1	COURT OF APPEALS
2	STATE OF NEW YORK
3	
4	MERRILL LYNCH, PIERCE, FENNER & SMITH INCORPORATED,
5	FENNER & SMITH INCORPORATED,
6	Respondent,
	-against-
7	No. 160
8	GLOBAL STRAT, INC., ET AL.,
	Appellants.
9	
10	20 Eagle Street
	Albany, New York 12207
11	September 10, 2013
12	Before:
12	perore.
13	CHIEF JUDGE JONATHAN LIPPMAN
1.4	ASSOCIATE JUDGE CHGAN DULLI DG DEAD
14	ASSOCIATE JUDGE SUSAN PHILLIPS READ ASSOCIATE JUDGE ROBERT S. SMITH
15	ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE F. PIGOTT, JR.
	ASSOCIATE JUDGE JENNY RIVERA
16	ASSOCIATE JUDGE SHEILA ABDUS-SALAAM
17	Appearances:
18	CHARLES B. MANUEL, JR., ESQ.
19	SHIBOLETH LLP Attorneys for Appellant
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40	NEW TOLK, INT TOUZZ
24	
25	Karen Schiffmiller Official Court Transcriber
ر ک	Official Court Transcriber

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: 160, Merrill Lynch.
2	One second, counsel.
3	(Pause)
4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay. How much
5	do you want rebuttal?
6	MR. MANUEL: Yes, two minutes for rebuttal.
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Two minutes, sure, go
8	ahead, counsel.
9	MR. MANUEL: May it please the court,
10	Charles Manuel for appellants. We have here a
11	situation in which in a hotly contested litigation
12	that had gone on for many months and has continued
13	thereafter for many years in which the parties fought
14	on every issue, very intensely, a lower court made a
15	decision that had a major impact on parties who may
16	not have had any liability whatsoever.
17	JUDGE PIGOTT: Can can I ask you
18	- I apologize for interrupting this, but it it
19	seemed to me that when Judge I guess it was
20	Judge Gammerman you had made a motion to
21	dismiss
22	MR. MANUEL: Correct.
23	JUDGE PIGOTT: as to the individuals.
24	And that was pending.
25	MR. MANUEL: Yeah.

MR. MANUEL: Yeah.

1 JUDGE PIGOTT: But the discovery went 2 forward with respect to the entities. 3 MR. MANUEL: Correct. JUDGE PIGOTT: So even if you violated the 4 5 discovery, wouldn't the default be against the entities, and not against the individuals? 6 MR. MANUEL: That's the - - -7 8 JUDGE PIGOTT: Mean - - assuming for a 9 minute that that - - - I know you're going to say 10 that it was outrageous to - - - to - - -11 MR. MANUEL: It would be a distinct 12 possibility that it would go that way. 13 JUDGE PIGOTT: Why would it be against the 14 individuals when they still weren't even in the case, 15 and, of course, that showed up when one of them - - -16 there was a judgment against him that had to be 17 vacated, because he was - - - because there's no 18 personal jurisdiction. But I thought the whole thing 19 in front of Gammerman was discovery with respect to 20 the entities. 21 MR. MANUEL: And that's exactly what it 22 was. 23 JUDGE PIGOTT: So even if everything they 2.4 said was true, I don't understand how you get - - -25

then get personal judgments against somebody who the

1	discovery was not involved in.
2	MR. MANUEL: I'm having the same problem.
3	JUDGE PIGOTT: Okay.
4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Go ahead, counsel.
5	MR. MANUEL: In any event, what happened
6	here at every level fell substantially short of
7	adequate justice. Justice Gammerman
8	JUDGE GRAFFEO: Did you meet all of the
9	time frames that the judge set?
10	MR. MANUEL: Yes, we did. There was one -
11	
12	JUDGE GRAFFEO: For both the entities, as
13	well as the individuals?
14	MR. MANUEL: That's correct.
15	JUDGE SMITH: Well, did you are you
16	literally saying you met all of them, or are you
17	saying the important one's the last one?
18	MR. MANUEL: We met the one deadline that
19	was set by the court, Your Honor.
20	JUDGE SMITH: Okay.
21	MR. MANUEL: There was one deadline set by
22	the court and that was January 20, 2008.
23	JUDGE GRAFFEO: That was February 20.
24	JUDGE SMITH: You did you did blow a
25	few that were not set by the court.

MR. MANUEL: Yes. Yes. The deadlines that 1 2 counsel is talking about - - -3 JUDGE GRAFFEO: That's the February 20th 4 one you're talking about? 5 MR. MANUEL: Correct. That's correct. And the deadline that counsel is talking about on the 6 7 other side is their series of demands, the fact that we were not able to produce - - -8 9 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Well, what did the 10 referee find? 11 MR. MANUEL: Very difficult to say. If you take a look at his decision, there is a single 12 13 sentence that says anything whatsoever about this 14 particular matter. And what he said was, and go 15 figure, he said that the companies are in compliance 16 with the discovery demands. The individuals, who had 17 no separate records of their own, are not in 18 compliance. 19 JUDGE SMITH: Judge - - - can't - - -20 shouldn't we infer from that that he didn't believe 21 you when you said you had no records? 22 MR. MANUEL: But how - - - how could he do 23 that, Your Honor, when the respondents, Merrill Lynch, came in asking for depositions to test the 2.4

assertion that we made that the individuals had no

1	other documents, as against Merrill's assertion that
2	they did. That discovery, which was the only thing
3	Merrill was
4	JUDGE SMITH: And at that point, they said,
5	we're not asking you for a default judgment.
6	MR. MANUEL: Exactly.
7	JUDGE SMITH: Yeah.
8	MR. MANUEL: They said that specifically in
9	their own papers. And so we cannot yes,
10	inferences can be made, but how far can you stretch
11	the inferences to fill the gaps that exist in this
12	record? We've no discovery with no hearing.
13	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So how did we
14	so how did we get where we are?
15	MR. MANUEL: Excuse me, Your Honor?
16	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: How did this happen,
17	then, in this circumstance?
18	MR. MANUEL: I I
19	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: An overzealous judge?
20	What what do you think?
21	MR. MANUEL: Well
22	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: From your
23	perspective, anyway.
24	MR. MANUEL: Justice Justice
25	Gammerman has, indeed, a significant record of having

been reversed in situations where there were 1 2 particular defaults in discovery, but they did not 3 begin to approach the level of willful, contumacious, bad faith that is required under - - -4 5 JUDGE SMITH: Isn't it - - - I mean, but isn't - - - I mean, isn't - - - wasn't - - - isn't 6 7 Justice Gammerman - - - I mean, wasn't he dealing 8 with a really serious problem that people in the 9 State Courts don't pay attention to deadlines. And 10 it drives practitioners crazy and it drives judges 11 crazy, and isn't it important to crack down on the 12 offenders when they - - - and maybe he - - - if he is 13 being firmer than some of the other judges, well, why 14 shouldn't we support him? 15 MR. MANUEL: Well - - -16 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Especially in this 17 age of, you know, very heavy case loads. 18 MR. MANUEL: Because - - -19 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Particularly in that court - - - go ahead. 20 21 MR. MANUEL: Because sometimes, Your Honor, 22 it can just get too extreme. I agree with you. 23 There are a number of circumstances - - - there can 2.4 be many cases in which a party has come before the

court, has disregarded deadline after deadline after

1	deadline, the judge has come in and said, listen,
2	you're time is
3	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So your argument is
4	just too much here
5	MR. MANUEL: It just went much too far
6	-
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: too too -
8	to take Judge Smith one step further, the judge
9	is trying to move cases
10	MR. MANUEL: Yes.
11	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: and and
12	sometimes being very tough to move those cases. So
13	you're saying in in this case, or in some other
14	cases, arbitrary, in just going too far in pushing,
15	pushing, pushing? Is that what this is all about?
16	MR. MANUEL: Correct, Your Honor.
17	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: The judge is moving
18	the cases, yet where do you draw the line as to how
19	far you go?
20	MR. MANUEL: Yes. I think that's exactly
21	right, Your Honor.
22	JUDGE GRAFFEO: Where where was the
23	mis where did the misstep occur? Because the
24	judge did appoint a special referee.
25	MR. MANUEL: Yes.

1	JUDGE GRAFFEO: That wasn't inappropriate.
2	MR. MANUEL: Correct.
3	JUDGE GRAFFEO: And I take it the special
4	referee had copies of all the documents or
5	MR. MANUEL: Yes.
6	JUDGE GRAFFEO: CD ROMs of everything
7	that had been exchanged.
8	MR. MANUEL: He had copies of the documents
9	and CD ROMs, but where it seemed to have gone astray
10	is at that level.
11	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You think the referee
12	is doing the judge's bidding, is that what you're
13	- you're saying?
14	MR. MANUEL: No, no, not necessarily, Your
15	Honor.
16	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Then what happened?
17	JUDGE GRAFFEO: Then what what did
18	you want the referee to do?
19	MR. MANUEL: Well, here's what here's
20	what
21	JUDGE GRAFFEO: To schedule depositions?
22	MR. MANUEL: Schedule the depositions that
23	Merrill Lynch was asking for. Let Merrill Lynch
24	examine these individuals as to the individuals'
25	assertions, that they, in fact, had made full

1	production of everything that they had in their
2	possession, everything related to the company.
3	JUDGE GRAFFEO: But what if the referee
4	felt you weren't going to produce the individuals?
5	MR. MANUEL: There was no basis.
6	JUDGE GRAFFEO: I mean, they're all
7	most of them are out the country, right?
8	MR. MANUEL: Yes, but they had been in this
9	country quite regularly, except for Albert Nasser,
10	and I would like to spend a couple of minutes
11	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So the referee moved
12	too quickly?
13	MR. MANUEL: I'm sorry?
14	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: The referee moved too
15	quickly?
16	MR. MANUEL: He moved actually moved
17	quite slowly. It was ten-and-a-half months between
18	the referral of the matter to the referee and his
19	-
20	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Well, I mean, in
21	terms of drawing a judgment on you.
22	MR. MANUEL: Yes, because all the
23	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Making a judgment.
24	MR. MANUEL: All the referee did, he had us
25	there: he had a pile of papers from us a pile of

1	papers from Merrill Lynch. He had Merrill's request
2	for depositions, which presumably would have been
3	followed by a hearing. And to answer your earlier
4	question
5	JUDGE GRAFFEO: And had there been if
6	I could just ask you
7	MR. MANUEL: Yes.
8	JUDGE GRAFFEO: Had there been dates set
9	for depositions?
LO	MR. MANUEL: No. They Merrill did
L1	not
L2	JUDGE GRAFFEO: He put no notices of
L3	depositions.
L4	MR. MANUEL: attempt to set dates;
L5	they did not move to compel the depositions. The
L6	referee did not respond to the request for
L7	depositions; it never happened.
L8	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Quick quickly,
L9	do do Albert.
20	MR. MANUEL: Yes, very simply and
21	this is very important. The record is simply wrong.
22	The findings of the Appellate Division are wrong as
23	to Albert Nasser. And I think this is extremely
24	important. Here's what they said.

The Appellate Division said that there was

1 a record of trading activity by Albert Nasser that 2 brought him within jurisdiction in New York, even 3 though he resided in Argentina. His account had 4 always been at Merrill Lynch in Sao Paulo. Then, at 5 the very, very end, Merrill's counsel said in their brief here, that it was three months before the 6 7 debacle in mid-March of 2008, but in fact, it was 8 only the month before, where in other papers, they 9 said it came up. 10 In any event, the accounts came up from Sao 11 Paulo to New York. Mr. Nasser never came to New 12 York. 13 JUDGE SMITH: Did he - - - did he - - - did he communicate with his broker in New York during 14 15 that month? MR. MANUEL: Counsel, in his affirmation -16 17 -- I -- in an affirmation by the attorney, said that he made about five calls to his broker during 18 19 that period, whether it was one month or three 20 months. It's unclear from their papers. 21 JUDGE SMITH: What did - - - what did - - -22 what did Mr. Nasser say on that subject? 23 MR. MANUEL: Mr. Nasser said he did not 2.4 have any - - -

JUDGE SMITH: He said - - - he said - - -

1	he said never picked up the phone, never dialed 212.
2	MR. MANUEL: He said he did not I
3	can't say he never picked up the phone, Your Honor.
4	But he did not pick up the phone with sufficient
5	regularity to meet the test of the case law.
6	JUDGE SMITH: Did he
7	JUDGE RIVERA: But the but the
8	Merrill Lynch he knew that this Merrill Lynch
9	representative was now in New York, did he not?
10	MR. MANUEL: No.
11	JUDGE RIVERA: He understood that, did he
12	not?
13	MR. MANUEL: No, he did not, Your Honor
14	-
15	JUDGE RIVERA: He did not?
16	MR. MANUEL: and he said so in his
17	affidavit, whereas counsel
18	JUDGE RIVERA: Well, where did he think he
19	was
20	MR. MANUEL: I'm sorry.
21	JUDGE RIVERA: Where did he think they
22	were, still in Sao Paulo?
23	MR. MANUEL: Yes. He's an older man.
24	Right now, I believe he's eighty-six years old. He's
25	in very very ill health. And at the time he was

1	not doing particularly well, either. But
2	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, what do
3	-
4	MR. MANUEL: I'm sorry.
5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What about Scarlett?
6	MR. MANUEL: Yeah, I'm sorry.
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Scarlett.
8	MR. MANUEL: Scarlett, yes.
9	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Quickly, go ahead.
LO	MR. MANUEL: All right. College student.
L1	Had nothing whatsoever to do with
L2	JUDGE SMITH: They they didn't serve
L3	a discovery demand on her, did they?
L4	MR. MANUEL: And they did not even serve a
L5	discovery demand. Here she is to live for the rest
L6	of her life with a judgment that can never be paid.
L7	JUDGE SMITH: So is it is it is
L8	it is it part of your argument that if they
L9	entered a default judgment against somebody who never
20	got a discovery emand demand, maybe they
21	they were not being meticulous enough?
22	MR. MANUEL: I dare say that that is the
23	case.
24	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel, you'll
25	have your rebuttal Let's hear from your adversary

1	Counsel, what about Albert and Scarlett
2	first
3	MR. SCHACTER: Sure.
4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: and then you
5	get to your
6	MR. SCHACTER: Let's start I do it in
7	reverse order.
8	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yes, let's do it.
9	MR. SCHACTER: Number one, Scarlett. It is
LO	correct, and we were it was we who pointed this
L1	out that a document, of course, had not been served
L2	on Scarlett personally. However, she was a
L3	representative of Global Strat. She was the
L4	beneficiary of the trust that owned Global Strat and
L5	because of that, she was required to participate in
L6	discovery and produce documents that she had that
L7	related to the claims against Global Strat.
L8	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Whether or not there
L9	was a demand on her.
20	MR. SCHACTER: Whether or not there was a
21	demand to her, because there was a demand to Global
22	Strat, she was required to produce those documents.
23	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, what about
24	- what about Albert, and then you go.

MR. SCHACTER: As to Albert on

1	jurisdiction, there were actually a number of factors
2	that pointed to jurisdiction. First of all, it is
3	not correct that Albert said he didn't test
4	that he didn't speak by phone with a broker. In
5	fact, he said, "Thereafter" meaning after the
6	accounts were transferred to New York. "Thereafter"
7	this is Record 1232 "my only contact with
8	plaintiff's New York office was by telephone. I have
9	never visited New York or transacted with"
10	JUDGE SMITH: Did did he say that he
11	didn't know he was talking to New York when he was -
12	
13	MR. SCHACTER: No, no, not at all. So it's
14	a short affidavit. He doesn't say he doesn't
15	say that at all. And he
16	JUDGE RIVERA: Who initiated the calls?
17	Merrill Lynch?
18	MR. SCHACTER: I'm sorry?
19	JUDGE RIVERA: Merrill Lynch initiated the
20	calls? Is it correct he was responding to calls?
21	MR. SCHACTER: The record doesn't indicate
22	that, but I don't think Merrill Lynch initiated the
23	calls, and therefore, I think, to call New York from
24	Argentina, you need to dial a U.S. country code, but
25	

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: That's
2	MR. SCHACTER: I can't say that level
3	of detail is available.
4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: If he had if he
5	had one call, is that enough?
6	MR. SCHACTER: Well, under the Deutsche
7	Bank decision, I think yes is the answer, but there
8	were more than one calls. And my my
9	affirmation
10	JUDGE SMITH: Well, wait. I'm referring to
11	the page you were refer so she he says
12	"Any meetings, telephone calls or other
13	correspondence I had with Ms. Pimentel occurred while
14	she was in Brazil, not in New York."
15	MR. SCHACTER: That no, that
16	Ms. Pimentel is the branch manager, not the broker.
17	JUDGE SMITH: I see.
18	MR. SCHACTER: The brok she stayed in
19	Brazil.
20	JUDGE SMITH: I see.
21	MR. SCHACTER: The broker is Claudia
22	Schraurer (ph.).
23	JUDGE SMITH: Okay.
24	MR. SCHACTER: That's referenced in
25	paragraph 3. Claudia Schraurer moved to New York in,

I think, on December 17th, 2007, if I'm not mistaken. 1 2 So thereafter, the communications were with her. 3 under Deutsche Bank - - -CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah. 4 5 MR. SCHACTER: - - - any communication that 6 - - - that leads to a transaction, and there were 7 here, telephone calls, e-mails, and substantial 8 trading during the first quarter of February 2008, to 9 the tunes of tens of millions of dollars. 10 happened in the first quarter. Under Deutsche Bank, 11 this is an easy and clear case. There's jurisdiction 12 over Albert. 13 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What about the broader issue? 14 15 MR. SCHACTER: Okay, on the broader issue, our view is that - - - that the sanction was 16 17 appropriate in light of two factors. Number one, the consistent - - - persistent, and continuing to this 18 19 day, refusal of the Nassers themselves to produce one 20 single document. 21 JUDGE SMITH: But they - - - but they say -- - they say that all of their documents were in the 22 23 files - - - there were no separate files, that the

company fi - - - that all the documents were in the

company files. What in the record proves that that

2.4

is false? 1 2 MR. SCHACTER: They had e-mail. They all 3 used e-mail. Every single one of them used e-mails. 4 We put into the record sample e-mails that each of 5 them used. They did not produce any electronic discovery. They did not go into their e-mail 6 7 accounts and look for e-mails. JUDGE PIGOTT: I - - - I - - -8 9 MR. SCHACTER: There's nothing - - -10 JUDGE PIGOTT: Can you straighten this out 11 for me? MR. SCHACTER: 12 Sure. 13 JUDGE PIGOTT: It was the first question I If - - - if - - - if you sued General Motors, 14 asked. 15 and you've got to bring the president of General 16 Motors in on a deposition and he refuses to come, can 17 you get a personal judgment against him? 18 MR. SCHACTER: If he was a party to the 19 case. 20 JUDGE PIGOTT: No, he's not. And this - -21 MR. SCHACTER: Well, he - - - but he was -22 23 - - I'm sorry. 2.4 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, in this case, there 25 was a motion to dismiss all of that that was pending,

1 so they hadn't filed an answer yet. 2 MR. SCHACTER: True. 3 JUDGE PIGOTT: And as I understand it, what Gammerman said was, the discovery will go forward 4 5 with respect to the entities - - -MR. SCHACTER: No. 6 7 JUDGE PIGOTT: - - - so they were being - -8 - they were being - - - the discovery notice is 9 directed to them. The discovery that was going was 10 in respect to the entities, because they still 11 weren't technic - - - I mean, I realized you'd sued 12 them, but they still hadn't filed an answer, and then 13 - - - and - - - and there was a motion pending to 14 dismiss. So just as happened with, I think, was it -15 - - Ezeq - - - one of them - - -16 MR. SCHACTER: Ezequiel. 17 JUDGE PIGOTT: - - - a judgment is rendered 18 against him, and then he says, well, you don't - - -19 we don't have any jurisdiction. 20 MR. SCHACTER: Well, actually that was 21 Albert, but - - -JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, that - - - that - - -22 23 I mean, it just seems to me - - -2.4 MR. SCHACTER: Well, well, let me - - -25 Judge Pigott, let me - - -

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1
                    JUDGE PIGOTT: - - - just - - - just to set
          the table for you - - -
 2
 3
                    MR. SCHACTER: - - - yeah, sure - - - let
 4
          me try to - - -
 5
                    JUDGE PIGOTT: It seems - - - it just seems
 6
          to me you can't get a judgment against somebody
 7
          because they don't - - - they don't do what you want
 8
          in discovery with respect to a corporation.
 9
                    MR. SCHACTER: I don't agree - - -
                    JUDGE PIGOTT: Okay.
10
11
                    MR. SCHACTER: - - - and let me explain
12
          why. Number one, the judge's order was not specific
13
          to which parties have to participate in discovery.
14
          It's which claims are the subject of discovery.
15
                    JUDGE SMITH: But as to - - - as to - - -
                    MR. SCHACTER: And one of the claims - - -
16
17
          sorry.
18
                    JUDGE SMITH: But as to those claims - - -
19
                    MR. SCHACTER: Yes.
                    JUDGE SMITH: - - - were not the - - - were
20
21
          not the indiv - - - the Nasser individuals third
22
          parties, rather than defendants?
23
                    MR. SCHACTER: In a sense, they were. I
2.4
          guess it would be analogous - - -
25
                    JUDGE SMITH: If - - - if - - - if - - -
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1	MR. SCHACTER: but they weren't third
2	parties.
3	JUDGE SMITH: But didn't they at least have
4	an argument that they did not have the responsibility
5	of parties on those claims?
6	MR. SCHACTER: They had that argument and
7	the judge rejected it. And once the judge rejected
8	it, he was sub those persons were subject to
9	the judge's orders regarding discovery. You cannot
10	be a conscientious objector to the fact and say
11	JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, but would the judgment
12	then
13	MR. SCHACTER: I think the judge is
14	wrong, and not participate.
15	JUDGE PIGOTT: Would the judgment then be
16	to dismiss their third-party claim?
17	MR. SCHACTER: Well, it again, it
18	wasn't a third in a sense it's analogous to it,
19	but they were parties. Judges have authority to
20	direct parties, even if they filed motions to
21	dismiss, to participate in discovery. A stay is not
22	mandatory.
23	JUDGE PIGOTT: But there was one here that
24	
25	MR. SCHACTER: Well, there was a but

the stay was of discovery with regard to the claims against the individuals. As to the claims against the companies, the individuals - - - and remember, these were shell companies, had the - - - we're not talking about General Motors.

JUDGE PIGOTT: Right.

2.4

MR. SCHACTER: We're talking about companies that were created to hold and trade personal assets of the Nassers.

JUDGE PIGOTT: But I - - - I - - -

 $$\operatorname{MR}.$  SCHACTER: There was no other place to get documents from.

JUDGE PIGOTT: But it just occurred to me that if I have to provide discovery, and it's with respect to a corporation that I'm part of, I'm going to do that. And I'll - - - anything that has to do with it. I'm not going to give you my phone conversation with somebody else. I'm not going to give you mail that I had with somebody else. I'm going to give you everything with respect to that corporation. And if there's a problem with that, then you can bring in - - - as you did - - - a motion, you know, to compel.

But the judge decided to go even beyond what you asked for and say, no, we're going to grant

1 a judgment against them, because as far as we're 2 concerned, even though you may have misunderstood, we 3 think it was intentional; we're not going to do it. MR. SCHACTER: Well, this - - - this goes 4 5 to the issue of the depositions - - -6 JUDGE PIGOTT: Right. 7 MR. SCHACTER: - - - and what it was we 8 asked for. The case was referred by Judge Gammerman 9 to a referee. He made clear he expected full 10 compliance, by all parties, and we can - - - we can 11 debate whether or not that was a good idea to require 12 the individuals to participate in discovery, but he 13 did it. 14 JUDGE PIGOTT: Right. 15 MR. SCHACTER: He ordered it. And the - -16 - and there was no objection to that by the - - - by 17 the individuals. So the case went to the referee. We said, we would like to know what the individual 18 19 Nassers did to try to comply with this. We asked for 20 - - - we had eighty-five categories of request. And 21 so, therefore, we said, please, to start, give us a 22 deposition. But the referee - - -23 JUDGE SMITH: And he did - - - you did say, 2.4 at this point, we're not asking for a default.

MR. SCHACTER:

That is correct.

1 absolutely did say that. However, I think what the 2 referee was driven by was two things. The Nassers 3 said we don't have anything to produce, and that was 4 utterly implausible for the reasons I've described a 5 little bit and that - - - and further stated in our 6 brief, number one. Number two, the Nassers did not 7 submit an affidavit to the referee attesting that 8 they didn't have documents, and explaining what it 9 was that they did to try to look for them - - -10 JUDGE SMITH: On your - - - on your - - -MR. SCHACTER: - - - and without that - - -11 12 JUDGE SMITH: On your first point - - -13 MR. SCHACTER: Yes. 14 JUDGE SMITH: - - - that it's implausible. 15 You say it's implausible, and you submitted e-mails 16 to show that they - - - that they - - -17 MR. SCHACTER: That they had e-mails. JUDGE SMITH: Where is that in this record? 18 19 MR. SCHACTER: I believe it's - - - around 1100 of the record. I can try to get you the exact 2.0 21 citation. We attached a sample of, I think, five or 22 six e-mails. 23 JUDGE PIGOTT: While you're looking, it 2.4 struck me in the beginning that, you know, 25 everybody's playing some - - - you know, it's a

1 pretty good food fight here. I mean, you're fighting 2 over days. You're fighting over hours as to when 3 things were supposed to be - - - I mean, I haven't 4 seen anything like that in - - - and I actually did 5 practice for a number of years, and it strikes me 6 that when somebody says, oh, he's lying to you, 7 judge; he said he mailed it on Friday, and we can prove that that - - - the disk wasn't made. 8 9 kind of nonsense - - - and I truly think it is - - -10 is beyond any lawyer. I mean, for goodness' sake. I 11 mean - -12 MR. SCHACTER: I would respectfully 13 disagree, Your Honor. JUDGE PIGOTT: And I'll tell you why - - -14 15 MR. SCHACTER: Yeah. 16 JUDGE PIGOTT: - - - it troubles me so 17 much. Discovery demands, you can spit out in a 18 heartbeat. You can - - - you can get a par - - - not 19 a paralegal, but a - - - you know, a halfway 20 competent lawyer to fill in all the blanks on your 21 seventy-five page background demand, and say you've 22 got ten days to respond. And it's a bigger freight -23 - - you know, to respond than it is to get them out. 2.4 MR. SCHACTER: Yeah.

JUDGE PIGOTT: And then to say, well, you

1 know, you were three days off. MR. SCHACTER: Well, but that wasn't really 2 3 the situation here. First of all, it had been four months since we had - - -4 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, it seemed like that's 5 6 what had fired up Judge Gammerman. 7 MR. SCHACTER: Well, it was, because what 8 happened is, we - - - we - - - we sent a letter to 9 Judge Gammerman, saying, hey, it's been four months, 10 we haven't gotten a document yet. We appeared before him. Judge Gammerman 11 12 turned to Mr. Manuel, and said, when is the document 13 production going to start? That was on January 26th. 14 He said January 29th, three days later. Nothing came 15 in on that day. 16 I wrote a letter on Monday saying, Your 17 Honor, they didn't send a letter. And that's when Mr. Manuel sent this letter talking about the package 18 that inadvertently wasn't delivered. And that wasn't 19 true and - - -20 21 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, who cares? I mean - -22 23 MR. SCHACTER: I - - - I - - -2.4 JUDGE PIGOTT: He's - - -25 MR. SCHACTER: You know what? Your Honor,

1 I do care. I think it's important. I don't think 2 it's right to - - - to - - - to make a written 3 misrepresentation to a court and - - -4 JUDGE PIGOTT: But he explained it. I 5 mean, I don't know if it went to Sally, and Sally had a call from her vet, and it didn't get put on the 6 7 disk, and therefore it didn't get put in. I mean, 8 why don't we give somebody the benefit of a break 9 when we're talking about a ninety-million dollar 10 default? 11 MR. SCHACTER: Because what Mr. Manuel said 12 was not anything like that. He said there was a 13 package. He made a specific representation to the court. He went in front of Judge Gammerman. He 14 15 persisted in saying that. 16 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Can the judge - - -17 can the judge sometime, in the haste of moving cases, can they abuse their discretion? 18 19 MR. SCHACTER: I think judges can, for 20 sure, abuse their discretion. I don't think that 21 happened here. 22 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: In a very, very, very 23 large case like this, and I think there's two sides 2.4 of it - - -

MR. SCHACTER:

Sure.

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - when you talked 2 before about, gee, it's got to mean something, and 3 then on the other hand, sometimes a lot of it is kind 4 of bluster to move the parties along, and it's sort 5 of, oh, yeah, oh, yeah? We're going to do it. Is 6 there a point where a judge abuses their - - -7 MR. SCHACTER: I think that point could come in another case. 8 9 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But what - - - what 10 this - - -11 MR. SCHACTER: I don't think that happened 12 here, and I say that for two reasons. Number one, 13 the judge asked Mr. Manuel at the second conference 14 when he asked him again, when are you going to start 15 producing? 16 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Right. 17 MR. SCHACTER: You tell me when you're 18 going to produce everything by. You - - - you pick 19 the date. And Mr. Manuel picked the date of February 20 20, eighteen - - - or sixteen days later. 21 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, and what's the 22 second point? Go ahead, counsel. 23 MR. SCHACTER: And the second point was 2.4 they didn't produce any documents - - - to this day

have not produced any documents.

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay.
2	MR. SCHACTER: The e-mails are
3	started 11 the record of 1115
4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel.
5	MR. SCHACTER: These were just a few of the
6	samples that we had.
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thank you; thank you.
8	JUDGE RIVERA: Chief, may I just ask
9	I'm sorry
10	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Oh, Judge Rivera.
11	JUDGE RIVERA: May I just ask, counsel, is
12	there any other point during the many, many apparent
13	warnings that you were citing to, that that the
14	judge said that he would bring down this hammer on
15	them?
16	MR. SCHACTER: Yes. I said
17	JUDGE RIVERA: This particular type of
18	sanction?
19	MR. SCHACTER: Yes, Judge Gammerman said
20	twice on February 4th, after the examination on the
21	subject of the package, he ended that by saying, let
22	me tell you, if you don't produce the documents by
23	the date you select, February 20th, this is what I'm
24	going to do. If you don't produce everything, I'm
25	going to enter I'm going to refer it to a

referee and enter a default. At the end of the 1 2 hearing, about ten minutes later, after we discussed 3 some other issues, he said it again. So he said 4 exactly what was going to happen, and it did happen. 5 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel. 6 JUDGE RIVERA: He said one day, twice. 7 MR. SCHACTER: He said it one day, and he 8 said it twice, and then he followed up, yes. 9 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay. 10 JUDGE SMITH: Can I get - - - I - - -11 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yes, Judge Smith. 12 JUDGE SMITH: I also have - - - have an 13 overtime question. 14 MR. SCHACTER: Sure. 15 JUDGE SMITH: Is it a problem that neither 16 the referee nor Justice Gammerman really said what he 17 found. I mean, you say they - - - they must have 18 found that there were - - - essentially, that there 19 were electronic documents that weren't produced, and 20 therefore their denials were incredible. Is it too 21 much to ask that they should at least say that before 22 they enter a hundred million dollar default judgment? 23 MR. SCHACTER: I - - - I think I wish the 2.4 referee had supplied some greater detail in his

opinion, but given the implausibility of it - - - and

it's not just the e-mails: bank records, tax 1 2 returns, any documents concerning the accounts. We 3 asked for a lot; certainly the requests were broad. 4 But because they were broad, it's not possible that 5 there aren't any documents. It's just isn't possible 6 7 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel. 8 MR. SCHACTER: - - - and I think that 9 combined with the lack of an affidavit is really what 10 explains it. 11 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, thank you, 12 counsel. 13 MR. SCHACTER: Thank you. 14 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Appreciate it. 15 MR. SCHACTER: Thank you. 16 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, rebuttal. 17 MR. MANUEL: Thank you. Every document 18 that counsel is referring to, necessarily under the 19 court's orders, had to be a document related to the 20 companies. It had to be a company-related document, 21 that's what they - - -22 JUDGE PIGOTT: Was that the dispute? 23 Because, I mean, as Mr. Schacter points, out the 2.4 demands included an awful lot of stuff that was - - -

that you would - - - you know, you may or may not say

1 it relates to the entity. They can relate to the 2 entities, but you obviously felt that they didn't. 3 MR. MANUEL: And everything that we had related to the entities was produced, Your Honor. 4 5 JUDGE SMITH: You're - - - you're saying that your e-mails or whatever did not relate to the 6 7 claims against the entities? 8 MR. MANUEL: Correct. Well, no, no, I'm 9 saying that the e-mails in question - - - whatever e-10 mails may have existed or not existed, anything 11 related to the companies. So how then could the referee say in one breath, the companies were in 12 13 compliance? The companies produced everything. JUDGE PIGOTT: He said there was a failure 14 15 of proof on that, right? 16 MR. MANUEL: Exactly. 17 JUDGE PIGOTT: He said there was 18 insufficient proof that they didn't put - - - there's 19 proof that you did. 20 MR. MANUEL: We need a record here. 21 Something that someone can hang his hat on. 22 Now, with respect to jurisdiction, I want 23 to cite a couple of cases for your reading here. 2.4 First of all, here's what the Appellate Division

They said that jurisdiction existed over

25

said.

Albert Nasser because of two factors. One was calls to New York.

2.4

But it's been held in the Barington Capital Group v. Arsenault case, cited in our brief, five phone calls to the plaintiff's office in New York to place orders for the purchase of stock were not sufficient purposeful activity to force personal jurisdiction.

Right in the record, on page 1232, the same page cited by counsel, what did Mr. Albert Nasser say? His understanding - - - older man who had dealt with Merrill Lynch in Sao Paulo for many years - - - was that the accounts were still there. He didn't know in this one month window before the debacle occurred that this transition had occurred, that in his mind meant that he was calling New York. He had no such conception. He states in his affidavit that he understood his accounts were in Sao Paulo.

Next point made by the Appellate Division with respect to jurisdiction. They are speaking to - with respect to a single phone call, aside from placing orders. That was a phone call in which Merrill Lynch, not Mr. Nasser, was holding a meeting. This is the day that Bear Stearns went down, and this disaster occurred. Merrill Lynch calls a meeting.

They called a conference call, and they 1 2 asked Albert Nasser to participate in that call. It 3 was initiated by Merrill. We have the cases cited in 4 our brief that say that where the plaintiff initiates 5 the call, they cannot bring the defendant in for a jurisdiction on that case. 6 7 JUDGE PIGOTT: Is Albert's - - - is Albert's affidavit in the record? 8 9 MR. MANUEL: I'm sorry. 10 JUDGE PIGOTT: Is Albert's affidavit in the 11 record? MR. MANUEL: Yes, it is. It includes the -12 13 JUDGE PIGOTT: If it is, I'll find it. I 14 15 don't mean to hold you up. 16 MR. MANUEL: Yes. 17 JUDGE RIVERA: And - - - and are you saying 18 there's nothing leading up to that call or during 19 that call that would otherwise have put him on notice 20 that, oh, that account is now in New York, or being 21 handled out of New York? 22 MR. MANUEL: Nothing whatsoever. And Your 23 Honor, Merrill does not cite one word allegedly 2.4 spoken by Albert Nasser in that phone call.

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, coun - - -

1	MR. MANUEL: There's nothing to suggest
2	what the separate account was. Thank you.
3	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel, thank
4	you both. Appreciate it.
5	MR. SCHACTER: Thank you.
6	(Court is adjourned)
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## CERTIFICATION

I, Karen Schiffmiller, certify that the foregoing transcript of proceedings in the Court of Appeals Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated v. Global Strat, Inc., No. 160 was prepared using the required transcription equipment and is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

Hour Laboffmille. 

Signature:

2.4

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Date: September 18, 2013