COURT OF APPEALS 1 2 STATE OF NEW YORK 3 \_\_\_\_\_ 4 MATTER OF VERONICA P., 5 Respondent, -against-6 No. 12 7 RADCLIFF A., (Papers sealed) 8 Appellant. 9 \_\_\_\_\_ 20 Eagle Street 10 Albany, New York 12207 January 08, 2015 11 12 Before: CHIEF JUDGE JONATHAN LIPPMAN 13 ASSOCIATE JUDGE SUSAN PHILLIPS READ ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE F. PIGOTT, JR. ASSOCIATE JUDGE JENNY RIVERA 14 ASSOCIATE JUDGE SHEILA ABDUS-SALAAM 15 16 Appearances: 17 GEORGE E. REED, JR., ESQ. 18 LAW OFFICES OF GEORGE E. REED, JR. Attorneys for Appellant 19 222 Mamaroneck Avenue White Plains, NY 10605 20 ERIC NELSON, ESQ. 21 E. NELSON LAW Attorneys for Respondent 22 54 Florence Street Staten Island, NY 10308 23 2.4 Sara Winkeljohn 25 Official Court Transcriber

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Number 12, People v.
2	Radcliff.
3	Hi, counsel. You want any rebuttal time,
4	counsel?
5	MR. REED: Yes, Your Honor. Appellant
6	requires one minute rebuttal.
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: One minute. You have
8	it.
9	MR. REED: Thank you.
10	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Go ahead. Proceed.
11	MR. REED: May it please the court, my name
12	is George Reed, and I represent the appellant,
13	Radcliff A., in this matter. The system for family
14	court adjudication and Appellate Division review is
15	very simple and well established. There's a fact-
16	finding hearing, there's a disposition, you wait
17	until the end, and as long as you fought the fact-
18	finding, which happened in this case, the defendant
19	didn't default, there is an absolute appeal as a
20	right at the end from the order of disposition which
21	brings up the order of fact finding for review.
22	And this is in this is statutory.
23	This is what almost all the cases that are family
24	court appeals turn out to be. And in fact, most of
25	those are cases

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Could you argue that 2 this - - - could someone argue that this is moot? 3 MR. REED: Well, this is moot only if the only thing that somebody has the right to relief from 4 5 is the order of protection. But the fact finding - -6 7 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Didn't you - - -8 counsel, didn't you only appeal the order of 9 protection in the Appellate Division? 10 MR. REED: Well, the - - - I - - - the - -11 - that's all there was. JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: You didn't appeal the 12 13 oral - - - you didn't appeal the - - - the family 14 court's oral finding of family offense. You just 15 appealed the order of protection, didn't you? 16 MR. REED: The order of protection was the 17 only piece of paper there was. And this - - - this 18 is something - - -19 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Didn't you just say 20 you could have - - -21 MR. REED: - - - that goes on in family - -22 - I'm sorry. 23 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: - - - you could have 24 directly appealed the family court's family offense? 25 MR. REED: Well, I can't appeal orally. I

1	have to have something in writing. And this comes up
2	all the time in family offenses and it comes up in -
3	in child support cases where the the only
4	paper is the order of commitment. And this court
5	doesn't tend to get these cases, but the Appellate
6	Divisions routinely just say, in effect, it's an
7	appeal from the determination, because they know that
8	the family court isn't doing this.
9	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What's the harm to
10	you if you can't contest this?
11	MR. REED: My client has a stigma. What -
12	it's like a social stigma. He's a bad person.
13	He's been declared, he's been found to be a bad
14	person because he assaulted or or harassed
15	- nobody knows what it is. It happens to be
16	harassment but people don't look at that. All they
17	know is there's a ninety-two-year-old lady she
18	now is; she was eighty-seven then so she was younger,
19	and she and a a court found that he did
20	something that resulted in an order or protection.
21	And that is enough to label him one of the worst
22	people around, which is a domestic violence offender.
23	And did a
24	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Is there case law to
25	support your position?

1 MR. REED: The - - - the - - - just the 2 very fact that the - - - that the cases are routinely 3 - - - are - - - are routinely addressing fact-finding 4 determinations in family court without requiring that 5 somebody first go back and get a fact-finding order setting forth what was in that. I mean I think it's 6 7 - - - it's partly economic, because a lot of these 8 appeals are being taken by 18B. 9 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but your main 10 argument is that this has an enduring consequence for 11 you if you're not allowed to, right? 12 MR. REED: The enduring consequence, yes. 13 In addition to the fact that it is - - - it is a 14 disgrace to be found to have - - - to commit a family 15 offense against a - - - an elderly lady - - -16 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What's the - - - what 17 is the enduring consequences? 18 MR. REED: The enduring consequence is that 19 20 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: And we understand the 21 argument stigmatizing. 22 MR. REED: Right. No, the - - - the - - the - - - that if - - - if the case - - - if the 23 24 person ever is brought back to court for any reason, 25 the court, unlike the First Department, the family

1 court will not say oh, well, I see that - - - that -2 - - that this happened more than two years ago. The 3 order of protections - - -4 JUDGE LIPPMAN: Right. 5 MR. REED: So we won't - - - we won't 6 consider that. You get a fresh start. No, you don't 7 get a fresh start. There's no ACD. There's no fresh start. He is forever a domestic violence offender, 8 9 and he always has to worry. And matter of fact, 10 right now - - -11 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Well, what does he 12 have to worry about? 13 MR. REED: Well - - -14 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: That's what we're 15 asking. What does he have to worry about? MR. REED: He could - - - he could go. 16 17 Let's say he - - - he wanted to go back into that 18 apartment. I mean, because he has this finding that 19 has never been reviewed under his belt the - - - the 20 - - - any judge who heard of an application based on 21 that would say you've already been, you know, found 22 to have done this. Don't come here and say - - -23 JUDGE PIGOTT: When - - - when - - - when 24 you - - -25 MR. REED: - - - you can do it again.

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1 JUDGE PIGOTT: When you mentioned that, you 2 know, when it comes up to the Appellate Division, 3 quite often it's on an - - - it's on an oral order or 4 finding. Is that - - - is that what you're saying? 5 MR. REED: And that was - - -6 JUDGE PIGOTT: That's right? MR. REED: Right, just the decision on the 7 8 record. 9 JUDGE PIGOTT: All right. 10 MR. REED: Yeah. 11 JUDGE PIGOTT: So if we - - - if we agreed 12 with you, the remedy would be what, to send it back 13 to the Appellate Division? Because they - - - they -14 - - they didn't listen to you because they said the -15 - - the - - - the appeal - - -16 MR. REED: Right. 17 JUDGE PIGOTT: - - - was moot, right? MR. REED: I couldn't ask for this court to 18 19 review the facts. I mean, it would have to be the 20 Appellate. 21 JUDGE PIGOTT: Do you want - - - you would 22 want to go back if - - - if we agreed with you? 23 MR. REED: Yes, Your Honor. And I 2.4 theoretically could go back. I wasn't the attorney 25 in the court below, but I theoretically could go back

now and submit an order and start over again. But I 1 think that that would be a - - - a tremendous waste 2 3 of jud - - - of judicial resources or whatever you 4 call the payment of the 18B lawyers and so on. But 5 there isn't any time that's expired for that. But I think that's why the Appellate Divisions, and all of 6 7 them including the First Department, will - - - will - - - will disregard the fact that there's only an 8 9 order of disposition and order - - - and not an order 10 of fact-finding. 11 JUDGE READ: So you've - - - you've 12 identified potential consequences in future court or 13 administrative proceedings. Is there any other 14 potential future consequence or practical consequence 15 if you don't get a chance to - - - to challenge, 16 appeal? 17 MR. REED: Well, I - - - I think that's a lot. I don't think the - - - I don't think that the 18 19 - - - I mean - - -20 JUDGE READ: Well, I'm - - - I'm not saying 21 it's not. I'm saying is there any - - - is that it? 22 It's the stigma and these potential effects in future 23 court proceedings or administrative proceedings? 2.4 MR. REED: Well, I mean, any - - - anybody 25 who's entitled - - -

1	JUDGE READ: Does it have an effect on
2	-
3	MR. REED: What?
4	JUDGE READ: Does it have an effect
5	MR. REED: I'm sorry.
6	JUDGE READ: Does something like this have
7	any effect on employment prospects or
8	MR. REED: I would I would imagine
9	that anybody that has the power to search the record
10	of orders of protection is going to find a a
11	affirmed, or in this case appeal dismissed, order of
12	protection saying that he committed an an act.
13	It doesn't say what it is but it's but that's
14	permanent
15	JUDGE RIVERA: Well, I guess if there's a -
16	if there's an employment application that asks
17	has a has an order ever been entered against
18	you, what's going to be your client's answer?
19	MR. REED: Well, that he would have
20	to disclose that. That's correct.
21	JUDGE RIVERA: Disclose it.
22	MR. REED: But I I think that
23	that because there's this structure of fact finding,
24	disposition, and one appeal to the Appellate Division
25	as of right that's that's established across

1	the board, I think that it that it it
2	would be a a mistake to change it to a case-by-
3	case analysis. That what that Radcliff has to
4	come in and say why he anticipates this is going to
5	cause trouble in the future. And and and
6	as I said in my brief, I mean in the extreme
7	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Because if it doesn't,
8	counsel
9	MR. REED: What?
10	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: why would we
11	bother? If it's if it it's if the
12	order of protection expires and it's moot, why would
13	the court want to look behind it if there's no
14	consequence to the person that the order has been
15	issued against?
16	MR. REED: Well, I I don't think it's
17	behind anything, because I think the word order of
18	protection, permanent order of protection, means that
19	you know, the family offense caption permanent
20	order of protection means that that person committed
21	a family offense. It's not a question of trying to
22	find out
23	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: You said it's
24	permanent.
25	MR. REED: which it was.

1	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: But the order here has
2	expired, hasn't it?
3	MR. REED: It has, but it's not treated as
4	expired. It continues to be referred to by by
5	anybody who has access to it. And he can't use that
6	as a defense. He can't say well, it I
7	this has already expired. So
8	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: And how broad is this
9	universe of people who have or institutions
10	that have access to the order of protection? You
11	said future employers, but do they really have access
12	to this kind of information in the family court?
13	MR. REED: I I don't I I
14	think that I don't know exactly the extent of
15	that, although I think that people that that
16	have any employers where there's anything like
17	driving a school bus or something like that where
18	there's where there's relevance probably can do
19	that.
20	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: There is there
21	is a database or something on orders of protection,
22	isn't there, that in the last years it's become
23	commonplace to have?
24	MR. REED: Right, and it's not wiped out.
25	It it doesn't it's it's not

expunged. 1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Does it - - - does it 2 3 leave that database when it becomes not active 4 anymore or it stays on? Do you know? 5 MR. REED: As far as I can tell, it - - it's still accessible. And of course data - - -6 7 JUDGE READ: To the public? MR. REED: What? 8 9 JUDGE READ: To the public? Accessible to 10 the public? 11 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: To law enforcement or the public, in general? 12 13 MR. REED: I - - - I - - I'm not aware 14 the public can do it. However, the public seems to 15 be able to access a lot through the Internet with - -- by paying twelve dollars or something like that for 16 17 a search. I mean, a lot of things are coming up. 18 JUDGE PIGOTT: And you - - - you - - - you, 19 I think, in your brief said that - - - that the rem -20 - - under the executive law they have that what is 21 removed from, quote, "active files", unquote. Which 22 I - - - you can read either way. 23 MR. REED: Right, exactly. I couldn't say. 2.4 JUDGE PIGOTT: It's now in an inactive file 25 and if they went and looked at your client's name

1 under the inactive files that at one point there was 2 an OP. 3 MR. REED: But the - - - the problem I have 4 with the - - - the - - - the idea of a case-by-case 5 analysis is that that basically says to my client that if he wants to win this appeal, he should come 6 7 in and say I intend as soon as - - - as soon as I 8 find out that I'm safe to do it, I'm going to go back 9 and commit another family offense against somebody. 10 And - - - and then the court would have to say well, 11 then you're going to be prejudiced by this file. 12 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, no, you - - - there -13 - - there are some stipulated ones. I'm not sure 14 that if you - - - if you agreed to an OP and then - -15 - and then I said want to appeal it that, had it 16 expired, that you could do that. 17 MR. REED: Oh, right. That's - - - that's 18 why I said at the very beginning that it would have 19 to be defended. 20 JUDGE PIGOTT: Right. 21 MR. REED: And he did not - - - he did 22 defend this fact-finding. There's no default. 23 There's no consent. 24 JUDGE PIGOTT: I thought you were arguing 25 that we shouldn't take them on a case-by-case basis,

1 and I was making that distinction. But I see your 2 point. 3 MR. REED: No, I meant this court - - - any - - - neither Appellate Court should engage in 4 5 analysis as to how serious this is or how bad it is, because the family court judges don't do that. 6 JUDGE READ: That's what - - - that's what 7 8 9 MR. REED: They don't say to somebody - - -10 huh? 11 JUDGE READ: That's what we shouldn't do on a case-by-case basis is what you're saying? The 12 13 Appellate Court shouldn't evaluate the severity of it or what they think the severity of it is on a case-14 15 by-case basis before deciding to hear it? 16 MR. REED: Before deciding to hear it, 17 right. 18 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: That's your - - -19 JUDGE READ: That's your position, right? 20 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: That's your argument. 21 Yeah. 22 MR. REED: Right. Yeah. 23 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel. 24 MR. REED: Thank you, Your Honor. 25 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You'll have your

1	rebuttal. Let's let's hear from your
2	adversary.
3	MR. NELSON: May it please the court
4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel
5	MR. NELSON: Your Honor, I would like to
6	reserve one minute of rebuttal.
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: No, no, you you
8	can't.
9	MR. NELSON: Oh, I cannot? I'm sorry.
10	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Nope. But you'll
11	have your full ten minutes of argument.
12	MR. NELSON: Thank you.
13	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Go ahead, counsel.
14	MR. NELSON: May it please the court my
15	name's Eric Nelson. I represent Veronica P.
16	Veronica P. was the petitioner in the original family
17	court.
18	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, you know,
19	Judge Abdus-Salaam was talking before about the
20	consequence and this issue of whether you can appeal
21	or not appeal. Is there a a focusing on
22	that issue of consequence, is this something that
23	- that does stigmatize someone and that they should
24	have the right to challenge? Because in one form or
25	another, and Judge Pigott was talking about active,

1 inactive, whatever, in form or another it's there and 2 it says, you know, it - - - it does make a statement 3 that there was a two-year order for protection. Is 4 that - - - is that a reason why, really, your - - -5 your adversary should be able to contest this 6 finding, the factual finding that resulted in the 7 order of protection? MR. NELSON: Your Honor, if I could address 8 9 it in three separate parts, I'm prepared to respond 10 to it. 11 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Go ahead, three 12 separate parts. Go to it. 13 MR. REED: Three separate parts, and I'm 14 prepared to respond to some of the questions that the 15 - - - the - - -16 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay. 17 MR. REED: - - - rest of the panel has. CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But first - - - first 18 19 do this. Go ahead. 20 MR. REED: Judge, first the Executive Law 21 Section 221, subdivision 8, paragraph 6 provides that 22 upon the expiration of an order of protection, the 23 superintendent of the record shall remove from the 24 family court registry all evidence, all records, 25 including any counterclaims, of any order of

1 protection that took - - - that was imposed against 2 Mr. Radcliff in this case or against any individual. 3 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So in answer to Judge 4 Read's question if someone asks him have you ever had 5 an order of protection against you, you can say no? I think you could say no. And 6 MR. NELSON: 7 I think you could say no in terms of the - - - the 8 facts of the case. And for example, if you were 9 before any proceeding, whether it be a criminal or a 10 civil proceeding, and you were cross-examined about 11 it - - -12 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: And you have - - -13 you have a divorce proceeding, all kinds of things. 14 You - - - you just say, eh, nothing to do with me? 15 MR. NELSON: You could say that - - - that 16 the matter has been expunged and I don't think that's 17 a proper form of cross-examination. 18 JUDGE RIVERA: But - - - but - - - but you 19 must - - - I - - - I just want to clarify. You're 20 saying that you could - - - that his client could 21 actually say I've never had an order of protection 22 issued against me? 23 I'm not saying that. I'm not MR. NELSON: 24 saying, Your Honor, that he could not say he never 25 had an order of protection. I think that the

1 question would be improper, and I think it would be 2 sustainable. 3 JUDGE RIVERA: But if it's on an employment application? 4 5 MR. NELSON: Your Honor, I - - - if - - getting to that issue, and I think it was raised by 6 7 the panel, this is a family court registry which is not accessible to the public. 8 9 JUDGE RIVERA: I understand, but if he's 10 asked the question? 11 MR. NELSON: If he's asked a question then, 12 obviously, he has to tell the truth. 13 JUDGE RIVERA: For purposes of securing 14 employment or for purposes of answering some other 15 question in some judicial proceeding, doesn't he have 16 to say yes? There's no way to escape saying yes. 17 Maybe there's an explanation, but he's got to say 18 yes. 19 MR. NELSON: I think he has to say yes and 20 then he has to offer an explanation as - - - as to 21 what - - -22 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay. What's your 23 second and third argument that's - - -2.4 MR. NELSON: The - - - the sec - - - the 25 second and third arguments is - - - is - - - and - -

1	- and I want to go into the rationale of the
2	the First, the Third, and the Fourth Departments that
3	dealt with this issue, which is
4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Go ahead.
5	MR. NELSON: they've all held that it
6	was moot. And I believe Your Honor and I believe
7	Your Honor Judge Abdus-Salaam decided recent cases.
8	I think you were involved with the Diallo case, which
9	is cited by the Appellate Division in denial of the
10	right to appeal on this matter. And
11	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: There's there's
12	conflicting case law on this, isn't there, though?
13	MR. NELSON: There there's
14	conflicting case law but but, Your Honor, the -
15	the Second Department is the only department
16	which has held and again, the brief the
17	cases are very cursory, they're not very fact-
18	specific, which state in the Second Department
19	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Well, isn't that the
20	point that there's no real rationale for whatever?
21	The cases that we have thus far don't really go very
22	deeply into what the rationale is, right?
23	MR. NELSON: Except, Mr. Chief Judge, in -
24	in the cases where they held that there was a
25	right to appeal, there was usually a finding of

contempt, there was usually a finding of - - - of 1 2 family court contempt, civil contempt. I - - - I 3 look at the Court of - - -JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, I think you cited 4 5 Kali-Anne, which was the - - - the woman in Florida, 6 and - - - and that was justiciable, even - - - even 7 though I forget exactly the facts. But they said, 8 you know, it's a stain. She'd been charged with, I 9 think, an offense against her children, which was 10 taken away. And then she wanted the OP taken out, 11 you know. There - - - there are reasons - - - when 12 the - - - when Mr. Reed - - - I didn't think of this 13 until he was arguing it, he didn't get an appeal on 14 the - - - on the underlying charge. 15 MR. NELSON: He - - - no, I - - - I believe 16 that may not necessarily be correct, Your Honor, 17 because looking at Mr. Reed's brief and - - - and 18 looking at the briefs that were submitted before the 19 First Department, one of the issues that he raised 20 was whether or not a finding of harassment in the 21 second degree was contrary to the weight of the 22 evidence. So it was before the Appellate Court, and 23 he did - - -24 JUDGE PIGOTT: But they didn't hear it. 25 They - - - they said, well, the OP's expired. It's -

1 - - the - - - the appeal is now moot. And - - - and so he did not get to - - - if I'm - - - correct me if 2 3 I'm wrong. He did not get to argue the validity of the - - - of - - - of the - - - of the harassment 4 5 charge and the OP because they - - - they took the 6 position, because it had expired, the - - - the - - -7 the appeal was dismissed. 8 MR. NELSON: That's correct. 9 JUDGE PIGOTT: Does that sound fair? 10 MR. NELSON: I - - - I - - - I 11 can't answer whether or not it's fair, but I think 12 under the - - - the - - - the circumstances of this 13 particular case, and I think under the circumstances 14 under which the courts have held with the concept of 15 mootness - - -16 JUDGE PIGOTT: But suppose he's innocent. 17 Suppose he didn't harass. MR. NELSON: Well - - - well - - - in - - -18 19 in - - - in that case, then, of course, he would have 20 - - - I understand that the - - - the - - - the point 21 in which he should have a right to appeal the 22 underlying facts of this case. But I think the 23 courts have set clear guidelines regarding when you 24 could appeal and when the appeal is moot. 25 JUDGE PIGOTT: But - - - but you can

1 understand that this - - - the - - - the Appellate 2 Division wasn't sitting there saying, you know, we 3 really think this guy's innocent of harassment but 4 because the order - - - the order of protection's 5 expired, we can't hear it. Then I think in that case, 6 MR. NELSON: rather than the court sending - - - setting a broad 7 8 rule, maybe it should be remitted to the Appellate 9 Division to determine the issue of whether or not it 10 sustained the charges of harassment in the second 11 degree. But I don't think that this court - - - and - - - and I believe that the rationale of the - - -12 13 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But you agree he 14 should have a way to contest the factual finding? 15 MR. NELSON: I - - - I believe he has. I 16 believe courts have set down, and at least three of 17 the departments have set down, that there are no enduring consequences. And I think that ties into 18 19 the issue of mootness that there - - - there has not 20 been any enduring consequences that were shown. 21 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: If there are enduring 22 consequences, you agree we should - - -23 MR. NELSON: I agree, because this court in - - - in the Matter of Bickwid - - - and - - - and in 24 25 fact, in your recent opinion, Judge Rivera, in the

1	Matter of Rubenstein, held that in certain
2	circumstances there is no issue of mootness when
3	there are enduring consequences.
4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Or an enduring
5	stigmatization, is that an enduring consequence?
6	MR. NELSON: I I don't think it's
7	- it it would take place, Your Honor, because
8	of the fact that the executive law provides some
9	removal of the fact that there has been a a
10	- there there has been an order of protection
11	issued.
12	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But it doesn't
13	but I I guess and and a lot of the
14	questions have centered around this, it doesn't cease
15	to exist for all purposes, does it? I mean you're
16	saying that that it's finished, it's gone, it's
17	like it never happened. That's not really the case
18	in a you know, just from a practical, pragmatic
19	view. Could it be the case that it's just gone into
20	the wind and it never existed?
21	MR. NELSON: I I also I I
22	agree with your analysis, and I think Your Honor
23	Judge Pigott was also getting to that issue in terms
24	of the fairness. But you you have to establish
25	

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: This is important,
2	counsel. This is what we do, you know.
3	MR. NELSON: Of of course it's
4	it's all about fairness. But of course you have to
5	establish something substantive, some enduring
6	consequences that may result
7	JUDGE RIVERA: It sounds like you're
8	arguing, really, that that that what he
9	has suggested is are the consequences of this
10	particular stigma and the enduring aspects of this
11	are too speculative. That he really can't point to
12	anything now.
13	MR. NELSON: No. And the question is do
14	you point to something ten years in the future to
15	-
16	JUDGE RIVERA: But doesn't he that's
17	my question. Let me assume I even accepted the
18	the way you position this particular argument.
19	Doesn't he always have doesn't his client
20	always have to answer yes when he's ever asked
21	whether there's been an order issued against him by a
22	court?
23	MR. NELSON: I
24	JUDGE RIVERA: That's not speculative.
25	MR. NELSON: No, it's not. And the answer

1	is yes, you have to answer yes to that question. But
2	the question is, is again, what is and
3	and how what is the
4	JUDGE READ: That's not a positive thing,
5	is it?
6	MR. NELSON: It's it's not a
7	positive, but it's also not as if you're answering if
8	you've been commit have convicted of a crime.
9	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: I think it's a pretty
10	serious thing in the in the world of today with
11	domestic violence issues be so at the forefront of
12	our minds. I think it's a pretty big deal, you know,
13	to me, anyway.
14	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: If we allowed
15	MR. NELSON: It it it
16	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: If we allowed every
17	case where there was an order of protection to
18	appeal, we would that would mean that every
19	time an order of protection is entered, whether the -
20	it has consequences or not, would be appealable.
21	Is that is that right?
22	MR. NELSON: I I think you would be
23	opening a tremendous amount of floodgates in terms of
24	everybody because the
25	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: That's your argument.

1	MR. NELSON: Well, that's one of my
2	arguments.
3	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But the but
4	then but the question comes back then to is
5	there an enduring consequence?
6	MR. NELSON: In this particular matter, I
7	submit that no enduring consequences has been shown.
8	In all the other cases for
9	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: In other words, every
10	time an order of protection is entered that would
11	equal an enduring consequence whether or not the
12	- the order's expunged, expired, or whether it was
13	based on something or nothing.
14	MR. NELSON: That's correct.
15	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Just just the
16	fact of existence, at some point, of an order of
17	protection would be an enduring consequence.
18	MR. NELSON: That's correct as to be
19	compared to
20	JUDGE RIVERA: Well, other than a
21	MR. NELSON: I'm sorry.
22	JUDGE RIVERA: if he's successful
23	challenging on the merits, and that's his point.
24	MR. NELSON: That's correct.
25	JUDGE PIGOTT: In Diallo, which I think you

1 cited to, the - - - the First Department said that it was moot but if - - - if we were to review the facts 2 3 we would have found that the facts were not - - -4 were not against the weight of the evidence. Would 5 that have been a better approach here? In other 6 words, if they had looked at this case and said it's 7 moot but were we to look at the underlying facts, the 8 harassment charge, and find that the weight of the 9 evidence claim was not valid, you might not be here. 10 MR. NELSON: I - - - I - - - I think so, 11 because in Diallo, as they determined, both that - -12 - that that issue is moot because the appellant in 13 Diallo had not shown any stigma or any enduring 14 consequences presently, but they also decided in that 15 case that assuming that - - - that was not - - - that 16 was the case, we still find that it still merited the 17 charges, which was the second point of my brief in 18 this matter. 19 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel. Let's 20 let your adversary address that - - - that point or 21 whatever else in his minute. 22 MR. NELSON: Thank you very much. 23 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thank you, appreciate 2.4 it. 25 Counsel?

1 MR. REED: Thank you, Your Honor. I just 2 want to state in - - - in regards to a recent point 3 that was - - -4 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Answer Judge Abdus-5 Salaam's point, though, that - - - that are we really 6 - - - would we really be saying that in every - - -7 in every order for protection, there's an enduring 8 consequence? And, you know, rather than saying gee, 9 there are these thousands and thousands and 10 thousands, how do you - - - how do you answer that question? 11 MR. REED: Well, most of those thousands 12 13 and thousands are temporary orders of protection, 14 which aren't involved here. Somebody can say - - -15 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: There are lots of 16 permanent orders, too, right? 17 MR. REED: Right. Right, there were. But 18 - - - but there's probably - - - you know, the - - -19 the ratio is different. And to the consent, no 20 question, can't appeal that. But - - -21 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So what's the - - -22 what's your answer? 23 MR. REED: It's the - - - it's the - - -24 each person is entitled to review. It's not his 25 fault if there are 20,000 others.

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: No. No, I think we
2	understand your argument. Permanent order of
3	protection, you have a right to review. That's your
4	position?
5	MR. REED: Yes, to bring up the the
6	family offense that we were concerned about.
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You have you
8	have a factual basis for the finding.
9	MR. REED: Yeah. And in terms of the
10	floodgates, it's it's important to note that
11	the the if there is a a there
12	isn't going to be quite a flood, because it it
13	has to it takes two years now for an order of
14	protection, usually, to expire, though sometimes they
15	start retroactively, so basically it's less than two
16	years. And it was really the fault of the assigned
17	counsel system here, which as I understand, is the
18	court's responsibility to to make sure the
19	assigned counsel system worked. In this case it
20	didn't work, and the only reason this ran to two
21	years was because another attorney had to be
22	assigned.
23	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel.
24	MR. REED: Thank you.
25	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: We get your argument.

1	We appreciate both of your
2	MR. NELSON: Thank you.
3	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: presentations.
4	Thank you so much.
5	(Court is adjourned)
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2	CERTIFICATION
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4	I, Sara Winkeljohn, certify that the
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6	Appeals of Matter of Veronica P. v. Radcliff A., No.
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