGE VICTORIA A. GRAFFEO
14	ASSOCIATE JUDGE SUSAN PHILLIPS READ ASSOCIATE JUDGE ROBERT S. SMITH
15	ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE F. PIGOTT, JR. ASSOCIATE JUDGE JENNY RIVERA
16	Appearances:
17	FAY NG, ESQ.
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20	VALENTINA M. MORALES, ESQ.
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24	Sharona Shapiro
25	Official Court Transcriber

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Matter of Duarte v. 2 City of New York. 3 MS. NG: Good afternoon, Your Honors, may it please the court. My name is Fay Ng, representing 4 5 the appellant, the City of New York. I respectfully request two minutes rebuttal time, please. 6 7 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Sure, go ahead, 8 counselor. 9 MS. NG: The issue in this case involves 10 the application of Section 611(2) of the Correction 11 Law. JUDGE READ: Well, but you sent us 12 13 something the other day, which is you've rather 14 substantially modified your procedures. Why - - -15 why would we apply an exception to the mootness 16 doctrine? MS. NG: On two grounds, Your Honor. 17 This case was rendered technically moot on April 18th when 18 19 the infant turned one and was released from the 20 facility, and we were arguing that we should - - -21 the court should apply the exception to the mootness 22 doctrine. What we sent to you the other day was a 23 revised nursery order. I guess that could

JUDGE SMITH: Yeah.

theoretically make it doubly moot.

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1 MS. NG: But we - - - we would argue that 2 the exception to the mootness doctrine - - -3 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: If the old rule - - -MS. NG: - - - should apply in this - - -4 5 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: If the old rule doesn't apply anymore, then this isn't going to come 6 7 up, right? MS. NG: Well, the new - - - the difference 8 9 between the old rule and new rule is that under the 10 old rule there were automatic disqualifiers. If you 11 were convicted of a certain crime, you were 12 ineligible for the nursery. 13 JUDGE SMITH: And are you asking us to say that's okay? 14 15 MS. NG: No, we're not asking you to 16 actually address that issue, because under the new 17 regulation that - - - under the revised regulation there is no disqualifier, and in fact, in this case 18 it was our position that there was never - - -19 20 JUDGE SMITH: Under the new regulation, 21 could Ms. Duarte have been admitted to the program? 22 MS. NG: No, Your Honor, because under the 23 old regulation, although there was an automatic 2.4 disqualifier, in this particular case she was not

automatically disqualified. In this case, what

1	happened was that her application was denied
2	JUDGE SMITH: Yeah, that's why I'm asking;
3	could she have been admitted under the new
4	regulations?
5	MS. NG: Under the new regulation, no, for
6	the same reasons why she wasn't under the old
7	regulation. It's because
8	JUDGE SMITH: How do we know that? Because
9	in this under the new regulations, the warden
10	would have had some discretion, right?
11	MS. NG: Well, under the old regulation the
12	warden in this case exercised discretion.
13	JUDGE READ: Well, there's a lot of
14	MS. NG: The warden in this case did not -
15	I'm sorry, Your Honor?
16	JUDGE READ: No, I was just going to say
17	there was a lot of discussion that there are
18	other differences, aren't there, between the new
19	regulation and the old the old one and the new
20	one? I mean, there's a lot more discussion about
21	best interests of the child in the new one.
22	MS. NG: Yes, Your Honor, and that was
23	partly in response
24	JUDGE GRAFFEO: There's
25	MS. NG: to the Appellate Division's

decision.

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JUDGE GRAFFEO: There's procedural differences also. There's more stages, and at one point there's a three-person review.

MS. NG: Yes, and that's to clarify the process. But it's our position that the one thing that did not change between the old and the new revision is the agency's view of the application, not only viewing the infant's best interests, but also the security and institutional needs of - - -

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but - - -

MS. NG: - - the department.

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But those concerns have to be credible, right, about the agency's security?

MS. NG: Yes, Your Honor, they do have to be credible, and that goes to a question of whether in a particular case the application was proper.

Like in this particular case whether there was a rational basis.

But the question becomes, based on the lower court decision and the Appellate Division decision, they really - - - there's an issue of whether or not, when you're determining the best interests of a child, whether that is the sole and

1	controlling factor. And it's our position
2	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: The primary, right?
3	You acknowledge that's the primary factor?
4	MS. NG: Well, we would acknowledge that it
5	certainly is a factor. We acknowledge that
6	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: A factor or the
7	primary factor?
8	MS. NG: I would say a factor.
9	JUDGE RIVERA: You mean it's of equal
10	weight?
11	MS. NG: It could be of equal weight or it
12	could be of less weight or more weight
13	JUDGE RIVERA: When is it
14	MS. NG: depending on the
15	circumstances.
16	JUDGE RIVERA: When is it of more weight?
17	MS. NG: I think the secur of equal?
18	It depends
19	JUDGE RIVERA: No, more? When is it more?
20	MS. NG: I would think that as equal weight
21	it would be the institutional needs, because here
22	we're dealing with
23	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Say that again; what
24	are you saying?
25	MS. NG: The needs of the institution, in

1 terms of security and the safety of the other infants 2 in the nursery - - -3 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Is what? 4 MS. NG: Is equal, if not as important - -5 - equal or if not greater consideration that must be balanced. 6 7 JUDGE SMITH: I guess I'm still troubled 8 with what you're asking us to decide. If we decide 9 that Ms. Duarte - - - you want us to decide that Ms. 10 Duarte was properly excluded from the program, but 11 she was excluded at a time when you had a set of 12 rules that seem, on their face, to bar her, which are 13 no longer in force. So if - - - when we've decided -14 - - aren't we deciding a truly academic question, not 15 just academic as to Ms. Duarte, but academic as to 16 everybody? 17 MS. NG: Your Honor, with all due respect, 18 we're not requesting the court to rule on Ms. 19 Duarte's application. What we're asking this court 20 to do is determine what factors may be reviewed - - -21 JUDGE SMITH: But wait a minute, isn't that 22 23 MS. NG: - - - under 611(2). 2.4 JUDGE SMITH: You're asking for an essay. 25

I mean, that's a purely abstract question.

1 usually decide whether one party's right and another 2 wrong in a case. 3 MS. NG: Well, as I mentioned earlier, this 4 was - - - with respect to Ms. Duarte's rights, that 5 question is moot now - - -6 JUDGE SMITH: Yes - - -7 MS. NG: - - - it's technically moot. JUDGE SMITH: Yes, but the reason - - - the 8 9 reason we would take it, even though it's moot, is 10 that there are a lot of other Ms. Duartes out there. 11 MS. NG: That's correct, Your Honor. 12 JUDGE SMITH: But now there aren't. 13 MS. NG: No, yes, there are, Your Honor, because the one issue that's the same between the new 14 15 revised order and the old is a question of what 16 factors the Department of Corrections, not only the 17 New York City Department of Corrections, but all the other statewide correction facilities - - -18 19 JUDGE SMITH: Okay, So - - -20 MS. NG: - - - may look at. 21 JUDGE SMITH: So you want us to know - - -22 so let's say we sit down, we have a meeting and we 23 come up with six factors; who wins the case, you or 2.4 them?

MS. NG: Well, if you decide, Your Honor -

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2	JUDGE SMITH: How do we know?
3	MS. NG: that under 611(2) that the
4	factor is not the best interests of the child. But I
5	think the issue under 611(2) is
6	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Do you want us to
7	find that the factor is not the best interests of the
8	child?
9	MS. NG: Well, we want you yes, Your
10	Honor, that that the corrections facilities may
11	consider the institutional needs, which include the
12	security and safety of the other infants.
13	JUDGE RIVERA: But you're saying under
14	_
15	MS. NG: That would mean that
16	JUDGE RIVERA: But you're saying under you
17	new rule you're not really even clear how much weight
18	any of this is given. Going back to
19	MS. NG: Well
20	JUDGE RIVERA: my colleague's
21	question, how are we going to decide something in
22	that kind of abstraction?
23	MS. NG: Well, I guess the first issue to
24	decide it is whether or not who makes a

decision under 611(2) and what factors may be

considered.

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CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counselor, you're almost asking us to develop a new set of rules to replace the second set of rules that you put out.

MS. NG: No, Your Honor, we're not - - - we're actually not - - -

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: As Judge Smith said before, we really have to have something before us, you know, and the only thing that's before us is your new set of rules, because you're conceding it doesn't matter as to the original application.

MS. NG: Well, I think what's before the court is not the rules themselves but it's the statute. I think that it's clear that under 611(2) the statute reads, a child may be returned to the facility. And what the lower courts were doing is they were reading that to mean "shall" unless certain circumstances are applicable.

JUDGE RIVERA: But what is your interpretation of it?

MS. NG: Our interpretation is that the statute reads "may return", so the issue becomes who makes that determination and what factors. And what the lower courts in this case - - - what they seem - - well, particularly, the Supreme Court made it

clear that the fact - - - that the determination was based on the best interests of the child. The Second Department did not prohibit the Department of Corrections, per se, from considering security needs, but at another portion of the decision it did mention that the determ - - - the factor was the best interests of the child.

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JUDGE SMITH: So you're - - -

JUDGE GRAFFEO: It's like you're asking for a standard that the best interests of the child is not the exclusive factor - - -

MS. NG: That's correct, Your Honor.

JUDGE GRAFFEO: - - - to be considered?

JUDGE READ: Or dispositive?

MS. NG: Or dispositive, Your Honor.

JUDGE GRAFFEO: It seems to me it requires a case-by-case analysis, because you need to know what the behavior of the mother was, the criminal behavior that got her in the prison, as well as, perhaps, what some behavior or disciplinary problems are in the prison if they - - if they pertain to - - if they pertain to children. So it's kind of difficult to come up with something that's more definite without a particular case in front of us. And this child has aged out, correct?

1 MS. NG: That's correct, Your Honor. 2 JUDGE GRAFFEO: Is there something residual 3 about this particular case that we're not aware of? MS. NG: It's not residual in this 4 5 particular case. And Your Honor, you're correct that 6 in balancing the interests of the child and the 7 institutional needs, that will be a case-by-case 8 determination. But what's not a case-by-case 9 determination, if I could just finish my sentence - -10 11 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Finish your answer, 12 sure, counselor. 13 MS. NG: What is not on a case-by-case 14 determination is the question whether or not the 15 institution may consider the safety and security of 16 the other infants in the nursery and to making the 17 611(2) - - -18 JUDGE SMITH: So you - - -19 JUDGE RIVERA: Right, but let's - - -2.0 MS. NG: - - - determination. 21 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - let's say we agree 22 with you that it has - - - it is a factor. You've 23 said that it's case-by-case, or I don't know what 2.4 you've said, exactly. You couldn't give us a firm

answer as to the weight that that particular factor

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          would be given in comparison to any other factor, or
 2
          even isolated.
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                    MS. NG: Well, we would suggest that it
          would be equal, at least equal - - -
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                    JUDGE RIVERA: Equal - - -
                    MS. NG: - - - because that's what the
 6
 7
          balancing test - - -
 8
                    JUDGE RIVERA: Equal to?
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                    MS. NG: - - - does.
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                    JUDGE RIVERA: Equal to?
11
                    MS. NG: Equal to the interests of the
12
          child.
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                    JUDGE RIVERA: Okay - - -
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                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, couns - - - I'm
15
          sorry, Judge Rivera - - -
16
                    JUDGE RIVERA: No, no.
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                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - go ahead.
18
                    JUDGE RIVERA: No, no.
                    JUDGE SMITH: I guess, I mean, which rules
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          apply to - - - we - - - yeah, in deciding whether you
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          acted properly or not, are we to decide whether you
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          were enforcing the old rules? Are we assuming you're
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          enforcing the old rules or the new ones?
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                    MS. NG: Well, you would be - - - the old
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ones, under a rational basis test, Your Honor.

1 JUDGE SMITH: Okay. 2 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counselor. 3 We'll - - - you'll have your rebuttal. MS. MORALES: May it please the court, my 4 5 name is Valentina Morales, and together with Morgan Nighan I represent Arisleda Duarte in this - - -6 7 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counselor, is this 8 case moot? 9 MS. MORALES: Your Honor, we have always 10 held that this case is moot, or we had always 11 proposed that this case is moot and that the People have failed to - - -12 13 JUDGE SMITH: Now even the mootness is 14 moot? 15 MS. MORALES: Well, I mean, to the extent that the People have conceded one of our primary 16 17 arguments, which is the governing criteria under Section 611 is a best interests of the child 18 19 standard, and that within a best interests of the 20 child analysis you can appropriately consider 21 security in terms of the other women in the nursery 22 and the other children, in fact - - -23 JUDGE SMITH: I don't think your adversary 2.4 quite said that in her argument, although I can see

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how you can - - -

1	MS. MORALES: My adversary didn't
2	JUDGE SMITH: the new rules do seem -
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4	MS. MORALES: My adversary didn't say that
5	in her argument, but
6	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So counselor
7	MS. MORALES: but it's clear from the
8	rules, on several occasions
9	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: are you in
10	agreement, then, basically, as to what the standards
11	are? You agree, too, that it's the best interests of
12	the child, and then there are other issues that may
13	come into play in determining that?
14	MS. MORALES: Your Honor, under Section
15	611, we believe that the sole criterion for deciding
16	whether or not an inmate mother and her child may be
17	separated during the first year of that child's life
18	are dictated by the best interests of the child.
19	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but you agree
20	that
21	MS. MORALES: We agree
22	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: these other
23	issues these other issues might relate to that
24	issue, right?
25	MS. MORALES: We agree

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: That's your argument?
2	MS. MORALES: We agree that the best-
3	interests analysis consists of reviewing all relevant
4	factors with
5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Including the
6	charges, counselor?
7	MS. MORALES: Including the charges? No,
8	Your Honor. What the I would argue that
9	and what we are arguing is that charges alone are not
10	de facto indicators of risk, either to an infant
11	child or to other mothers in the nursery
12	JUDGE READ: But they can be
13	MS. MORALES: especially
14	JUDGE READ: Well, being de facto is
15	JUDGE SMITH: You mean a a murderer
16	is no more a problem than a marijuana smoker?
17	MS. MORALES: No, Your Honor, I mean that
18	if someone is accused of murder, it doesn't
19	automatically establish
20	JUDGE SMITH: I
21	MS. MORALES: that they are not a fit
22	mother and that they should not
23	JUDGE SMITH: So
24	MS. MORALES: remain with their child
25	or that that child should be taken from them.

1	JUDGE SMITH: "Automatically" I
2	think, basically, the City seems to have caved on
3	"automatically", but if you're I mean, in
4	common sense, you're the warden of a prison, you're
5	trying to decide whether to let a woman into this
6	program; wouldn't you want to know if she'd killed
7	five people?
8	MS. MORALES: Your Honor, I
9	JUDGE SMITH: If you killed five children,
10	say?
11	MS. MORALES: Absolutely. It's something
12	that should be taken into consideration; it's a
13	factor that should be reviewed in the analysis, and
14	then it is a factor that should be weighed.
15	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So where's the disa -
16	
17	MS. MORALES: And it should be weighed
18	-
19	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Where's the
20	disagreement? That's what I'm trying to
21	MS. MORALES: The disagreements, I believe,
22	and it's very difficult for me, actually, in light of
23	this new order to figure out where the two disagree -
24	
25	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Do you disagree with

the new the new stat
MS. MORALES: I disagree
CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counselor, do you
_
MS. MORALES: I'm sorry, Your Honor.
CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: disagree with
the new policy the way they laid it out?
MS. MORALES: The new policy and I
have not I've gone through the new policy in
the time that I could in the past two days, and I'm
not prepared to comment on every single element of it
because it doesn't apply to my client
CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Right; go ahead.
MS. MORALES: and it doesn't apply to
the circumstances of our case.
CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So you agree with the
general approach?
MS. MORALES: To the extent that they
acknowledge that the best interests of the child is
the governing criterion and the sole governing
criterion under the statute and allows them, within
that analysis, to consider security concerns, which
definitely relate to the best interests of a child,

that a woman that is so incredibly volatile and so -

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2 | JUDGE PIGOTT: Bedford Hills - - -

3 | MS. MORALES: - - - and so violent - - -

JUDGE PIGOTT: - - - is very large - - -

MS. MORALES: - - - that she cannot - - -

JUDGE PIGOTT: - - - you know, it's bigger than Rikers or - - it has a lot of women, they have a lot of people there that don't have kids. They've got a lot of people that have got mental health They've got all kinds of things. The warden issues. in these places is not a child psychologist, I don't think. They're trying to run a prison, where they've got a lot of bad people who are in there for various reasons and various things. You want to say that, if I - - - that the sole governing criteria of whether or not one of these people, who may be in solitary confinement, who may be under other restrictions, that all of those are subordinate to the fact that she says I want to sit with my kid from 2 to 4 this afternoon?

MS. MORALES: No, I don't think that they're subordinate, I think that it's they are factors to be weighed in a best-interests analysis. I think that the State of New York has, for a very long time - - -

JUDGE PIGOTT: Why wouldn't it be the best-1 2 interests analysis with respect to what's best for 3 the correctional facility, because that's what 4 they're supposed to be running? They're not running 5 a daycare center with a prison attached; they're 6 running a prison with a daycare center attached, and 7 they're trying to balance those two. And it would 8 seem to me that since we call it a prison, or a 9 correctional facility, that's what it is, and that's 10 what the primary purpose is. It should not be the 11 sole governing criteria, the best interests of the 12 child. 13 MS. MORALES: That's correct, but I think 14 it's important to look at the context here, Your 15 The legislature knew that it was legislating 16 for inmate mothers. It was very well aware that this 17 was a nursery program within a jail facility. If you 18 look at Section 1 - - -19 JUDGE PIGOTT: Yes, that's why - - -2.0 MS. MORALES: - - - of this - - -21 JUDGE PIGOTT: That's why it says "may". 22 mean, there's - - -23 MS. MORALES: Well - - -2.4 JUDGE PIGOTT: - - - there's a lot of

discretion for the people that are running the

1 facility, it seems to me. And the question then, is did what they do or what they do have a rational 2 3 basis. 4 MS. MORALES: We don't agree that there is 5 the same level of discretion that the City is alleging in their arguments. The "may" - - - and 6 7 this is the way that courts have interpreted before -- - in the first sentence, clearly, to us, refers to 8 9 discretion on the part of the mother, because the 10 state is not in a position to mandate that a mother 11 who is in a correctional facility when she gives birth - - -12 13 JUDGE SMITH: Well, I mean - - -14 MS. MORALES: - - - return to that 15 correctional facility - - -16 JUDGE SMITH: - - - let me - - -17 MS. MORALES: - - - with the child. 18 JUDGE SMITH: I think what may be bothering 19 some of us is that maybe it's a theoretical problem, 20 but can you imagine a case in which it's in the best 21 interests of the child for the mother to be in the 22 program but it's a real danger to everybody else in 23 sight. Are you saying that the - - -2.4 MS. MORALES: I cannot imagine a case. Ι 25 cannot imagine - - -

1 JUDGE SMITH: You're saying it just won't 2 happen. 3 JUDGE GRAFFEO: I'll give you an example. You could have a female inmate who has three or four 4 5 assaults while in the prison, that's a particularly 6 violent propensity and she's attacking other women in 7 the prison. Now, it may be in the child's best interests to have that mother-child bond, but it may 8 9 be dangerous to the other mothers that are visiting 10 their children during the 2 to 4 afternoons, to have this woman with these other inmates. 11 MS. MORALES: I believe that under a best-12 13 interests analysis, when you're weighing all of the 14 factors, Your Honor, you could look to that and say 15 that when you're talking about what's best for an 16 individual baby, being in the presence of constant 17 violence isn't something that would dictate - - -18 JUDGE SMITH: You're saying - - -MS. MORALES: - - - that the best interests 19 2.0 21 JUDGE SMITH: - - - it's never in the 22 child's best interests for the mother to be attacking 23 the other inmates? 2.4 MS. MORALES: Exactly.

JUDGE GRAFFEO: I guess what we're having

difficulty with is does it always have to be phrased and determined in the context of the best interests of the child?

MS. MORALES: Under the statute I would argue that yes, it does. It's the sole criterion that's articulated by the legislature.

JUDGE GRAFFEO: You think that was the legislature's intent?

MS. MORALES: I think that the legislature intended to preserve the mother and child's relationship. I think that when it's shown that it's not in the best interests of the child and the Department of Corrections has the discretions (sic) -- - excuse me, the discretion to review the factors, to weigh them, but what they cannot do is say, it's totally in the best interests of your child to be with you, which I think wouldn't occur if, in fact, you were dealing with someone that was so volatile that they couldn't function in a secure facility. This is a secure facility. This is a much more secure environment than a woman who is at home with her baby alone. There are corrections officers there twenty-four hours a day. There are doctors. There are nurses.

On the particular facts of our case and in

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1 our record, you have conflicting accounts. You have 2 the warden basing, we would argue, on the automatic 3 disqualifiers in the last nursery order, or later on concluding something different or articulating 4 5 something different in her affidavit saying that these particular charges indicate that she poses a 6 7 security threat, while you have other people who are 8 working day-to-day in the prenatal clinic saying this 9 woman is a model patient, saying - - - and getting 10 support and putting in letters of support for an 11 inmate that they know has this kind of a record. And 12 so you have a conflicting issue there - - -13 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counselor, can there 14 15 MS. MORALES: - - - and it needs to be 16 weighed - - -17 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - there ever be -18 19 MS. MORALES: - - - which is why - - -20 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Can there ever be 21 that it clearly is in the best interests of the child 22 for the child to be with the mother, you know, no

doubt about it, and then at the same time it could

not be in the interests of the institution to allow

Can there be a situation like that? And if

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that?

1 so, going back to your adversary's argument, what's the weight? Is that a possible hypothetical? 2 3 MS. MORALES: I can't imagine a hypothetical where it would not be - - - I don't want 4 5 to use the interests of the institution, but where it 6 would prohibit or somehow prevent the Department of 7 Corrections from keeping people safe in their - - -8 JUDGE SMITH: You - - -9 MS. MORALES: - - - secure institution - -10 11 JUDGE SMITH: You would say, though - - -12 MS. MORALES: - - - and also - - -13 JUDGE SMITH: - - - if the problem - - - if 14 the problem is only a significant burden on the 15 institution, you'd say that's a burden that flows 16 from the statute? 17 MS. MORALES: Absolutely. 18 JUDGE SMITH: If they have to put another 19 guard in there, they've got to put another guard in 2.0 there? 21 MS. MORALES: Absolutely. I think - - -22 JUDGE RIVERA: Are you also - - - if I'm 23 hearing you right, are you also saying that, in part, 2.4 if the institution can accommodate and address these 25 security concerns, that the overriding factor is then

1	the best interests of the child?		
2	MS. MORALES: Yes.		
3	JUDGE SMITH: My question is and		
4	maybe it's implicit in what you said before in		
5	your view, in light of the new rules, should we now		
6	dismiss this appeal?		
7	MS. MORALES: It's our position that the		
8	appeal is totally moot, and yes, it should be		
9	dismissed.		
10	JUDGE SMITH: Is that a yes?		
11	MS. MORALES: That is a yes.		
12	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: And are you convinced		
13	if we did that that these new policy that they		
14	put out is at least something that we would see		
15	whether in practice it does serve the the		
16	primary interests or the best interests of the child?		
17	MS. MORALES: I believe so. I mean		
18	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Are you comfortable		
19	with it?		
20	MS. MORALES: There are certain there		
21	are certain terms that are employed; for instance,		
22	the good working order of the facility and the new		
23	nursery order, and I, frankly, just don't know what		
24	that is. I mean, if that means		
25	JUDGE SMITH: But would you say		

1 MS. MORALES: - - - if that means you show up late to breakfast and we decide that you - - -2 3 JUDGE SMITH: Without - - -4 MS. MORALES: - - - cannot be with child, I 5 think that's not - - -6 JUDGE SMITH: You're not going to sign off 7 on every word in the new rules; would you agree that 8 they are significant progress over the old rules? 9 MS. MORALES: They are significant 10 progress. 11 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay. Thanks, 12 counselor. 13 MS. NG: Just - - -14 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counselor, what's 15 wrong, in light of the statute, with viewing it that the issues, some of which you raise in the policy, 16 17 can be considered within the context of what's the overall best interests of the child, even recognizing 18 19 that you're running a penal institution. Why isn't 20 the way your adversary is framing what your policy is 21 or should be, is that something that you object to, 22 that you could consider the factors that you're 23 considering while recognizing that the best interests 2.4 of the child are really the predominant factor?

MS. NG: Well, I think the problem with

1 that, Your Honor, is - - is we go back and forth, I 2 mean, as Judge Read pointed out, I mean, at one point 3 counselor did note that it was the sole criterion in 4 the best interests. And that's our position, that it 5 is not the sole criterion, although - - -6 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Do you agree - - -7 MS. NG: - - - the welfare of the child - -8 - I'm sorry. 9 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Do you - - - what 10 about the hypothetic I gave to your adversary before? 11 Is there a situation that clearly something is in the best interests of the child, in allowing the mother 12 13 into the program, and that in terms of running the 14 penal institution, it's not in the best interests of 15 running the penal institution? And I think it was 16 Judge Smith said could you make an argument, at that 17 point, that well, the best interests of the child is 18 to be with the mother, then the penal institution has 19 to figure out, you know, how to deal with that within 20 that con - - - put on an extra guard or whatever. 21 MS. NG: Um-hum. 22 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Why isn't that a 23 reasonable way to look at this? 2.4 MS. NG: Well, Your Honor, it's our - - -

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: In light of the

statute, which clearly the legislature recognized it was dealing with a penal institution when they - - - so what do you think?

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MS. NG: Well, Your Honor, it's our position that there is such circumstances where it may be in the best interests of the child because of nurturing the relationship. We recognize that relationship, and that's why we have - - - part of the reason we have a nursery. But on the other hand, you know, it can't be second - - - it can't be primary to the need and the security of the other infants; we have a nondelegable duty to the other infants.

And yes, theoretically we could hire more guards, we could pull more guards, but it's not a question of just resources, because if you make that resource argument, then, you know - - - then the theory is that, you know, somebody who is a detainee or an inmate should have no curtailments of any of their rights because theoretically throwing resources at something - - -

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: No, but you're not dealing - - -

 $\label{eq:MS.NG: --- could always take care of something.} \\$

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But you're not

dealing with it in the abstract; you're dealing with

this in the context of a statute where there is a

legislative intention, clearly, at the very least,

that this relationship should be nurtured between the

mother and the child.

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MS. NG: But also in that piece of legislation, again, I would bring it back to the fact that the legislation says "may", does not say "shall", and more than that, the legislation provides the warden with discretion to remove the child at any point before the child reaches one year of age - - -

JUDGE SMITH: So you said - - - the statute says the child may be returned with its mother to the correctional institution in which the mother is confined. You say "may", that means "may be" if the person says okay?

MS. NG: I think that that gives the discretion to the warden. That language, in addition to the language a few lines below, that gives the power to the warden to remove the child at any point.

JUDGE SMITH: There's a case, pretty well written case, from Tioga County Supreme Court, that says that, in context, that the "may" has to be giving permission to the mother, not to the

1 correctional facility. 2 MS. NG: Well - - -3 JUDGE SMITH: Is he wrong? MS. NG: - - - with all due respect, Your 4 5 Honor, we believe that that case is wrong, and that 6 the discretion can't be placed with the mother 7 because that would just give the mother carte blanche. It would also be contrary and inconsistent 8 9 with the lines further below where the warden has the 10 discretion to remove that child at any point before 11 the child is one, without any limitation as to a 12 determination as to the - - -13 JUDGE PIGOTT: How many children do you have there? 14 15 MS. NG: - - - welfare of the child. 16 sorry? 17 JUDGE PIGOTT: How many children do you have there? 18 19 MS. NG: How many children do we have in 20 the nursery? At the time that petitioner applied, 21 there were three infants in the nursery. The nursery 22 has a capacity of fifteen mothers and sixteen 23 infants, because there could be a twin. 2.4 I see my time is up. If you have - - -25 JUDGE GRAFFEO: Can I - - - can I just ask

1 2 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Go ahead, Judge 3 Graffeo. 4 JUDGE GRAFFEO: - - - one more question? 5 At a real practical level, what's the difficulty in saying that the best interests of a child is the 6 7 primary factor to consider but that the correctional facility, this - - - you know, whatever the 8 9 administrative structure is that reviews this can 10 consider other security concerns. 11 MS. NG: I'm sorry, the question is - - - I 12 mean, that would be - - - that would be fine with us, 13 because we believe that, you know, it's a balancing 14 test, so long as the corrections facilities has the 15 ability to consider the institutional needs. CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counselor, but that's 16 17 exactly what your adversary is saying. 18 19 2.0 And - - -21 22

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MS. NG: Except that my adversary later on says that the sole criterion is the best interests. JUDGE READ: Yeah, well, she's defining best interests differently. She's defining it and saying within the best interests, that can encompass security concerns. MS. NG: And I mean, if it's defined, if

the best-interest analysis is defined as the ability 1 2 for the Department of Corrections to consider the 3 security and safety, and that's an equal weight, then that would be fine with us. 4 5 JUDGE RIVERA: Counselor, can I just follow up? But if I - - -6 7 MS. NG: That's not what it is. JUDGE RIVERA: If I've not misunderstood 8 9 you, though, you want it to be in equipoise, but you 10 are not taking the position that regardless of how slight the burden may be, you will not accommodate 11 12 and you're not required to accommodate under the 13 statute or under the regulation. Am I understanding 14 you correctly? 15 MS. NG: No, that's not our position, 16 because, in fact, we have a nursery. In fact, at the 17 time petitioner applied we had infants and mothers in 18 the nursery. 19 JUDGE RIVERA: No, no, no, I'm not talking 20 about that. 21 MS. NG: So that is not our position. 22 JUDGE RIVERA: I'm talking about in this 23 determination about the best interests of the child. 2.4 Your opponent suggested that, you know, maybe you

just need to do one or two things to address your

institutional concern. So I just want to know is it your position that you will never address institutional concerns to accommodate the mother and the child?

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MS. NG: Well, no, Your Honor, that's not our position, because in fact, you know, we do have - you know, as petitioner pointed out, we have historically run this nursery and we have historically had, you know, mothers who had, you know, serious criminal charges that they were previously convicted of or charged with. And yes, we accommodate them and we have this nursery set up, we have the security, but at a certain point there's a risk involved. And I think this particular case - -

JUDGE RIVERA: What's an example of an accommodation? I promise it'll be the last question.

MS. NG: Well, an example of accommodation is separate housing for the - - - you know, I can't tell you individually, like, I mean, if you're asking me if we have a high-risk prisoner whether we're going to put on an extra guard, I mean, I can't answer that because, you know, we can't - - we can't make those kind of resource allocations on a case - - you know, I can't make that kind of - - -

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay. 2 JUDGE SMITH: Judge Rivera only meant that 3 it would be her last question. 4 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Oh, go ahead, Judge. 5 JUDGE SMITH: Sorry. But I mean, I'm having some difficulty, and I think some of us are, 6 7 figuring out whether, and in what ways, you and your 8 adversary really disagree. Doesn't that suggest to 9 you that maybe we should save this whole issue for a 10 case in which there's a real - - - a live person 11 presenting a conflict? MS. NG: Well, we would urge this court not 12 13 to do that because this is a recurring issue. This 14 comes up every time somebody's going to apply - - -15 apply for an admission to the nursery. I think that 16 the problem is the timing, particularly for a violent 17 18 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counselor, but I 19 think the point that Judge Smith is making, you 20 really sound pretty close to each other in terms of 21 your position, and maybe there won't be a hell of a 22 lot of cases that are coming up after your new policy 23 is now in place. 2.4

But that was a comment, not a question.

Thank you both.

1	MS. NG: Thank you, Your Honors.
2	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Appreciate it.
3	(Court is adjourned)
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CERTIFICATION

I, Sharona Shapiro, certify that the foregoing transcript of proceedings in the Court of Appeals of MATTER OF ARISLEDA DUARTE v. THE CITY OF NEW YORK, No. 54 was prepared using the required transcription equipment and is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

Shanna Shaphe

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