1	COURT OF APPEALS
2	STATE OF NEW YORK
3	
4	PEOPLE,
5	Respondent,
6	-against-
7	No. 11 ADAM CROWDER,
8	Appellant.
9	
10	20 Eagle Street Albany, New York 12207 January 14, 2015
11	
12	Before:
13	CHIEF JUDGE JONATHAN LIPPMAN ASSOCIATE JUDGE SUSAN PHILLIPS READ
14	ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE F. PIGOTT, JR. ASSOCIATE JUDGE JENNY RIVERA
15	ASSOCIATE JUDGE SHEILA ABDUS-SALAAM
16	Appearances:
17	LEE C. KINDLON, ESQ.
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20	GERALD A. DWYER, ADA
21	SCHENECTADY COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE Attorneys for Respondent
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24	
25	Karen Schiffmiller Official Court Transcriber

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: We're going to start with number 11, People v. Crowder. 2 3 Counselor, do you want any rebuttal time? 4 MR. KINDLON: Yes, Your Honor, good 5 afternoon. I would request two minutes for rebuttal. 6 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Two minutes, it's 7 yours. Go ahead. 8 MR. KINDLON: Thank you very much. May it 9 please the court, my name is Lee Kindlon, and I 10 represent the appellant, Adam Crowder. When a 11 defendant steps to the bar to take a guilty plea, such a dramatic decision should be made with as much 12 13 knowledge as possible. 14 JUDGE PIGOTT: Does it really come down to 15 what - - - you know, when - - - when the judge said, 16 you know, I can do this to - - - you know, whatever 17 the PRS was - - -18 MR. KINDLON: Right. 19 JUDGE PIGOTT: - - - that you were then on 20 notice, and so when everything else happened after 21 that, at some point, if you disagreed with what was 22 going on, you should have said, wait a minute, Judge, 23 as I understand it, we're getting, you know - - -2.4 preservation.

MR. KINDLON: Preservation.

The - - - I

1 guess, the big issue. In - - - in this case, there's a couple of different factual wrinkles from some of 2 3 the decisions that this court has recently made. JUDGE READ: Is that what it boils down to? 4 5 What we see as being closer to a McAlpin or Murray? 6 MR. KINDLON: Yes, Your Honor, although I 7 would say that Judge Lippman's decision just 8 recently, the October - - - People v. Turner, is also 9 10 JUDGE READ: That's in the mix, too? 11 MR. KINDLON: Yes, Your Honor. That sheds 12 a lot of light here. 13 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What - - - what's the 14 rule, counselor, that you would like to see? Looking 15 at those cases, so many of them in the not so distant past, what - - - what's the rule? When is - - - is 16 17 it all about at the plea? Is that the magic time? 18 What - - - what rule would you advocate based on 19 those cases? 20 MR. KINDLON: Your Honor, I would not 21 advocate a new rule. I'd simply request some - - some clarity of the rule that's - - -22 23 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: No, I'm not saying 2.4 it's new - - - what clarity do you bring to our

decisions in terms of what the rule is now?

JUDGE READ: We hope somebody brings clarity.

2.4

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Somebody - - - yes.

MR. KINDLON: Respectfully, members of the court, I would simply say that, yes, Your Honor, at the plea. The direct consequences of that plea need to be discussed.

JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: But counsel, what if, instead of three days before the plea was actually taken, the court informed the defendant twenty minutes before the plea was taken that it's going to be PRS plus whatever his sentence is in addition - - - you know, the - - - the time that he's going to serve. And then twenty minutes later the defendant comes back and says, oh, I want - - - I - - - I'll take the deal, but then PRS isn't mentioned. So you're saying twenty minutes before wouldn't be enough notice?

MR. KINDLON: Your Honor, I'm saying that, you know, nine times out of ten, the first discussion of a plea on a record is at the plea. This was somewhat unique, because, you know, this case in particular - - we had a discussion about the potential plea, I think it was a Tuesday when they were hearings, and then we - - -

JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Yes, three - - - about three days before.

2.4

MR. KINDLON: - - - and then we came back and - - and pled, yes, Your Honor. But frankly, I think what makes this decision, you know, somewhat unique, or this series of events somewhat unique is that the discussion - - - the three days prior about what post-release supervision could be, and there was a range. It was one-and-a-half to three, I think, was the discussion, and then three days went by and then we came back, and he - - - and - - -

JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Yeah, that's what I'm saying, if it happened twenty minutes beforehand, and it was on the record, as you said.

MR. KINDLON: Right.

JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: And usually - - - I

don't know; some courts believe everything should be

on the record when it's in criminal court. So if

it's on the record, twenty minutes before, the

defendant talks to his lawyers, says, yeah, I want to

take the plea, and then at the plea, the court

doesn't mention PRS, you don't think that the

defendant has any ob - - - obligation to say, wait,

Judge, you told me twenty minutes ago, there was

going to be PRS; now you're not saying anything about

25

1	it?
2	MR. KINDLON: Correct, Your Honor. I do
3	not I do not think that the defendant has an
4	obligation at that time, because that's what this
5	court has said a number of times. And I think the
6	lack of a mention of post-release during the plea
7	- the plea colloquy itself, when you're standing
8	there and you're talking about prison time and
9	everything else that you have to do in a plea
10	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What about Boyd?
11	MR. KINDLON: Boyd. And I know Your Honor
12	talked about Boyd in her dissent in the Turner case.
13	If I can just pull it out, Judge?
14	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Sure.
15	JUDGE READ: It's there it's
16	understandable I have, frankly, a little bit -
17	I have trouble keeping track of them too; there
18	are so many.
19	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Don't we all? Yeah.
20	MR. KINDLON: Yes, as I prepared my
21	my stack of cases, it grew exponentially. And
22	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: They all are I
23	I'm not saying this in a critical way of our
24	efforts they all are kind of slicing this thing

very fine in terms of the different distinctions.

1 MR. KINDLON: Right, and - - - and I - - -2 and again, I think some of the - - - you know, to do 3 down the factual rabbit hole of - - of this case, 4 as - - - as we get into the, you know, discussion, 5 and I think Boyd was the - - - you know, there was a 6 sentence enhancement problem here. 7 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Right. 8 MR. KINDLON: And that also, there's a 9 flavor of this here, because, of course - - -10 JUDGE RIVERA: Not the - - - not the 11 specific PRS period. MR. KINDLON: Right, right, it - - -12 13 JUDGE RIVERA: It's not plain in Boyd. 14 MR. KINDLON: Right, in - - - in this case, 15 there was the failure of the mention, then there was 16 the sentence enhancement - - -17 JUDGE RIVERA: Right. MR. KINDLON: - - - because, of course, Mr. 18 19 Crowder decided not to show up for his first few 20 sentences - - -21 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Well, I think what 22 we're trying to do is synthesize these different 23 cases; again, have some subtle and not so subtle 2.4 distinctions and - - - and where are we and what - -

- what makes sense in terms of each one obviously has

1	its own unique circumstances, but we want it to make
2	some sense, and we hope that each time we issue a
3	decision in this area that it makes some sense, but
4	that's why I was questioning what you think our cases
5	say vis-a-vis your particular situation.
6	JUDGE READ: Well, maybe I would say would
7	what is this closest to? What is your factual
8	situation closest to in the many decisions we've
9	handed down in this area?
10	MR. KINDLON: Your Honor, I see a I
11	see, no to to talk about them all, I
12	would say either Cornell or the majority in McAlpin,
13	because here we have a situation where there was no
14	discussion of post-release during the plea, and
15	JUDGE PIGOTT: You you were there,
16	right? You
17	MR. KINDLON: Yes.
18	JUDGE PIGOTT: were representing Mr.
19	Crowder.
20	MR. KINDLON: Me or a member of my firm,
21	yes, sir.
22	JUDGE PIGOTT: I want to go back to what
23	Judge Abdus-Salaam was talking about. It
24	because it sounded in the transcript when when
25	defendant came back a couple of days later

1	three days later because the judge said
2	he was almost asking. He said, okay, this is a
3	this is a two-year minimum on an attempted burglary.
4	That's my recollection. And no one corrected him.
5	Nobody said, you know, well, it specifically, Judge,
6	was, you know, what you know, the PRS as well.
7	MR. KINDLON: Yes.
8	JUDGE PIGOTT: Does that play into your
9	scenarios at all?
10	MR. KINDLON: It does to the extent that -
11	I mean, I the court, a number of times,
12	mentioned two years, two years, two years, maybe half
13	a dozen, I you know, a rough count. The trial
14	court judge said this is the determinate period of
15	incarceration you're going to get, but never
16	throughout the plea colloquy did they talk about
17	post-release supervision on that day when he pled.
18	And to, kind of, dovetail some of these discussions,
19	I think the out could be
20	JUDGE RIVERA: I thought he only mentioned
21	it at the very beginning?
22	MR. KINDLON: I'm sorry, Your Honor?
23	JUDGE RIVERA: I thought he only mentioned
24	it at the very beginning?
	·

MR. KINDLON: He mentioned it - - - the

1 trial court judge mentioned it at the conference 2 three days prior, but - - -3 JUDGE RIVERA: At the very beginning, 4 though. 5 MR. KINDLON: The very beginning of the 6 plea colloquy? 7 JUDGE RIVERA: No, the conference. 8 MR. KINDLON: At the conference, yes, but 9 during - - - on that - - - on that day, when he 10 stepped forward to plead guilty, there was no mention 11 at all. JUDGE RIVERA: No mention at all. 12 13 MR. KINDLON: No. CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel - - -14 15 MR. KINDLON: Yes, sir. 16 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - from your 17 reading of our cases, do any of them, when there is 18 no mention of PRS at the plea, do any of them require 19 preservation when there's nothing that goes on at the 20 plea that - - - that involves PRS? In other words, 21 I'm trying - - - what's the one constant that you see 22 in all our many decisions in this area? 23 MR. KINDLON: Your Honor, I - - - the 2.4 constant began, I think, with - - - with [Kae'tu] or 25 Catu, I - - -

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, right, well
2	_
3	MR. KINDLON: don't know how to
4	pronounce it.
5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Catu, I think, go
6	ahead.
7	MR. KINDLON: The voluntariness of it all,
8	because PRS is is a direct consequence of it
9	all. The failure to mention such a direct
10	consequence is you know, impacts the
11	voluntariness, the knowledge of the defendant when he
12	or she pleads guilty.
13	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: And your position is
14	if you don't have it mentioned at the plea, it can't
15	be voluntary, is that
16	MR. KINDLON: Correct, Your Honor. I
17	JUDGE READ: Even if it's mentioned in
18	Judge Abdus-Salaa Salaam's hypothetical, let's
19	say, at a conversation twenty minutes before the plea
20	on the record?
21	MR. KINDLON: Yes, Your Honor.
22	JUDGE RIVERA: Well, the reality is those
23	cases where we focused on the plea, we don't know if
24	it was mentioned in an agreement beforehand. Yet
25	we've taken the same position.

1 MR. KINDLON: Yes, Your Honor, that's very true. I - - - like - - -2 3 JUDGE RIVERA: The plea is - - -4 MR. KINDLON: - - - we've discussed. 5 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - the moment that you've 6 got to have the knowledge. 7 MR. KINDLON: Yes, Your Honor. And then at 8 sentencing, which is where we get to the backend is -9 10 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: The question is - - -11 MR. KINDLON: Yes? JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: - - - when do you 12 13 acquire the knowledge, right? Because if you acquire 14 the knowledge five minutes before the plea, and you 15 want to talk it over with your lawyer - - -16 MR. KINDLON: Sure. 17 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: - - - and you say, yeah, I want the deal, and the - - - and the judge 18 19 mentions five minutes or twenty minutes or whatever 20 it is, the day of the plea, then you come back and 21 say, well, af - - - after the sentencing, I didn't 22 understand that - - - my plea - - - my plea was 23 involuntary because I didn't know about the PRS? 2.4 MR. KINDLON: Well, Your Honor, I think

that gets into a different discussion of, you know,

1 what kind of advice you got from your attorney and, 2 you know, did your attorney advise you what post-3 release meant. But if you're told that post-release is 4 5 included when you plead guilty, you know, I think the court and the People, as stewards of the record, are 6 7 the ones saying, look, we mentioned it. If your 8 attorney didn't talk to you about it, you know, 9 that's an entirely different claim that you have to 10 bring forward about ineffective assistance - - -11 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel. MR. KINDLON: - - - but I don't think we 12 13 have that here. 14 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thanks, counsel. 15 Appreciate it. 16 MR. KINDLON: 17 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You'll have your 18 rebuttal. 19 MR. KINDLON: I'm done already. Thank you 20 very much. 21 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Ten minutes goes fast 22 or slow depending on how you view it, you know? 23 MR. DWYER: I think it depends on where you 2.4 are with respect to the courtroom, Judge.

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: That may be.

1	MR. DWYER: Good af
2	JUDGE RIVERA: It always
3	MR. DWYER: Good afternoon, Your Honors,
4	Gerald Dwyer for the respondent. I think the on
5	- the only
6	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Coun counsel,
7	let me let me ask you a question.
8	MR. DWYER: Yeah, go ahead, Judge.
9	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Why would it not
10	serve us well, based on the general principals
11	starting with Catu and all these different cases, why
12	wouldn't it be better to have a rule that says, if
13	it's not at the plea, it's not on the record, and
14	it's not voluntary?
15	MR. DWYER: Yeah. I we've never done
16	that, Judge. I
17	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You know, I mean,
18	putting aside
19	MR. DWYER: I'm not saying
20	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: our slicing the
21	salami so thin.
22	MR. DWYER: Yeah, it'd be
23	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What what makes
24	sense in terms of this?
25	MR. DWYER: Because the way it is now, and

--- and what I submit, I think this --- this 1 2 court has struggled with it a lot, because you get a 3 lot of these cases. 4 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Struggle is a weak 5 word. Go ahead. 6 MR. DWYER: Yes, right, Your Honor. I did 7 - - - poor choice of words, but - - -CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah. 8 9 MR. DWYER: - - - but we've had a lot of 10 these cases, because those of us that have done a lot 11 of criminal law know that, although it's a direct 12 consequence to defendants, it - - - it is an 13 insignificant - - - it - - - vis-a-vis the amount of 14 prison time, and that trickles through all of the 15 proceedings. 16 When we talk to - - - to defense lawyers, 17 we don't argue about - - - very much about PRS; we 18 argue about how much time they're going to get. And 19 that essentially - - - and - - - and obviously, it is 20 a direct consequence. You know, that's clear and it 21 should be. But I think that's why we - - -22 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: The horse is out of 23 the - - - the horse is out of the barn on that issue; 2.4 go ahead.

25 MR. DWYER: Yeah, but that's why the trial

1	courts sometimes forget, and we end up you end
2	up having to deal with this. Obviously, I sub
3	submit that what Judge Abdus-Salaam was saying is
4	that it's more important that they have the
5	knowledge, then the particular time when. And I
6	think we have to look at every individual
7	JUDGE RIVERA: But I think, counsel, that -
8	if I can get back to my my point before
9	-
10	MR. DWYER: Yeah.
11	JUDGE RIVERA: or my concern before
12	is, although perhaps here there's a record and
13	there's something
14	MR. DWYER: Right.
15	JUDGE RIVERA: for for you to
16	argue on
17	MR. DWYER: Right.
18	JUDGE RIVERA: but it's not
19	necessarily the case in the other cases we've already
20	decided, and in any other case. It may not be
21	MR. DWYER: Yeah.
22	JUDGE RIVERA: so obvious what the
23	conversation was.
24	MR. DWYER: Yes. But I I and
25	to get to really in support of what you're

1 saying, Judge Rivera, is that, let's go all the way 2 back to the arraignment. 3 JUDGE RIVERA: I'm just saying, if that's 4 the case, why not - - - I think what the Chief Judge 5 may be eluding to or suggesting or perhaps very 6 explicit, why not just have that bright-line rule? 7 We're looking at what happens at the plea. 8 MR. DWYER: Well, first of all, Your Honor, 9 it would - - - it would overrule a long line of 10 jurisprudence in this court where you've said there's 11 no particular litany that we require. If you Google 12 "no" - - - "no particular litany" with respect to 13 pleas, you'll get 10,000 cases. 14 JUDGE RIVERA: No particular litany doesn't 15 mean no mention of PRS. I mean, because that's right 16 against Catu, is it not? 17 MR. DWYER: But - - - but it really was here, Your Honor, and I mean, the distinction here is 18 what happened is the trial court here is - - - is in 19 20 - - - is liable to be punished for giving a defendant 21 some - - - three days to talk to his lawyer - - -22 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but how many 23 times do we have to say it? Do it at the plea, so we 2.4 know - -

25 | MR. DWYER: I - - -

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: that it's
2	voluntary.
3	MR. DWYER: Okay. It this is
4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: I mean, this is
5	MR. DWYER: But
6	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Trial judges
7	MR. DWYER: Yeah.
8	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: should be on
9	notice by now.
10	MR. DWYER: Right.
11	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: No matter the slight
12	differences
13	MR. DWYER: Right.
14	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: we have as to
15	how we view it, they got to be on their list.
16	MR. DWYER: I'm sure
17	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Do it at the plea.
18	How difficult is this?
19	MR. DWYER: Judge Giardino would
20	JUDGE RIVERA: Plus prosecutors are always
21	free to remind them.
22	MR. DWYER: That's true, Your Honor,
23	although sometimes, if the prosecutor takes things
24	over, it could be a problem.

JUDGE RIVERA: I didn't say take over;

merely remind them.

2.4

MR. DWYER: If they - - - yeah. But we do run into that sometimes. But - - - but it goes back to the mindsets of the individuals, Judge, and so here we are. I would submit, Your Honors, that this is not a good case for a bright-line rule because of the second most critical fact.

The first most critical fact is that he's told three days before, here's - - - here's the se - - - plea, and here's the sentence proposed, and he's asked before he goes out the door, do you have any questions about the sentence? Okay, that's at - - - right in the record of the April 18th decision. Do you have any questions about the sentence? He asked, you know, a lot of questions. Do you have any questions about this? Do you have any questions about that? But one of things he said is, do you have any questions about the sentence?

And then when he comes back in on the 21st, the court says, this is on for you to make up your mind; what's your decision? And he says, I want to take the plea. So it's essentially - - - I mean, we would submit that's essentially - - - the offer was made and this was it. And then the court goes on into its colloquy - -

	CRIEF GODGE HIPPMAN. But ISH t the
2	isn't the court remiss in its obligation at that
3	point
4	MR. DWYER: In failing to reiterate?
5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah.
6	MR. DWYER: That's the better practice,
7	Your Honor, but first of all, so he he
8	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But how are we ever
9	going to get the better practice if we're loose in
10	terms of how this is done?
11	MR. DWYER: Because of what the standard
12	you've set, which is that he has to have knowledge,
13	and if he doesn't have knowledge, then he has to have
14	sufficient opportunity to object. And that's the
15	second critical fact here.
16	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So you're
17	you're let me ask you the same question that I
18	asked your your adversary. So so what is
19	the rule when you put all our cases
20	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: together? When
21	when do you have to have knowledge? If it's
22	not if you can get knowledge that's not given
23	at the plea
24	MR. DWYER: Right.
25	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: when do you

1	have to get it?
2	MR. DWYER: I I
3	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Or when can you get
4	it?
5	MR. DWYER: Yeah. I would submit that he
6	has to have the courts have always said he has
7	to have sufficient knowledge. Does that mean timely
8	knowledge? I think there's an argument that there's
9	a timely element to it. So to go back to what I
10	started with Judge Rivera, when you get arraign
11	somebody, the trial courts usually say you're charged
12	with a B-violent; you can get this as a sentence.
13	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So is it is it
14	three minutes, three days or or thirty days?
15	MR. DWYER: I don't think that we can
16	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Each case is
17	different?
18	MR. DWYER: I know yeah, exactly,
19	Judge.
20	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Can we look into the
21	mind of the defendant
22	MR. DWYER: Well, okay.
23	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: and know
24	whether it's voluntary?
25	MR. DWYER: All right.

JUDGE RIVERA: Doesn't that just encourage
more litigation over this singular issue, rather than
just sticking with the bright-line rule that it's got
to be at the plea?

2.4

MR. DWYER: Well, I think it has to be said, Judge, is a - - is a pretty bright-line rule. It can't be implied. It can't be - - - the court has to say or the People have to say at some point in the proceedings, either any plea will require post-release supervision of X-amount, but the person has an attorney there. These are - - I mean, I think that if they are so informed, irrespective of when, they have the knowledge. And they should be - - - impose that.

But this case is - - - is - - - is not a good case to reverse for another critical reason and that is, he had more than ample opportunity to object. When he doesn't show up, the court adjourns it for two weeks. Typical. Go see if you can find him. They come back in two weeks. He's still not there. The attorney says, I don't know where he is. Typical scenario.

The court then imposes a sentence - - - enhances the prison term and then says three years PRS. And says, we'll make it formal - - I'm not

sure what that means - - - we'll make it formal when he's brought back in front of me. Twenty days later, on August 17th, he is, in fact, picked up by the U.S. Marshals and brought back.

2.4

So his attorney when he was - - - attorney was present three weeks before - - - has the sentence. The court says, have you had a chance to talk to your client? Yes, I have. The court - - - the first thing the court says at this confirmation hearing is - - - reiterates the sentence. Okay, you didn't show up two weeks ago. Because of that, I gave you five years, and three years post-release, et cetera, et cetera.

He then asks his attorney, "Is there any reason - - any legal reason, Mr. Calabrese" - - - which is a member of Mr. Kindlon's firm - - - "that you can think of as to why I should not confirm my enhanced sentence based upon his failure to appear for sentence?" So in this case, he invited an objection.

He - - - the lawyer had known it three weeks before. He reiterates it with the defendant in the courtroom. The first thing when they walk in, he asks the attor - - - the defendant, what do you have to say for yourself; do you have anything you want to

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1
          say to me? He asks - - - and then he asks this
 2
          question of the attorney. So they - - - they had a
 3
          lot more opportunity than they did in Murray.
 4
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Knowing - - - knowing
 5
          - - - knowing our precedents - - -
                    MR. DWYER: Yeah.
 6
 7
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - when you hear
 8
          the judge at the plea stage and they don't mention
 9
          PRS, can't you put your hand up and say, you know,
10
          Judge - - -
11
                    MR. DWYER: Yeah.
12
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - we - - - we
13
          know the cases - - -
14
                    MR. DWYER: Right.
15
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - and the
16
          precedents - - -
17
                    MR. DWYER: Yeah.
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - could you
18
19
          please indicate that this includes PRS?
20
                    MR. DWYER: Well, you know, I - - -
21
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Again, your - - -
22
          your view would be that's the better practice?
23
                    MR. DWYER: I sent out the Padilla (ph.)
2.4
          memo, you know, I sent - - - you know, I mean, you -
25
          - - I actually went and talked to the judges, you
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1	know. But you can't
2	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Well well,
3	prosecutors, defense lawyers, and judges
4	MR. DWYER: Well, you know, I mean
5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: hear about the
6	same
7	MR. DWYER: it's in everybody's best
8	interests that defense lawyers not be accused of
9	incompetence, courts are not going to be reversed,
10	and prosecutors gets the pleas that they want, so
11	_
12	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: We agree.
13	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: And it's too bad the
14	judge here was more concerned about confirming the
15	sentence than saying PRS at the plea. I mean
16	MR. DWYER: Well, yeah, but
17	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: he's going to be
18	careful now, but it's
19	MR. DWYER: you know, again, Judge,
20	you
21	JUDGE RIVERA: You're going to have to walk
22	around with your memo. Write on the cover of the
23	-
24	MR. DWYER: Well, you know, Your Honors,
25	you're right, but I mean, the courts have those

1 questions that they're supposed to ask, and they take 2 some umbrage at prosecutors pretending that they have 3 a better knowledge sometimes. But if it's done 4 artfully, you know - - - gee, Your Honor, I'm sorry; 5 did I miss something? You didn't seem to - - -6 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: To mention PRS, yeah. 7 MR. DWYER: - - - mention PRS. I agree, 8 Judge, it's the better practice, but in this case, 9 Judge, I mean, all of your cases have said, the 10 requirements are sufficient knowledge and - - - and 11 if you don't have that, a clear opportunity to 12 object, and in this case, I think arguably, he had 13 both, so that's why I think it has to be affirmed, 14 Your Honor. I didn't help you with the bright-line 15 rule, but I think - - -16 JUDGE READ: Well, yeah - - - I guess 17 you're saying that should be the rule, as it now - -18 19 MR. DWYER: I'm thinking it is already, 20 Your Honor. I think that is the rule. 21 JUDGE READ: Yeah. 22 MR. DWYER: But the question that - - -23 JUDGE RIVERA: Synthesizing the cases, 2.4 that's what it boils down to.

MR. DWYER: Yeah, but I think, again, see I

-- even I would be a little troubled because if -1 2 - - at arraignment, the courts go through another 3 litany of telling the person what their exposures 4 are. And I can't tell you right now that they say 5 PRS then. I wouldn't be - - - some of you, I know, may know that. But I wouldn't be surprised if they 6 7 Is that adequate? I don't think it probably did. 8 is, because it's not a plea - - - it has nothing to 9 do with plea, you know. 10 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counselor, 11 thanks. 12 MR. DWYER: Thank you, Your Honors. 13 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thank you. Counselor, rebuttal? 14 15 MR. KINDLON: Thank you very much. 16 I should draw from Your Honor's dissent in

I should draw from Your Honor's dissent in People v. Turner, because you summarized the Louree decision. "Louree recognized that the defendant has the opportunity to withdraw a plea at any time before imposition of the sentence". That is, if there's an opportunity for the defense or the defendant to object - - -

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JUDGE PIGOTT: Here you got three pretty bright lawyers. You got the judge, the DA and the defense lawyer all sitting there and - - - and this

judge, you know, on the cold record, sounds to be very accommodating. He's saying, you know, this is - - - this is what I, you know, can get, you know - - - and everybody seems to think it's fine. He wants three - - - the defendant wants three days. They come back and - - I can understand why everybody thinks, done deal. You know, there's nothing - - - nothing here.

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Now, your guy absconds. If he's gone for three years, and comes back and makes this pitch, and all of sudden you have problems with witnesses or something like that, on the technicality that it was mentioned pre - - - pre-sentence or pre-plea, but he knew about it, and took the plea. And then as - - - as Mr. Dwyer points out, he comes back and is given another opportunity to object and doesn't. We never - - let's say, we're going to vacate the plea; we're going to go to trial on this, even though these witnesses are gone.

MR. KINDLON: Yes, Your Honor. And I think that to build trapdoors into cases like this, I don't think anybody wants and that's why the preservation issue is such a big deal, and you know, is the defense attorney or the defendant sandbagging to make sure that they get this thing at the backend, but I

1 think plea bargains by their very nature - - - I 2 mean, everybody gets something that they want. 3 Everybody gets something that they don't want, but 4 the - - - the practical - - - you know, the rarity of 5 this in real life, I - - - I think that we don't 6 really have to worry about making a rule that 7 suddenly encourages litigation to go through the roof. I think the - - -8 9 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Well, what's rare 10 about this? It sounds like it happens unfortunately 11 too often, because Mr. Dwyer says he's sent out a 12 Padilla memo; he's talked to the judges; he's talked 13 to his - - - his staff. What's so rare about it? 14 - - - we have so many of these cases. 15 MR. KINDLON: Well, respectfully, Your 16 Honor, of the thousands of plea bargains that go

MR. KINDLON: Well, respectfully, Your

Honor, of the thousands of plea bargains that go

through our system, you know, not just in Albany

County, but throughout New York State, only a few of

these have ever reached the Court of Appeals, and so

that's why this is an opportunity to make that

bright-line rule.

JUDGE RIVERA: Your light went off.

MR. KINDLON: Yeah.

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JUDGE RIVERA: But let's just touch his - - his last point, which is the sentencing, the

confirm - - - confirm sentencing. 1 2 MR. KINDLON: Yes, Your Honor. 3 JUDGE RIVERA: When - - - when the judge 4 asked, is there any reason I shouldn't impose this 5 enhanced sentencing, why - - - why isn't it 6 considering that at the top of that confirmation of 7 sentencing in the court, mentions the PRS, and some 8 time goes on about why you didn't show up, all this. 9 Time has passed. And he's saying, you know, there's 10 - - - you've had a lot of time before that day, but 11 at that moment, you had a lot of time. What - - -12 what - - - why doesn't that carry the day? It sounds 13 rather compelling. MR. KINDLON: Your Honor, the - - - the 14 15 confirmation hearing of the sentence, the sentence -16 - - a sentence had already been imposed weeks before. 17 So, you know, again, the defendant - - - if he has an 18 opportunity to object, it's at that moment at 19 sentencing. That had already passed. You know, the 20 reality is Mr. Crowder wasn't there to object in 21 trying to withdraw his plea, you know, which again, 22 is a factual - - - a unique fact in this case.

MR. KINDLON: No, Your Honor - - -

happens during the confirmation - - -

JUDGE RIVERA: We should not look what

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1	JUDGE RIVERA: is that at all.
2	MR. KINDLON: not at all. It was
3	valid
4	JUDGE PIGOTT: Wasn't he back at that time?
5	I mean
6	MR. KINDLON: What's that?
7	JUDGE PIGOTT: when he was given the
8	five, he was there, wasn't he?
9	MR. KINDLON: When he was no.
10	JUDGE PIGOTT: The second time. He never -
11	he's never appeared ever since?
12	MR. KINDLON: No, I'm sorry, Your Honor.
13	When he was at the confirmation hearing, he was
14	there.
15	JUDGE PIGOTT: Right. Now, why at that
16	point didn't you say, by the way, Judge, you got to
17	vacate this plea, because all of the sudden you're
18	talking PRS and and I was there at the at
19	the plea and you didn't mention PRS, and therefore
20	this plea is unstable.
21	MR. KINDLON: Because, Your Honor, based
22	upon past precedent, we didn't have to. And
23	JUDGE PIGOTT: You you thought to
24	yourself, I don't have to preserve this; I can appeal
25	it directly. Therefore, I'm not going to advise the

1 court that - - - that PRS wasn't mentioned at the 2 plea? 3 MR. KINDLON: Going through our brain at that moment, Your Honor, I think everybody was just 4 5 concerned that Adam was alive, and, you know, it's not a question on it today, but there was the 6 7 calculation that was big, but, yes, Your Honor, there 8 was, you know, based upon past precedent, the idea 9 that this doesn't meet - - - need to be preserved 10 because it's a voluntariness issue. 11 JUDGE PIGOTT: So you knew that you had a -12 - - you had an invalid plea, and you allowed the 13 court to sentence somebody, knowing that you could 14 then appeal all of that? 15 MR. KINDLON: No. 16 JUDGE PIGOTT: Okay. 17 MR. KINDLON: But I knew that there was a 18 question. 19 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay. Thank you both. 20 Appreciate it. 21 (Court is adjourned) 22 23 2.4

CERTIFICATION I, Karen Schiffmiller, certify that the foregoing transcript of proceedings in the Court of Appeals of People v. Adam Crowder, No. 11 was prepared using the required transcription equipment and is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. Hour Laboffmills. Signature: Agency Name: eScribers Address of Agency: 700 West 192nd Street Suite # 607 New York, NY 10040 Date: January 21, 2015