1	COURT OF APPEALS
2	STATE OF NEW YORK
3	
4	BARRETO,
5	Appellant,
6	-Against-
7	No. 33 METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION
8	AUTHORITY, ET AL.,
9	Respondents.
LO	20 Femle Church
L1	20 Eagle Street Albany, New York 12207 February 11, 2015
L2	
L3	Before: CHIEF JUDGE JONATHAN LIPPMAN
L 4	ASSOCIATE JUDGE SUSAN PHILLIPS READ ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE F. PIGOTT, JR.
L5	ASSOCIATE JUDGE JENNY RIVERA ASSOCIATE JUDGE SHEILA ABDUS-SALAAM
L6	ASSOCIATE JUDGE LESLIE E. STEIN ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE M. FAHEY
L7	
L8	
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1	Appearances:
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25	Sharona Shapiro Official Court Transcriber

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Number 33, Barreto.
2	Counsel, you want any rebuttal time?
3	MR. SHAW: Yes, please. Three minutes,
4	Your Honor.
5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Three minutes. Go
6	ahead.
7	MR. SHAW: It's respectfully submitted,
8	Your Honors, that the Appellate Division erred when
9	they said that this device was the perfect safety
LO	device and the plaintiff was
L1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What else could have
L2	been done here in relation to a safety device?
L3	MR. SHAW: There are multiple things that
L4	could have been done. First
L5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: The guard, the guard-
L6	rails
L7	MR. SHAW: The guardrails. Mr. Mazzurco
L8	testified at length, he was hired his company
L9	was hired to ensure that there was safety. They were
20	the site safety people. They weren't some ancillary
21	entity
22	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So if they say you
23	need a guardrail, you need a guardrail?
24	MR. SHAW: Absolutely. He, he, he's
25	the expert in the field who was specifically hired

1 not just to do general site safety supervision, where 2 someone may have fallen off a ladder and the site 3 safety people say, hey, no one told me about a 4 problem. His company was specifically hired to 5 ensure safety with respect to the installation of and 6 demolition aspect - - -7 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What about the fact -- - of what significance is it that they're told, 8 9 listen, don't - - - don't start to break this thing 10 down until the - - - the manhole cover's back on? 11 Does that matter? 12 MR. SHAW: No, it does not, as a matter of 13 law, Your Honor. At most, it's a general safety 14 instruction sometime before the accident, that, hey, 15 don't break this down until the cover is done. 16 was no specific prohibition saying you stay out of 17 that containment area until that thing is broken 18 down. Mr. - - -19 JUDGE PIGOTT: Does Mazzurco give you a 20 241(6) claim? Is that what your argument is? 2.1 MR. SHAW: Excuse me? 22 JUDGE PIGOTT: Does Mazzurco's testimony 23 give you a claim under Labor Law Section 241(6)?

MR. SHAW: Absolutely. He gives me under

Mr. Mazzurco testif - - - confirms that a

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1.7(b).

1 safety barrier - - - a safety railing is a necessary 2 thing. And his company was there, despite his 3 backtracking, not only to ensure that the safety railing was in place, because that's the custom and 5 practice of how to do it, but not - - - he 6 specifically testified, page 937 of the record, when 7 this safety railing was removed, or in this case, 8 when there was no safety railing, his company was 9 responsible for ensuring that that cover was put in 10 place before the demolition of the containment area 11 was done. That's an admission - - -12 JUDGE FAHEY: I see how it gets you to the 13 241(6); I agree with Judge Pigott. What I'm 14

JUDGE FAHEY: I see how it gets you to the 241(6); I agree with Judge Pigott. What I'm wondering is, so I thought the plaintiff testified that the PAL supervisor and the IMS supervisor - - - that's the super - - - that's the safety company - - - that he said that they were responsible for the manhole cover. So let's say that's a question of fact connected to the 241(6), but how does it get you to 240(1)?

MR. SHAW: To 240(1)?

JUDGE FAHEY: Yes.

MR. SHAW: Because it was - - - clearly it was an elevation-related risk.

JUDGE FAHEY: You know, there's a lot of

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1 case law on manhole covers. 2 MR. SHAW: There is a lot of case law - - -JUDGE FAHEY: We could live our life - - -3 MR. SHAW: There's - - -4 5 JUDGE FAHEY: - - - discussing manhole 6 covers, you know? 7 MR. SHAW: But it all falls under the 8 rubric, when you fall through an unprotected opening 9 - - - there's numerous cases in the First Department. 10 There's the Klos case in the Second Department. 11 There's the Fourth Department case; I think it's 12 Allen. All are consistent that when you fall through 13 an unprotected hole, whether you're walking in - - -14 in a building and you fall through an opening there, 15 whether it's a manhole, it all falls under the rubric 16 of you have to - - -17 JUDGE FAHEY: Your argument is, you know, 18 you're at an elevated site; you fall from one floor 19 to another, that's no different than falling from 20 street level down through a manhole. 2.1 MR. SHAW: Absolutely. It's the same fact 22 scenario of they were, they were not given proper 23 protection. That's why they had to give - - -24 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What case in our

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court supports that?

1	MR. SHAW: There's no particular case, yea
2	or nay, in the Court of Appeals, but all of the Court
3	of Appeals cases are consistent that when you have -
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5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Like what?
6	MR. SHAW: an elevation
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Like what? Like
8	which ones?
9	MR. SHAW: Like even the language in
10	Blake, that you have to have a proper protection and
11	everything unless there's some kind of egregious
12	misuse. In Ross, in all the other Hagins, in
13	all the cases there's that foundation that you have
14	to provide proper protection when you're working from
15	an elevated worksite. Even in our
16	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: If you fall through
17	it's
18	MR. SHAW: You fall through, you have to be
19	given proper protection and
20	JUDGE READ: Wasn't the cover the
21	protection?
22	MR. SHAW: The cover was not the proper
23	protection, because the cover was outside in the
24	containment area and there was there was no
25	- first of all, there was no protocol whatsoever.

You had everyone pointing fingers at everyone else. 1 2 You had Mr. O'Loughlin testifying that that was IMS' 3 responsibility to make sure that cover was put in place before the - - - the deconstruction took place. 4 5 JUDGE RIVERA: But I thought the relevant 6 protocol was you don't start breaking the area down 7 until you put the - - - the cover back on. 8 MR. SHAW: Well, that's the - - -9 JUDGE RIVERA: Forget every other protocol; 10 that one's the one that matters. 11 MR. SHAW: That's the theoretical protocol, 12 but by Mr. Torres' own admission, first of all, in 13 the affidavit, they had an IMS supervisor who was - -14 - Diego, who was there, who was supposed to make sure 15 that that protocol was fired- - - I mean, was - - -JUDGE PIGOTT: What's the safety device 16 17 that either failed or was failed to be provided? 18 MR. SHAW: Two things. There was no 19 guardrail or safety railing that would - - - that 20 would have prevented this accident from happening 2.1 because by all - - -22 JUDGE PIGOTT: That's like a railing on a -23 - - on a scaffold? 24 MR. SHAW: Exactly. It - - - it's - - -25 it, it serves the same purpose.

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What about - - - is 2 there something that they would have to take that down in order to - - - you know, before it would - -3 - it wouldn't have protected him in this situation? 4 5 MR. SHAW: Well, that is completely pure speculation. Under OSHA - - -6 7 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: We don't - - -8 MR. SHAW: - - - it is required - - -9 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: We don't know that, 10 yeah. 11 MR. SHAW: Under OSHA it's required, under 12 2 - - - under the Industrial Code it's required, and 13 under their own site safety expert, who was there, he 14 said it's required. And it wasn't there. And 15 there's absolutely no feasible way that Mr. Barreto's 16 actions were the sole proximate cause of this 17 accident. He was never - - - he was wear - - - first 18 of all, after they got out of the containment area -19 - - I mean, or they got out of the manhole, the 20 lights went out. No one controverts that. 2.1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So do you get - - -22 Do you get judgment here, or its issues of facts? 23 MR. SHAW: I respectfully say that we're 24 entitled to judgment as a matter of law. At most, 25 Mr. Barreto's actions go to his comparative

negligence. In view of the fact that the Industrial 1 Code, the OSHA, and their own site safety expert, 2 3 who's on site, admits that they were responsible for having guardrails, and if there were no guardrails, 4 5 Mr. Barreto wasn't responsible for ensuring the guard 6 --- I mean, that the cover was there. PA ---7 PAL, IMS and MTA, according to Mr. Mazzurco, it was a 8 joint responsibility. 9 JUDGE PIGOTT: So you're saying judgment 10 against them all? 11 MR. SHAW: Judgment against them all. 12 They're a statutory agent - - -13 JUDGE FAHEY: Wouldn't this - - -14 MR. SHAW: - - - IMS, under laws. 15 JUDGE FAHEY: Wouldn't this be a 16 significant change, though, in the law to say a 17 street - - - it's a street-level case and the 18 elevation-related risk rule of 241 - - - I thought 19 there was a lot of case law that says it doesn't 20 apply in the street-level cases. There's not - - - I 2.1 don't think there's a Court of Appeals case on point, 22 but there seems to be a lot of AD cases that go the 23 other way from your point on 241. 24 MR. SHAW: There it - - -

JUDGE FAHEY: Just let me finish my thought

so you can address it. It just seems a significant shift in the court's position, or or or the jurisprudence in the area, if we say that you can be working on a street-level ca - - - project and then, you know, you have people falling down stairways, they fall in holes to the basement, things like that, that have been held consistently not to be 241 cases.

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MR. SHAW: With all due respect, this is actually not a stretch of the law at all. That's why you had, initially, the - - - the ladder in the hole. It's one of many cases where someone falls through an unprotected opening, whether they're walking in a hallway in the building - - -

JUDGE FAHEY: Let me give you an example.

MR. SHAW: -- and they fall.

JUDGE FAHEY: I'm kind of familiar - - -

MR. SHAW: It's the same logic.

JUDGE FAHEY: - - - with the Allen case, and there you had all these manhole covers and they were - - - they were snow covered. There was - - - there was a different kind of situation than what we have here. It was a Fourth Department case that was sort of on point and similar to this. But I guess I'm looking for more clarity, and I suppose the bar is too, on that particular point.

1 MR. SHAW: It all goes under the same 2 theme, Your Honor. 3 JUDGE FAHEY: Um-hum. MR. SHAW: Under the Klos case and the 4 5 Pichardo case in the First Department, it - - - it's 6 whether you're outside in the street or whether 7 you're walking in a building and you fall through an 8 unprot - - - a hole in a building, the Appellate 9 Division - - -10 JUDGE FAHEY: That is Klos, right, where it 11 12 MR. SHAW: The Klos is the Second 13 Department, and Pichardo; there's Berrios. There's a 14 whole line of cases that all have the same theme. 15 this case it's - - - it goes under the same rhyme and reason that, here, there was an opening, it was a 16 17 ten-foot hole, and that's why they had the ladder. 18 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counselor. 19 MR. SHAW: Thank you. 20 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thanks, counselor. 2.1 You'll have your rebuttal. 22 MR. SHAW: Thank you, Your Honor. 23 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel? 24 MR. LAWLESS: Good afternoon. May it 25 please the Court. My name is Patrick Lawless and I

1	represent the MTA and the
2	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Go ahead.
3	MR. LAWLESS: New York City Transit
4	Authority. The
5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Why isn't it, then,
6	as your adversary says, just a simple elevation risk?
7	You fall through the third floor to the second floor,
8	you fall through a manhole. Why why is it any
9	different than
LO	MR. LAWLESS: Well, in the first place, he
L1	was never supposed to be working near an open manhole
L2	to begin with. He was only supposed to be working -
L3	
L4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Is that his fault or
L5	the people who are supervising?
L 6	MR. LAWLESS: That's, that's
L7	actually his fault because the plaintiff
L8	ignores his own testimony. His testimony was that he
L9	was given not just a specific instruction, but he
20	knew from prior
21	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but
22	MR. LAWLESS: from prior experience -
23	
24	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: if it's so
25	specific, why did all of them start to do this before

1 the manhole was covered? 2 MR. LAWLESS: I don't know why they did it 3 on that day but the plaintiff testified - - -4 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Say that again. I'm 5 sorry? 6 MR. LAWLESS: I'm sorry. The plaintiff 7 testified that he was there for nearly a week, and 8 they followed that protocol every single day and 9 there was no problems, that every single day, as soon 10 as he - - - as soon as they were finished, and they 11 came up from the manhole, that they went to the 12 designated area, they waited till they were given the 13 go-ahead that the manhole cover - - -14 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but - - -15 MR. LAWLESS: - - - was actually replaced. 16 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But here - - - here, 17 he's not responsible for putting the manhole cover 18 on. He's not responsible for having the lights on or 19 off. But why is it clear to you that - - - that he's 20 the person here that made this happen? Why isn't 2.1 there any allegation related to him, more like 22 comparative negligence? 23 MR. LAWLESS: It's not in this situation 24 because - - -25

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN:

Why not? Go ahead.

1	MR. LAWLESS: because number one, he
2	and his coworkers were the ones responsible for
3	replacing for removing and replacing the cover.
4	Now, he denied that he did it personally, but he also
5	
6	JUDGE PIGOTT: Can I ask you a question?
7	MR. LAWLESS: said that it was his
8	coworkers that did it.
9	JUDGE PIGOTT: Sorry to interrupt on that,
LO	but are you making that argument as in contr -
L1	against his 240 case?
L2	MR. LAWLESS: It's it's, it was
L3	raised below, to the court below, and it did
L 4	the court didn't find found only on sole
L5	proximate cause. But the issue was raised below that
L6	it wasn't a 240 case. The court the court
L7	dismissed on other grounds. It was never really
L8	addressed by the First Department, but it was raised
L9	
20	JUDGE PIGOTT: You're not arguing
21	contributory negligence in a 240 case, are you?
22	MR. LAWLESS: I'm not arguing that at all.
23	JUDGE PIGOTT: All right. So when you say
24	it's his fault and, you know, and

MR. LAWLESS: Well, he was - - - what I'm

saying is he was provided with the perfect safety 1 2 device, as the court found, which was the manhole 3 cover. JUDGE PIGOTT: So you're saying it is a 240 4 5 case, but he had the proper security device? 6 MR. LAWLESS: What I'm saying is the court 7 properly found that he was the sole proximate cause. 8 I'm not conceding that it was a 240 case. 9 JUDGE PIGOTT: You're saying it's a 240 10 case; he's - - - he's the sole proximate cause. 11 MR. LAWLESS: If it is a 2 - - - if it's, 12 arguably, a 240 case, then he's the sole proximate 13 cause. 14 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Well, why isn't it a 15 240 case? 16 MR. LAWLESS: Because he was never supposed 17 to be - - - they raise all these arguments about the 18 - - - the guardrail, and I'll get to that in a 19 second, but he was never supposed to be exposed to 20 the elevated-related risk to begin with. He was 2.1 never supposed to work around the open manhole cover. 22 He was only supposed to work around a closed manhole 23 cover. 24 JUDGE PIGOTT: So if a person's on a

scaffold and you say, well, he's never supposed to be

1 near the edge and that's why he fell. 2 MR. LAWLESS: But he wasn't supposed to - -3 - he - - - but this was supposed to be completely covered. When - - - when you're working at a 4 5 scaffold - - - inherent in working on a scaffold is 6 that you may fall off under different circumstances. 7 If you're working near a closed manhole cover, 8 there's no way you're going to fall in the manhole 9 cover. 10 JUDGE FAHEY: Well, dissent makes a point, 11 though, that he wasn't really responsible for 12 covering the manhole. 13 MR. LAWLESS: But the - - -14 JUDGE FAHEY: In the AD, I'm talking about 15 - - - the AD dissent makes that point. 16 MR. LAWLESS: But the record reflects that 17 when he was specifically asked who is responsible for 18 moving the manhole cover, he said we did it. Then he 19 kind of backtracked and said, well - - -20 JUDGE FAHEY: Nobody - - -2.1 MR. LAWLESS: - - - I didn't do it. 22 JUDGE FAHEY: Nobody could move a manhole 23 cover by themselves. 24 MR. LAWLESS: And he said - - - he said 25 that too, but when he said "we did it" he meant he

and his coworkers. 1 2 JUDGE FAHEY: Sure. 3 MR. LAWLESS: So - - - so he - - - he knew 4 that. And again, he - - -5 JUDGE STEIN: So is there at least an issue 6 of fact, a question of fact on that? 7 MR. LAWLESS: I don't think it's a question 8 of fact, because I think it goes - - - just an 9 analogy, because they're saying there should have 10 been a quardrail. If he was told don't work around a 11 manhole cover unless the quardrail is there, and he 12 worked around a manhole cover and the guardrail 13 wasn't there and he fell in, it would be sole 14 proximate cause. It's the same thing. Because he -15 - - the - - - the guardrail and the - - - and the 16 cover - - -17 JUDGE PIGOTT: Do we say that? Do we say, 18 well, you climbed the ladder and it wasn't tied off, 19 so it's all your fault? 20 MR. LAWLESS: No, which - - - well, you 2.1 said in Robinson, when - - - when the plaintiff was 22 instructed to use the eight-foot ladder and not the 23 six-foot ladder, and he uses the six-foot ladder, 24 then he's the sole proximate cause.

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But the safety people

1	themselves said you've got to have a guardrail.
2	MR. LAWLESS: That that's not exactly
3	what
4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What is exactly?
5	MR. LAWLESS: What he said was that when
6	working around an open manhole cover, there should be
7	a guardrail. But he also indicated that the
8	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but it's closed
9	after it's opened, so if it's open, doesn't that mean
10	you should have a guardrail
11	MR. LAWLESS: But you also
12	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: have a
13	guardrail?
14	MR. LAWLESS: I'm sorry to interrupt, but
15	he also
16	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You're not
17	interrupting, but answer my question.
18	MR. LAWLESS: He also indicated
19	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: No, no, but it's
20	open and then it's closed. Obviously, when it's open
21	is when you need the guardrail cover, not when it's -
22	the guardrail, not when it's closed.
23	MR. LAWLESS: But it was while he was
24	working in it. And this this has never been
25	alleged. While he was working inside the manhole,

1 removing the asbestos, they were surrounded by the 2 protective shed which - - - which served the same 3 purpose as a guardrail. It surrounded the manhole on all sides. 4 5 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So why did the - - -6 MR. LAWLESS: There was only - - -7 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - safety guy say 8 you need a guardrail too? 9 MR. LAWLESS: He never said you needed a 10 quardrail on top of that protective shed. He said 11 while that shed was up it essentially served the same 12 purpose as a quardrail. Then he said, just in 13 general, when you're working around an open manhole 14 cover, you need the guardrail. But in this case he 15 was never supposed to work around a completely open manhole cover - - - excuse me - - - manhole; he was 16 17 supposed to work around a manhole, at the end of the 18 day, when the cover was placed back on. 19 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel. 20 MR. LAWLESS: Thank you. 2.1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thanks. 22 Counselor? 23 MS. PAULSON: May it please the court. 24 Susan Paulson on behalf of the City of New York.

Your Honor, the defendants were entitled to

judgment as a matter of law, because it was the plaintiff's own negligence that was the proximate cause, the sole proximate cause of this accident.

2.1

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: How do we know that he was the sole proximate cause?

MS. PAULSON: He was the sole proximate cause because the cause of the accident was the fact that he exited the manhole and immediately began deconstructing the containment enclosure. He disregarded the specific instruction that he admitted to in his own testimony not - - -

JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Ms. Paulson, is there anything in the record that shows what "immediate" means? Was it that he gets out of the manhole cover and then starts to break down the containment area? Or does he get out of the cover, a couple of minutes go by; is that "immediate"? I'm not sure what "immediate" means here.

MS. PAULSON: Right. His testimony on the record was, on page 520, that he began deconstruction right away. He didn't give a number of minutes to that. He - - in two other places in the record, he testified that he exited the manhole and began to remove the plastic. There was no time given to the circumscribed "immediate" there.

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What about all these
2	issues about the lights, that you don't have the
3	- the lights were out and
4	MS. PAULSON: There's no
5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: was he
6	responsible for all of that stuff?
7	MS. PAULSON: There's no testimony that he
8	fell because of any deficiency in lighting. He fell
9	because he disregarded
10	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Well, if the lights
11	are out
12	MS. PAULSON: the instruction
13	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: wouldn't it
14	stand to reason, if that was standard practice, that
15	maybe you could fall through the hole?
16	MS. PAULSON: I don't know, Your Honor.
17	There was light from the street lights. Apparently
18	it was sufficient light.
19	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Well, I'm asking your
20	common sense. If it's totally dark
21	MS. PAULSON: It depends on
22	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: and normally
23	the lights are on, is he the the cause of his
24	accident?
25	MS. PAULSON: He's the sole cause of his

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accident because he disregarded the specific
 1
 2
          instruction not to work around the open manhole. He
 3
          got out and he started working - - -
 4
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So he's like a - - -
 5
                    MS. PAULSON: - - - around the open
 6
          manhole.
 7
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - recalcitrant
 8
          worker? He's saying I'm not doing it?
 9
                    MS. PAULSON: That is correct.
10
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Is that what happened
11
          there?
12
                    MS. PAULSON: It is like a recalcitrant
13
          worker.
14
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: We have testimony
15
          that he said - - -
                    MS. PAULSON: That - - -
16
17
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - I'm not doing
18
          it?
19
                    MS. PAULSON: That's exactly correct.
20
          There was a - - -
2.1
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Where does it say
22
          that - - -
                    MS. PAULSON: - - - readily available - - -
23
24
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - that he said
25
          I'm not doing it?
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1	MS. PAULSON: He didn't have to say I'm not
2	doing it.
3	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But you just told
4	_
5	MS. PAULSON: There was a readily
6	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: me he's a
7	recalcitrant worker.
8	MS. PAULSON: Yes, Your Honor, and I don't
9	think, under the, this court's cases, in Jastrzebski
10	(ph.), that you have to specifically state that
11	you're going to disregard the instruction.
12	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What do you have to -
13	
14	JUDGE RIVERA: It was his choice not to
15	follow the protocol.
16	MS. PAULSON: It was his choice not to
17	follow the protocol.
18	JUDGE RIVERA: And not following the
19	protocol
20	MS. PAULSON: Correct.
21	JUDGE RIVERA: is what
22	MS. PAULSON: And
23	JUDGE RIVERA: equates him with a
24	recalcitrant worker?
25	MS. PAULSON: That's correct. And in both

1	Gordon and Jastrzebski, this court said that, the,
2	it's not a duty of a continuing supervisor to insist
3	that a recalcitrant worker use an available safety
4	device.
5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: That assumes he's a
6	recalcitrant worker.
7	MS. PAULSON: Yes, Your Honor.
8	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counselor.
9	Thanks.
10	MS. PAULSON: Thank you very much.
11	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Let's hear from your
12	colleague.
13	MR. BASS: Good afternoon, Your Honors.
14	Clifford Bass, a partner at Jones Morrison, on behalf
15	of IMS Safety.
16	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What's your
17	responsibility here with
18	MR. BASS: We're a site safety consultant.
19	We're at the present
20	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Do you have
21	supervisory responsibility?
22	MR. BASS: No. We our
23	responsibility, as evident from the scope of work
24	within the within the record, this is
25	it's primarily a air quality, confined space

Τ	requirement. Now, our man did say the one
2	- the one man that's there, who would be consulting
3	with the
4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Right.
5	MR. BASS: nonparty here, PAL, who's
6	who's really the really the target.
7	JUDGE FAHEY: You mean Mazzurco?
8	MR. BASS: No yeah, Mr. Mazzurco did
9	say
LO	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Guardrail.
L1	MR. BASS: wait a minute excuse
L2	me?
L3	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: He said guardrail
L 4	too, didn't he?
L5	MR. BASS: Well, actually, counsel had it
L6	correct. Mr. Lawless had it correct. He said on an
L7	open manhole you could have a guardrail, but this
L8	wasn't open. There was a construct
L9	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So he wasn't saying
20	you need a guardrail here?
21	MR. BASS: No, he wasn't. He was and
22	he also said this is on page 938 of the record
23	
24	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Where was your guy
25	when all this stuff was going on?

Τ	MR. BASS: My guy was outside. The only
2	time he was in is
3	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Your guy was outside
4	watching the safety of the
5	MR. BASS: No, you can't watch because it's
6	layers of plastic surrounded by more plastic there.
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Where was he?
8	MR. BASS: So you can't
9	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Where was he?
10	MR. BASS: So from the record I don't
11	know, but from the record, he was in a car, which was
12	not unusual. And Mr. Mazzurco even testified that
13	over the hours of this work this was in lower
14	Manhattan, outside the family court that the
15	safety consultant also has been has to be
16	cognizant of street traffic and what have you. PAL
17	was the one, the employer, who was in direct control
18	
19	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Are you saying they
20	might be responsible, but you're not?
21	MR. BASS: If we
22	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: They may be respo
23	_
24	MR. BASS: see something wrong, we -
25	

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Right, you call it to 2 their attention. 3 MR. BASS: --- we tell PAL. 4 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, okay. 5 MR. BASS: If we see something that's lifethreatening. Remember, we're outside of a number of 6 7 protective barriers. 8 JUDGE RIVERA: So who's responsible - - -9 MR. BASS: We can't see what's going on 10 inside. In fact, Mr. Barreto testified that, other 11 than at the very beginning, after the MTA first looks 12 to make sure that there's no electrical issue down 13 below, after that, the manhole cover is out and IMS 14 then does the probe for gasses. From that point on, the next four or five hours that they're doing the 15 16 work, IMS is outside. 17 JUDGE RIVERA: So under the protocol, who 18 makes the call - - - who says, okay, put the manhole 19 cover back? 20 MR. BASS: PAL. PAL tells us, go in. 2.1 JUDGE RIVERA: And when does PAL know - - -22 MR. BASS: We finished our - - -23 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - to go in - - - because 24 you can't look through this plastic - - -25 MR. BASS: PAL's - - -

1 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - and they're telling you nobody's there - - -2 3 MR. BASS: PAL's got the shop steward and it's got three employees there, and he's got the 4 5 supervisor, Torres. 6 JUDGE RIVERA: How does PAL know to do 7 this? I mean, when does PAL know - - -8 MR. BASS: Okay. At this point - - -9 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - oh, I should go check? 10 MR. BASS: At this point - - - we have to 11 remember, in this respect, I respectfully suggest 12 that the realities of the workplace, under the 13 Salazar - - -14 JUDGE RIVERA: Yeah. MR. BASS: - - - case really - - - really 15 16 have to be - - -17 JUDGE RIVERA: Yeah. 18 MR. BASS: - - - perceived and - - - and 19 applied to this case. 20 JUDGE RIVERA: Okay. 2.1 MR. BASS: They do the work - - -22 subterranean work. They're down there all night. 23 They then remove 100 - - - up to 180 bags of 24 asbestos. They first have it in a containment area. 25 They then put it in the decontamination area, which

is beyond the initial enclosure of plastic. 1 2 between two other sheets of plastic. Outside of that 3 is IMS and the MTA and NYCTA, New York City Transit Authority, whoever else is outside. Torres is out 4 5 there; he's communicating with his people inside. 6 Torres, at that point, would tell IMS they're 7 finished with their work. 8 At that point it's no longer a gravity-9 related workplace. It's not too dissimilar from what 10 I was hearing on the Belver (ph.) case you were just 11 asking for. 12 JUDGE PIGOTT: But isn't gravity related to 13 the extent that he fell? 14 MR. BASS: Excuse me? 15 JUDGE PIGOTT: I mean, he fell in a hole. 16 MR. BASS: He fell in a hole, but that time 17 they're de - - - they're deconstructing - - - they're

MR. BASS: He fell in a hole, but that time they're de - - - they're deconstructing - - - they're right prior to deconstructing an area on street level. And after they had done their work in the hole, the - - - as the Appellate Division said the - - -

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JUDGE PIGOTT: You're persuasive, but - - - and I don't know, as Judge Fahey indicated, 240 seems like a stretch, but 241(6) doesn't. I mean, 240(6) (sic) has barrier requirements and things like that,

which is - - -1 MR. BASS: Yeah, but - - - also it doesn't 2 3 seem like a stretch that the Appellate Division is noting that the perfect safety device here, the 4 5 cover, would have taken care of this. 6 JUDGE FAHEY: But then we go back to the 7 original question that Judge Rivera just asked. 8 While she was asking it, I looked it up in the 9 record, and there - - - and you can comment on this; 10 I ask you to dir - - - it's a question that was asked 11 on the record, I think this is to Mazzurco, at 937: 12 "What duties did IMS have with" - - - it's at line 15 13 --- "with regard to the guardrails" --- once --14 - around the manhole - - - or "once the guardrails 15 around the manhole is taken out?" Answer: "Ensure 16 the manhole cover gets back on safely." 17 MR. BASS: Yeah, but how do we know that 18 that's - - -19 JUDGE FAHEY: How do you know what? 20 MR. BASS: I'm sorry, guard - - - if there 2.1 are guardrails. Elsewhere - - -22 JUDGE FAHEY: "Ensure the manhole cover 23 gets back on safely." 24 MR. BASS: But he also testified, in 938 -

1 JUDGE FAHEY: Um-hum. 2 MR. BASS: - - - that PAL would make the 3 determination if the guardrails would have to go up or not, bec - - - in view of the fact that they're 4 5 moving things in and out. 6 JUDGE FAHEY: I guess for 241(6), though, 7 it's pretty clear that the plaintiff isn't making 8 that call. He's not making any determination. His 9 supervisors are in that, right, based on this 10 testimony? 11 Anyway - - -12 MR. BASS: This - - -13 JUDGE FAHEY: - - - think about it. It's -14 - - it's tough when somebody whacks you with the 15 record in the middle of this thing, but - - - but it's - - - when I had gone over it, that particular 16 17 question that Judge Rivera asked, I thought it was a 18 point that I wanted to just ask you about the record. 19 Don't worry about it. 20 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay - - -2.1 JUDGE RIVERA: Can I just - - -22 MR. BASS: I think elsewhere in the record, 23 Your Honor - - -24 JUDGE RIVERA: I'm sorry, may I just ask a 25 question?

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Last question, Judge 2 Rivera. JUDGE RIVERA: Just to clarify. They come 3 out, after they've thrown all the bags up or carried 4 5 them up, they come out of the manhole and where do 6 they stand? Where do they go until someone from PAL 7 comes and says, okay, put the manhole cover on, okay, 8 take down the cover. What - - - what are these 9 people doing - - -10 MR. BASS: My understanding is - - -11 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - that they don't fall 12 through the hole? 13 MR. BASS: Well, my understanding is that 14 there - - - within this decontamination section, 15 which is between the - - -16 JUDGE RIVERA: You mean, this plastic. 17 MR. BASS: - - - first barrier of plastic, 18 it's in between the two. They've moved out the 180 19 bags. They've moved out the lights. They've moved 20 out the aluminum ladder, the tools. 2.1 JUDGE RIVERA: And in that process to 22 getting to this decontamination area, there's no 23 opportunity to fall back in this hole? 24 MR. BASS: Well, they're out of the hole, 25 and they're in an ext - - -

1	JUDGE RIVERA: But they're moving around -
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3	MR. BASS: exterior perimeter.
4	JUDGE RIVERA: with all those bags.
5	Aren't there tons of bags around them?
6	MR. BASS: But no, you have a confined area
7	and then you have a perimeter around another
8	area around that, and that's where they are. At that
9	point the PAL supervisor should have called IMS, go
10	in there to make sure everything's out of the hole.
11	And there's no indica
12	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel.
13	Thanks, counsel.
14	MR. BASS: Thank you very much.
15	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay. Counselor,
16	rebuttal? Counselor, 240(1) and (6), they both
17	you're covered by both?
18	MR. SHAW: We certainly are, Your Honor.
19	Clearly
20	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Take each one
21	separately
22	MR. SHAW: Okay.
23	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: and tell us
24	why.
25	MR. SHAW: Okay. 240(1), whether or not

1	someone falls through an unprotected opening down ten
2	feet, or whether or not someone is working in a
3	building and falls through an opening, from one floor
4	to another, falls under the same rubric that is under
5	the statute and under lack multiple precedent
6	of the First Department, Second Department and Fourth
7	Department. Even if there is not one particular case
8	on point does not in any way negate the fact that
9	this is clearly a case that screams for protection
10	under Labor Law Section 240(1). Here this was a man
11	who was working at night. The lights were taken out.
12	He had no guardrails, no safety railing, and the
13	ladder, by their own admission, it's an
14	elevated-related risk
15	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay. What about
16	_
17	MR. SHAW: because they have
18	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: And what about
19	241(6)?
20	MR. SHAW: 241(6) is clearly relevant and
21	they violated 241(6); they violated the Industrial
22	Code. There are sections under the Code they
23	violated, 1.7, 1.30, and by Mr. Mazzurco's own
24	admission, there were no safety railings. They're

trying to try to backtrack and say, well, he didn't

mean this particular site, other sites where they were doing manhole covers. That's, in all due respect, utter nonsense. His testimony - - - I know Your Honors are aware of it - - - 924 to 935 of the record, it - - - it is very clear that it concerns this site.

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And they failed - - - they all point fingers at each other: you're responsible, you're responsible. But one person who they acknowledge isn't responsible, for this accident and for supervision, was Mr. Barreto.

The key thing here also is Mr. Torres' affidavit, who they got - - - MTA got Mr. Torres' affidavit. That makes it a prima facie 240(1) and 241(6) case because Mr. Torres says, in the affidavit, that IMS was supposed to protect these covers - - protect the workers and make sure that the covers were on the manhole before they did the work, not Mr. Barreto.

And Mr. - - - the last thing, in Mr.

Torres' accident report, corrective action, he admits that he was supposed to supervise and make sure that cover was done.

And there was a misstatement of the record.

Mr. Barreto just didn't suddenly pop up out of the

1	manhole and start working in the decamentation (sic)
2	or decomentation (sic) area. What he did was
3	he went into this area there's the curtain area
4	and he took off one of his double Tyvek suits
5	off, and then he saw that the other workers were
6	breaking down
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay.
8	MR. SHAW: the containment, and it
9	was pitch black
10	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay.
11	MR. SHAW: and then he fell.
12	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay.
13	MR. SHAW: Okay. Thank you.
14	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thank you all.
15	Appreciate it.
16	(Court is adjourned)
17	
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CERTIFICATION

I, Sharona Shapiro, certify that the foregoing transcript of proceedings in the Court of Appeals of Barreto v. Metropolitan Transportation Authority, et al., No. 33, was prepared using the required transcription equipment and is a true and

Shoring Shaphe

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