1	COURT OF APPEALS
2	STATE OF NEW YORK
3	
4	VIVIANE ETIENNE MEDICAL CARE, P.C.,
5	Respondent,
6	-against-
7	No. 75 COUNTRY-WIDE INS. CO.,
8	Appellant.
9	
10	Judicial Institute 84 North Broadway
11	White Plains, New York 10603 April 28, 2015
12	
13	Before: CHIEF JUDGE JONATHAN LIPPMAN
14	ASSOCIATE JUDGE SUSAN PHILLIPS READ ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE F. PIGOTT, JR.
15	ASSOCIATE JUDGE JENNY RIVERA ASSOCIATE JUDGE SHEILA ABDUS-SALAAM
16	ASSOCIATE JUDGE LESLIE E. STEIN ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE M. FAHEY
17	
18	Appearances:
19	THOMAS TORTO, ESQ. LAW OFFICE OF THOMAS TORTO
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21	New York, NY 10016
22	DAVID M. GOTTLIEB, ESQ. GARY TSIRELMAN, P.C.
23	Attorneys for Respondent 129 Livingston Street
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25	Sara Winkeljohn Official Court Transcriber

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Number 75. 1 2 Counsel, would you like any rebuttal time? 3 MR. TORTO: Yes, Your Honor. 4 minutes, please. 5 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Three minutes. 6 Go ahead. You're on. 7 MR. TORTO: Good afternoon. My name is 8 Thomas Torto. I represent the defendant-appellant 9 Country-Wide Insurance Company. This case presents 10 the court with a question of what is the standard of 11 proof, the burden of proof, on a motion for summary 12 judgment by a healthcare provider. 13 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What is the standard 14 of proof, counsel? 15 MR. TORTO: We suggest that the standard of proof should be the same standard that is well-known 16 17 and familiar law. Eliminate all questions of fact 18 and - - - and show, as a matter of law, the movant is 19 entitled to relief based on an affidavit, based on 20 personal knowledge, which presents the documents that 2.1 they rely on in admissible form. 22 JUDGE PIGOTT: But what do we do about the fact that this whole no-fault scheme was designed to 23 24 get this stuff done. And here we are - - I - - - I

forget what the date of the accident was in - - -

'04, and we're still fighting over 6,000 dollars.

And you're in the Court of Appeals. You've got

twenty-eight affirmative defenses over 6,000-dollar

claim. They've got whatever - - whatever they got.

2.1

I mean, it seemed to me that when - - - when you had the invoices July, August, September - - - I - - - I - - - I don't - - - I don't think they went to November - - - you didn't do anything. Now, it would seem to me you'd say, well, we don't have the - - - the medical backup, which you're allowed to do. You didn't do that. And - - - and now all of a sudden, because you - - - you want to fight this thing, you're saying well, they didn't - - - they didn't give us the backup. Aren't you supposed to do that quickly?

MR. TORTO: No. I don't think - - - in this case, these eight NF-3s in question, there is no way that a claim examiner looking at these claim - - looking at these NF-3s - - -

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, but why didn't the burden shift to you once they - - - once they did these forms or gave you the form? You mean, you just do absolutely nothing? If you wanted to ask them for more verification, it would be one issue.

MR. TORTO: No, no.

	CHIEF JODGE LIFFMAN. But you go over the
2	time limit and you do absolutely nothing. Why is it
3	better in that circumstance, in the context, as Judge
4	Pigott is just saying, of these no-fault situations,
5	why is it better to do this? Why or isn't it a
6	case, they submit the forms, you act; if you don't
7	act, they recover? If you do something, fine. Ask
8	them for more information. Why didn't you do that?
9	MR. TORTO: Well, first, you can't tell
10	_
11	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: And they did submit
12	an affidavit by someone with knowledge about these
13	forms.
14	MR. TORTO: Right. But these forms
15	these claim forms are not the claim forms of the
16	plaintiff. That's the whole point here.
17	JUDGE FAHEY: Well, right. But but
18	they still have to do that
19	MR. TORTO: They're the bills of the
20	provider.
21	JUDGE RIVERA: And are you saying you
22	wouldn't know that when you have it?
23	JUDGE FAHEY: I guess the question is that
24	
25	MR. TORTO: You wouldn't know that. Look

1 at these bills. 2 JUDGE RIVERA: So you would never ask, show 3 me the underlying information that shows, indeed, those services were provided. You would never ask? 4 5 MR. TORTO: No. You might ask. But I'm 6 just saying look at this - - -7 JUDGE RIVERA: Well, when - - - when would 8 you might? What would trigger I might ask? MR. TORTO: Well, if there was a problem 9 10 with - - - with the - - - the bills itself. If they 11 raised a - - - raised a red flag, if you wanted a - -12 - a medical report or some kind of medical backup. 13 But if you did nothing, you would not know - - - in 14 this case the record shows that nobody knew - - -CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: All right. But you -15 - - but you did do nothing. 16 17 JUDGE FAHEY: Okay. But - - -18 MR. TORTO: Right. 19 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Judge Fahey, go 20 ahead. 2.1 JUDGE FAHEY: It seems to me you got - - -22 there's a two-prong analysis here. There's a burden-23 of-proof analysis and a waiver analysis. So how is 24 this not waiver on your part?

MR. TORTO: Because even if the defendant

defaulted - - -1 2 JUDGE FAHEY: Um-hum. MR. TORTO: - - - that still doesn't exc -3 - - automatically entitle the plaintiff to recover. 4 5 JUDGE FAHEY: But they're entitled to an 6 answer from them. That's why - - - that - - - that's 7 why I - - - I'm asking you about the waiver analysis. 8 MR. TORTO: Right. 9 JUDGE FAHEY: They - - - they're - - - I'm 10 not saying they're entitled to summary judgment, but 11 going back to the process itself, by not responding, 12 you waive your response. And we don't even have to 13 really get to the burden-of-proof analysis, which is, 14 I think, what the Second Department was getting at. 15 MR. TORTO: Yes. But the - - - I think the - - - the mistake that the Second Department made was 16 17 concluding that this bill, that this - - - these 18 eight claims - - -19 JUDGE FAHEY: Um-hum. 20 MR. TORTO: - - - are the claims of the 2.1 provider. JUDGE STEIN: Well, you don't disagree that 22 23 you can't, at any point now, go back and challenge 24 whether, in fact, that - - - that those services were

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rendered.

1	MR. TORTO: Right.
2	JUDGE STEIN: What you're saying is is that
3	is that they have to present that proof to the
4	court. It's just like a default judgment.
5	MR. TORTO: Correct.
6	JUDGE STEIN: So even if there's nobody on
7	the other side which effectively there is no
8	one on the other side
9	MR. TORTO: Correct.
10	JUDGE STEIN: because you've been
11	precluded. But even in those situations, they have
12	to come forward with evidence in admissible form to
13	show that they're entitled to recover
14	MR. TORTO: Correct.
15	JUDGE STEIN: on those claims. Isn't
16	that isn't that what you're essentially saying?
17	MR. TORTO: Correct. That's our position.
18	JUDGE STEIN: Okay.
19	MR. TORTO: That's our position.
20	JUDGE READ: They have to make a prima
21	facie case.
22	MR. TORTO: Right. The plaintiff should
23	not be in a better position because the defendant
24	answered.

JUDGE RIVERA: Well, it depends how you

define that prima facie case, right? That's the 1 2 difference between the - - -3 MR. TORTO: Well - - -4 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - at the Appellate 5 Department the difference between the majority and -6 - - and the dissent. 7 MR. TORTO: Correct. 8 JUDGE RIVERA: So let me just ask you. 9 said that you wouldn't know on the form. So why is 10 it you denied one of them? What made that particular 11 bill different from the others, because you did deny 12 one? 13 MR. TORTO: No. No, they denied one. 14 I meant was that you would not know that this form 15 was really created by the biller - - -16 JUDGE RIVERA: No. I understand but - - -17 MR. TORTO: - - - and not by the physician. 18 JUDGE RIVERA: I understand your point. 19 But I'm saying what made this - - - I'm just asking. 20 What made this one that you actually denied different 2.1 from the rest? Looked to me like they were all 22 generated the same. MR. TORTO: Yeah. I don't know why they 23 24 didn't deny the other seven.

JUDGE RIVERA: Okay, all right.

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But what - - - but, 2 again, how is this is consistent, your position, with 3 the whole purpose behind the no-fault law? Aren't 4 you going to make these things into extravaganzas 5 every time instead of, again, you do the forms, you have time in which to react, you don't do anything, 6 7 fine, the burden is on you at that point? If you do 8 ask for more things, you get it. Why isn't it a 9 better system under the - - - again, the philosophy 10 behind the no-fault law, to - - - to look at it that 11 way? 12 MR. TORTO: Because the - - -13 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You got the burden 14 shift to you. You either meet it or you don't. 15 MR. TORTO: Well, still, it protects the burden - - - the integrity of the court that the 16 17 movant, in the first instance, has to present the 18 bill based on an affidavit which is based on personal 19 knowledge and it satisfies the hearsay exception for 20 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, not - - - not your 2.1 22 23

client, but some other client, if we find the way you're suggesting, the - - - the - - - the memo should go out, don't pay any claims. Because we won't have to pay these claims for at least three

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1 years by the time they get to the Appellate Division, 2 and they're going to have to get an affidavit from 3 the doctor, and they're going to have to put that together with an affidavit of service on the biller, 4 5 and by then, we're going to be fine. 6 MR. TORTO: No. They don't need an aff - -7 - need an affidavit from the doctor. They need an 8 affidavit, though, from somebody with personal 9 knowledge of the doctor's offices practices and 10 procedures. 11 JUDGE STEIN: Would it be - - enough 12 MR. TORTO: We don't even know who signed 13 this document, these eight claims. 14 JUDGE PIGOTT: You didn't complain. MR. TORTO: We didn't know at the time. 15 16 JUDGE STEIN: Would it be - - - would it be 17 - - enough 18 MR. TORTO: The - - - the carrier, the 19 claims examiner, would not know when these claims 20 came in, that they were in - - - in effect created by 2.1 somebody - - -22 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Are you changing the 23 stat - - - are you - - - by your position, are you 24 changing the statute that they have to put in more

things then they're required to because otherwise,

1 you don't have to do anything? 2 MR. TORTO: No. It's just my - - - our 3 position is that on a motion for summary judgment, 4 they got to - - -5 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Why shouldn't we 6 presume from those forms that they made out a prima 7 facie case? And, again, you want something further, 8 let them know. Seek verification. 9 MR. TORTO: You - - - you wouldn't know 10 during the claim process. It wasn't until this 11 lawsuit was started and an affidavit was submitted 12 from a Roman Matatov, who says he's the third-party 13 biller - - -14 JUDGE RIVERA: So - - - but you get that 15 bill - - -MR. TORTO: - - - who created this form. 16 17 JUDGE RIVERA: But you get the - - -18 MR. TORTO: He even put the codes in. 19 JUDGE RIVERA: Excuse me. But you get the 20 bill. You decided to pay one of them, and you didn't 2.1 act on - - - or, excuse me, to deny one of them. You 22 didn't do anything on the other ones. What - - -23 what triggers the choice of what to do with the other 24 ones? When you're saying, I can't tell from the face 25

of the bill, are you, in effect, saying that you

1	can't use a third-party biller system?
2	MR. TORTO: No.
3	JUDGE RIVERA: Are are there
4	documents? They look to me like they're the exact
5	same form.
6	MR. TORTO: No. And I don't know why they
7	didn't they didn't deny the other ones.
8	There's no explanation in the record as to why they
9	failed to deny the others.
LO	JUDGE RIVERA: But as to the practical
L1	effect
L2	MR. TORTO: But, nevertheless, it's
L3	JUDGE RIVERA: what what is it
L4	in the billing process? Because you seem to be
L5	suggesting there's something different about this
L6	billing process from anything else, and, therefore,
L7	they have to do something specific
L8	MR. TORTO: No.
L9	JUDGE RIVERA: in this lawsuit
20	MR. TORTO: What I'm suggesting is that
21	_
22	JUDGE RIVERA: so they got a prima
23	facie case.
24	MR. TORTO: had they known that this
25	bill was really created by a third-party biller

1	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Well, wouldn't you
2	_
3	MR. TORTO: who even put the codes in
4	
5	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Counsel, wouldn't you
6	assume
7	MR. TORTO: they would have asked for
8	verification.
9	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Wouldn't you assume or
LO	shouldn't your your company assume that there
L1	might be third-party billers who are doing this and
L2	that if you want more information, that you should
L3	ask for it, or deny all the claims until you get all
L4	the information that you want to make sure that the
L5	claim is a verified claim?
L6	MR. TORTO: No. They they can't
L7	- they can't just blankly deny all the claims.
L8	That'd be a violation of the regulations. I'm just
L9	saying that on a motion for summary judgment, they
20	got the
21	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But it's not a
22	violation of the regulations to do nothing?
23	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Right.
24	MR. TORTO: No, it is. They get precluded.
25	The thir not the regs don't say

1 that. It's - - - the Court - - - Court of Appeals 2 cases that preclude it. Yeah. 3 JUDGE READ: Yeah. 4 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, yeah. But - -5 - but yeah. But what the judge is asking you - - -6 so you - - - you're not going to deny them. At least 7 that would be doing something. So that would be a 8 violation of the regs, but to do absolutely nothing 9 is not a violation of the regs and they still can't 10 recover? 11 MR. TORTO: Right. They still - - - they 12 have to make out a prima facie case based on evidence 13 in - - in - - an - an admissible form. 14 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel. JUDGE STEIN: Can I ask - - -15 16 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Oh, I'm sorry. 17 JUDGE STEIN: Can I ask you a question? 18 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Judge Stein. 19 JUDGE STEIN: If - - - if the third-party 20 biller goes and - - - and - - - and learns how - - -2.1 what the process is of the medical provider and how 22 they - - - how all the information is put into the -23 - - into what they get, is that enough to show 24 personal knowledge? 25 MR. TORTO: No.

1	JUDGE STEIN: So familiarity with their
2	process is not?
3	MR. TORTO: No. I don't think so.
4	JUDGE STEIN: But what do they what
5	do they have to so a third-party biller can
6	never have personal knowledge?
7	MR. TORTO: No. You got to who
8	who provide them with the information?
9	JUDGE STEIN: So so you're saying you
10	need the affidavit of every single person in the
11	chain from the medical provider?
12	MR. TORTO: No. I need you need an
13	affidavit to show the the chain. In this
14	this case, it doesn't do it.
15	JUDGE STEIN: Well, why
16	MR. TORTO: Who provided the information
17	and to show
18	JUDGE STEIN: Why can't the third-party
19	provider go to the medical provider and have them
20	say, look, this is how we do everything? And then -
21	and then and they watch and they see and
22	they say okay, well, now we have firsthand knowledge.
23	Why isn't that enough?
24	MR. TORTO: It's it might be
25	firsthand knowledge as to that particular part, but

1 you don't know who's providing the information. And, 2 most importantly, who's providing the codes, who's 3 designating the codes? This - - - a layperson 4 designated the codes. The doctor's got to do it and 5 the doctor's got to sign the NF-3, not a signature 6 stamp. We don't even know that here, Your Honor. 7 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel. 8 You'll have your rebuttal. 9 MR. TORTO: Thank you. 10 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Let's hear from your 11 adversary. 12 MR. GOTTLIEB: Good afternoon. 13 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, what - - -14 do you have to provide the codes that your adversary 15 is talking about? 16 MR. GOTTLIEB: No. There's no reason to 17 provide the codes as - - -18 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, you've got two 19 problems, it seems to me. Number one, if Mr. Matatov 20 has access to all of these medical records, which he 2.1 is certifying has - - - has to do with this accident, 22 there's got to be a HIPAA violation in there 23 somewhere. I don't know where Dr. Etienne would - -24 - would - - - would think about sending his - - - her

medical records to some biller and say fill out the

form for me and - - - and my signature's on file and you can just mail it in. I don't know how Mr.

Matatov has the medical knowledge, and I think that was Mr. Torto's point, to say this was, you know, necessary for the treatment of this - - - of this claimant. And - - - and for some reason, signature on file and someone who says, hey, my job is just to fill out forms somehow qualifies.

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MR. GOTTLIEB: Well, I do believe there is an exception for HIPAA for when you're collecting on medical bills. And as far as the - - - the codes and who puts the information in, in their - - in Country-Wide's reply, they said that we were misconstruing their argument. That they're not saying we have to prove that the bills were accurate. They're not saying we have to prove that the bills were medically necessary. And they're - - - we don't even have to prove that the services were provided.

So if we don't have to prove all of those things - -

JUDGE PIGOTT: No. He's a jump ahead of you. What - - - what he's saying is forget all the administrative stuff. Forget everything that was going on, you know, when this was going on. You're now in court, and there's rules if you're going to

move for 30 - - - under 3212 for summary judgment. 1 2 And that's got to be a person with knowledge of the 3 facts that bases it on, and all you've got is a mailer. And I - - - I don't - - - I don't think it's 4 5 wrong to - - - to have somebody, you know, do an 6 affidavit of service that these things were duly 7 mailed. The complaint, as I understand it, is who's 8 making up the - - - who says that these shock 9 treatments are okay? Mr. Matatov. He's the one that 10 fills in the form. He - - - it says signature on 11 file. It's not - - - if Dr. Etienne had signed these 12 things, I don't think there'd be a fight here. But 13 she doesn't. I mean, it's just somebody with no 14 medical background using, apparently, some statement 15 from someone and wants to get paid. 16 MR. GOTTLIEB: And were there any question as to how the information gets put in a bill or any 17 18 question as to the bill - - -19 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Most of these things 20 go through with just the forms? MR. GOTTLIEB: Submission of the bills? 2.1 22 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah. When you fill 23 in what you submitted, the NP-3s (sic) or whatever 24 the hell they are.

MR. GOTTLIEB: Yes. They - - - any

provider who submits bills, it gets mailed to 1 2 insurance company and the insurance company - - -3 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: And generally gets 4 paid. That's the normal course of this thing? 5 MR. GOTTLIEB: No. Normally they don't get 6 paid. Usually they don't get paid, and then six, ten 7 years later we find ourselves in court. 8 JUDGE RIVERA: So - - - so just to clarify, 9 because he's raised this question about you - - -10 their - - - their claims person would not know, based 11 on what they received, whatever challenge they might 12 have to the underlying demand for payment of 13 services. Is there a difference between what your 14 third-party biller would send and what, I guess, you 15 would have sent? MR. GOTTLIEB: As to the information? 16 17 JUDGE RIVERA: To - - - to - - - if you 18 billed them as - - - if you didn't use another company. If you - - - if we didn't have the cottage 19 20 industry of the third-party billers, you did it 2.1 yourself, does it look different? 22 MR. GOTTLIEB: The bill would be the same. 23 JUDGE RIVERA: It would look exactly the 24 same? 25 MR. GOTTLIEB: It should look very, very

1 similar. 2 JUDGE STEIN: How - - - how difficult - - -3 JUDGE RIVERA: They - - - I'm sorry. 4 JUDGE STEIN: Go ahead. 5 JUDGE RIVERA: I just want to - - - just a 6 quick follow-up. 7 JUDGE STEIN: I'm sorry. 8 JUDGE RIVERA: Whatever was sent, did it 9 indicate, SUM - - - I believe that's the company - -10 - SUM Billing on it anywhere? 11 MR. GOTTLIEB: I don't believe it did. 12 JUDGE RIVERA: No. Okay. Sorry. 13 JUDGE FAHEY: Can - - -14 JUDGE STEIN: How difficult would it be to 15 get an affidavit of - - - with - - - from someone, a 16 per - - - with personal knowledge to submit to the 17 court on a motion for summary judgment like they do 18 in every other case for summary judgment and for 19 default judgment or anything like that? How 20 difficult is it? 2.1 MR. GOTTLIEB: We have an affidavit from 22 someone with personal knowledge here. As - - -23 JUDGE STEIN: How - - -24 MR. GOTTLIEB: - - - to the submission of 25 the bills. That's a prima facie case, the submission

1 of the bills and nonpayment. 2 JUDGE STEIN: How - - -3 MR. GOTTLIEB: But as far as getting - - -JUDGE STEIN: How does Mr. Matatov have 5 personal knowledge of how the information came to be 6 in those bills? Isn't that really what we're talking about? 8 MR. GOTTLIEB: No. What we're talking 9 about is the submission of the bills. There is no 10 obligation to - - -11 JUDGE STEIN: Well, okay. We have a 12 difference of opinion there. If what's required is 13 that - - - that those bills be non-hearsay bills, the 14 information in the bills be non-hearsay under the 15 business exception - - - business exception, what 16 would be necessary? How difficult would it be for 17 the providers to - - - to provide that - - - those 18 affidavits? 19 MR. GOTTLIEB: Assuming there is a 4518 20 requirement, then that would mean the provider would 2.1 be a professional affidavit writer, and when time 22 came for trial, they would have to go to court. Same 23 thing with treating - - -JUDGE PIGOTT: Wait a minute - - - wait a 24

25

minute.

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1
                    MR. GOTTLIEB: - - - doctors in a hospital.
 2
                    JUDGE PIGOTT: Wait a minute. A
 3
          professional what?
                    MR. GOTTLIEB: Affidavit writer, Your
 5
          Honor.
 6
                    JUDGE PIGOTT: You're suggesting this is
 7
          all a joke?
 8
                    MR. GOTTLIEB: No, I'm not.
 9
                    JUDGE PIGOTT: Why - - - what - - - what
10
          Judge Stein is suggesting is someone with knowledge
11
          of the facts, probably Dr. Etienne, says I performed
12
          these - - - these medical procedures on this
13
          individual and it was related to the accident.
14
          That's not a professional affidavit writer. That's
15
          the person with knowledge of the facts upon which a
16
          court's going to make a decision.
17
                    MR. GOTTLIEB: Instead of treating
18
          patients, they will be spending more time writing
19
          affidavits. So this would come at the expense - - -
20
                    JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, I - - - I think you're
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          being - - -
22
                    MR. GOTTLIEB: - - - of their ability to do
23
          their - - -
24
                    JUDGE PIGOTT: And - - - and I was kind of
25
          struck by the fact that you said they - - - they
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1
          never pay and it takes you ten years to collect.
 2
          That's not my experience. Generally speaking, they
 3
          pay fairly quickly, and you stay on top of them if
          you're a lawyer and - - - and it's your case, and if
 4
 5
          they don't pay, then you - - - then you - - - you
 6
          begin a proceeding. I don't - - - I don't - - -
 7
          their worry is that it's all fake, that somebody gets
 8
          in an accident; it's a whiplash. And the next thing
 9
          you got eighteen months of PT, and - - - and they got
10
          to pay it all because somebody's saying, you know,
11
          yeah, that's - - - that's what happened. And maybe
12
          it did and maybe it didn't. That's why they want a
13
          doctor.
14
                    MR. GOTTLIEB: Well, if - - - if they do
15
          have a concern, they can ask for verification.
16
                    JUDGE PIGOTT: Exactly.
17
                    MR. GOTTLIEB: They can say, I want to
18
          visit the place. Come for - - -
19
                    JUDGE PIGOTT: Aren't - - - well, aren't we
20
          down to - - - aren't we down to the real argument
2.1
          being, is the NF-3 prima facie or not, right?
22
                    MR. GOTTLIEB:
                                   Yes.
23
                    JUDGE PIGOTT: Okay. And you got - - - you
24
          --- yours are --- yours are not made by the
                   They're - - - the - - - they're not - - -
25
          doctor.
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they're not even signed by the doctor. It says signature on file. And the only affidavit that Matatov gives is that yeah, I mailed these. And his - - - and Mr. Torto's complaint is the underlying NF-3 is - - is not good.

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MR. GOTTLIEB: His complaint comes down to something that he could have - - - Country-Wide could have verified early on.

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What's the - - - what - - - again, I come back to what's the norm in the industry? You put in these NF-3s and are they all denied? Are they generally all paid? What's the norm?

MR. GOTTLIEB: Well, the - - - the norm depends. For a hospital, I'd imagine that they probably get hassled a little bit less, even though they do use a third-party biller, and this court has seen hospital affidavits which consist of, hi, my name is so-and-so. I'm a third-party biller. I mailed this bill. Here's a tif - - certificate of mailing. As far as the providers that aren't hospitals, the norm is right now, they submit a bill and they get inundated with verification requests.

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: And is your view that the - - - the Art of Healing case just was wrong?

MR. GOTTLIEB: Yes. The heart of - - - Art of Healing case was - - -

2.1

it's your view - - - and don't let me put words in your mouth - - - I - - - I - - - it's not a rhetorical question - - - that if that's what's required, the legislature would have to require it and that the way it is now, Art of Healing is just im - - - im - - - imposing a requirement based on, as Judge Pigott indicates, that your adversary might think, you know, this stuff is so fraudulent, you know, we want more than that. Is that - - - what - - - what is your position on that?

MR. GOTTLIEB: That is pretty much the position, Your Honor. It - - - they added a requirement where none existed before. Prior to Art of Healing, every department of the Appellate Division agreed that plaintiff's prima facie case was the submission of the bills and nonpayment. There was no 4518 requirement. There was no 4518 requirement in the Appellate Term, First Department. It was only since the Appellate Term, Second Department decided to add medical that it invoked 4518, which makes no sense considering Country-Wide's argument is you don't have to prove the truth of the

contents. The only reason you would invoke 4518 is 1 2 if something was hearsay. It's not hearsay, Your 3 Honor. CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay. Anything else, 4 5 counsel? 6 MR. GOTTLIEB: No, Your Honor. 7 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay. Counsel, 8 rebuttal. 9 MR. TORTO: Thank you, Your Honor. I'd 10 like to start - - -11 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, why don't 12 you answer that question? Is - - - is your position 13 -- and -- and I understand where you're coming 14 from, there may be fraud or whatever - - - is that 15 something to - - - this requirement that Art of 16 Healing puts in relating to the business records, et 17 cetera - - is that something that the legislature 18 should be doing, or is it required now? And if it's 19 required now, what's your basis for that other than 20 Art of Healing? 2.1 MR. TORTO: I think it was always required 22 from day one. In - - - in - - - in the amicus brief, 23 they annex the transcripts of the colloquy with the 24 sen - - - senator who first sponsored the bill. And

the prop - - - there was a proposal to lessen the

burden of proof in a judicial proceeding, and the 1 2 response was, it's not necessary because of the 3 statutory op - - - option for the claimants to go to arbitration. If they don't want to comply - - - if 5 the healthcare provider does not want to comply with 6 the formal rules of the court, they have an option to 7 go into arbitration. 8 JUDGE FAHEY: Are - - - (inaudible) 9 MR. TORTO: It's built into - - -10 JUDGE FAHEY: Are you - - - counselor, are 11 you familiar with Hospital for Joint Diseases? 12 MR. TORTO: Yes. Yes, Your Honor. 13 JUDGE FAHEY: It's a 2007 case. Okay. 14 think it applies here? 15 MR. TORTO: I - - - I do not think it 16 controls this decision. And my reason is that - - -17 JUDGE FAHEY: Go ahead. 18 MR. TORTO: - - - the defective - - - the 19 assignment of benefits in the Hospital for Joint 20 Diseases, though defective, was presented to the 2.1 court via an affidavit based on personal knowledge 22 that was competent. 23 JUDGE FAHEY: So you're saying there was a 24 better NF-3 presented in that case then is presented 25 in this case.

1	MR. TORTO: Well
2	JUDGE FAHEY: But the problem is
3	MR. TORTO: It was the affidavit, Your
4	- Your Honor
5	JUDGE FAHEY: It was it was the
6	affidavit. Okay.
7	MR. TORTO: that was that was
8	proper.
9	JUDGE FAHEY: The prob the problem is
10	they they seem to say there, the Court of
11	Appeals seems to have said then that once you don't
12	respond, it's dispositive. You can't offer a
13	defense.
14	MR. TORTO: Correct.
15	JUDGE FAHEY: The way I understand your
16	argument is yes, we can't offer a defense, but they
17	still got to meet their burden on summary judgment.
18	MR. TORTO: Right. And that's under
19	Winegrad and Alvarez.
20	JUDGE FAHEY: Is that right, though? Is
21	that your argument?
22	MR. TORTO: That's correct.
23	JUDGE FAHEY: Okay.
24	MR. TORTO: You don't even look at the
25	defendant's position until the plaintiff takes on a

1 prima facie case. 2 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah. But - - - but 3 doesn't Joint Diseases stand for the principle - - the whole idea of it is if - - - if you don't ask for 4 5 further verification, you don't deny, you don't pay, 6 it has consequences. 7 MR. TORTO: Correct. 8 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What - - - what is the consequence? In your case, you didn't ask for 9 10 verification, you didn't deny - - - other than the 11 one case - - - and you didn't pay. What's the 12 consequence of you not doing that under that case 13 law, Joint Diseases? 14 MR. TORTO: They would have to pay, 15 provided that the - - - the NF-3s, all eight of them, 16 were submitted to the court via a proper affidavit 17 that satisfied - - -18 JUDGE PIGOTT: No. No. 19 MR. TORTO: - - - the primary burden. 20 JUDGE PIGOTT: You have to pay if they're -2.1 - - if they're submitted to you. Now you have to 22 pay, and if you don't pay within thirty days - - -23 MR. TORTO: Well - - -24 JUDGE PIGOTT: - - - you owe it. 25 MR. TORTO: Well, suppose, Your Honors - -

1 2 JUDGE PIGOTT: I dissented in Hospital, but I'll tell you - - -3 4 MR. TORTO: Yeah. 5 JUDGE PIGOTT: - - - they - - - they - - -6 they - - - it was very clear, we're not putting up 7 with this nonsense of waiting eight, ten years to sue 8 on these things. 9 MR. TORTO: Well, there's - - - there's a 10 rea - - reason for the delay here that's not in the 11 record. 12 JUDGE PIGOTT: I understand. I - - - and I 13 - - - I don't buy the ten years or anything else. 14 MR. TORTO: Yeah. 15 JUDGE PIGOTT: But my point is this we - -16 - I thought we made it clear that you've got the 17 thirty day - - - don't come to us and say well, you -18 - - we'll give you more time to complain. Don't pay. 19 Get an IME. Do something. Go to arbitration. But 20 don't sit on them like these. I mean, these are ten 2.1 years old now and - - -22 MR. TORTO: If I could - - -23 JUDGE PIGOTT: - - - say, you know, well, 24 we never intended to pay them in the first place.

MR. TORTO: If I could, just by way of

analogy. Suppose that the NF-3s in this case were 1 2 presented to the court via an affirmation of the 3 attorney for the plaintiff. Wouldn't the court have the right to conclude that the plaintiff did not meet 4 5 their prima facie burden? 6 JUDGE PIGOTT: Probably. 7 MR. TORTO: Because the plaintiffs have to 8 - - - even - - - even though there's proof that the 9 carrier got the NF-3s and didn't do anything about 10 it. 11 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but there - - -12 JUDGE RIVERA: But - - - well, whether or 13 not you show proper billing. But - - - but let me 14 ask you - - -15 MR. TORTO: But the initial - - -16 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - what kind - - -17 MR. TORTO: - - - affidavit - - -18 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - what - - - what is 19 your incentive not to re - - - if you're concerned 20 about fraud, what - - - why are you not requesting 2.1 the documentation when they send the bill? Why - - -22 it looks purely dilatory. What are you sitting 23 around waiting for? 24 MR. TORTO: Yeah. I don't know why they 25 didn't, as I said before.

1	JUDGE RIVERA: I mean, but I'm asking you.
2	MR. TORTO: You know, yeah.
3	JUDGE RIVERA: You're at the Court of
4	Appeals.
5	MR. TORTO: Yeah, they they
6	JUDGE RIVERA: What's the argument?
7	MR. TORTO: They they missed it for
8	some reason. You know, they they it did
9	not get denied.
LO	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Do you normally
L1	again, when talking about practice, do you normally
L2	ask for verification in this
L3	MR. TORTO: It's
L4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: kind of
L5	situation?
L6	MR. TORTO: It's not uncommon.
L7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Or deny it outright
L8	or or pay?
L9	MR. TORTO: It's not uncommon. Usually
20	they'll pay or or if there's questions raised,
21	they'll ask for verification.
22	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: And so you're saying
23	it's only occasionally if you miss it
24	MR. TORTO: Right.
2.5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN that that

1	you just don't answer. But even if that's the case,
2	doesn't matter. They still haven't made out a prima
3	facie case.
4	MR. TORTO: Right.
5	JUDGE RIVERA: You're saying it's unusual
6	not to respond.
7	MR. TORTO: On the motion for on the
8	motion for summary judgment. We're beyond all this
9	other stuff.
LO	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay.
L1	MR. TORTO: This deals with the rules of
L2	the court. You still got to make out your case. If
L3	you don't, case is denied
L4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay.
L5	MR. TORTO: regardless of the
L6	(inaudible)
L7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: We we
L8	understand both of your positions. Thank you so
L9	much.
20	MR. TORTO: Thank you, Your Honor.
21	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Appreciate it.
22	(Court is adjourned)
23	
24	

CERTIFICATION

I, Sara Winkeljohn, certify that the foregoing transcript of proceedings in the Court of Appeals of Viviane Etienne Medical Care, P.C. v. Country-Wide Ins. Co., No. 75 was prepared using the required transcription equipment and is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

Considerich and

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