1	COURT OF APPEALS
2	STATE OF NEW YORK
3	
4	MATTER OF MANOUEL,
5	Appellant,
6	-against-
7	No. 22 BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
8	Respondent.
9	
10	20 Eagle Street Albany, New York 12207
11	January 15, 2015
12	Before:
13	CHIEF JUDGE JONATHAN LIPPMAN ASSOCIATE JUDGE SUSAN PHILLIPS READ
14	ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE F. PIGOTT, JR. ASSOCIATE JUDGE JENNY RIVERA
15	ASSOCIATE JUDGE SHEILA ABDUS-SALAAM
16	Appearances:
17	CHRISTOPHER P. BYRNES, ESQ. SCHRODER AND STROM, LLP
18	Attorneys for Appellant 114 Old Country Road
19	Suite 218 Mineola, NY 11501
20	MARTIN VALK, ESQ.
21	OFFICE OF THE NASSAU COUNTY ATTORNEY Attorneys for Respondent
22	One West Street Mineola, NY 11501
23	
24	
25	Sara Winkeljohn Official Court Transcriber

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: 22, Matter of
2	Manouel.
3	Counsel, would you like any rebuttal time?
4	MR. BYRNES: Two minutes, please, Your
5	Honor.
6	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Two minutes. Go
7	ahead, counsel.
8	MR. BYRNES: All right. Your Honor, the
9	sole issue in this case is whether a single-family
10	home is considered owner-occupied for the purposes of
11	SCAR jurisdiction when a close relative
12	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What would be
13	consistent with the purposes of SCAR? From a policy
14	perspective, what's your argument as to why in this
15	case you should recov
16	MR. BYRNES: Okay.
17	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: be able to use
18	SCAR?
19	MR. BYRNES: The SCAR was initially enacted
20	to allow homeowners to efficiently and affordably
21	litigate their disputes regarding their property tax
22	assessments.
23	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But to only certain
24	people should the
25	MR. BYRNES: Only certain people, correct.

1 There are certain - - -2 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Occup - - - owner-3 occupied homes. 4 MR. BYRNES: Owner-occupied residential 5 properties, et cetera. CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Right. 6 7 MR. BYRNES: It was enacted because the 8 alternative to a SCAR proceeding is just a - - - an 9 Article 7 Title I proceeding, which is a regular 10 special proceeding. It's a 210-dollar filing fee, 95 11 dollars for an RJI, 30-dollar - - -CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: How do you come in 12 13 with - - - within the owner-occupied language? MR. BYRNES: Well, SCAR is a remedial 14 15 statute, so the jurisdictional requirements should be 16 read broadly to spread its beneficial effects as 17 widely as possible. And in this case that would mean reading the word owner to include a close relative of 18 19 the actual owner. 20 JUDGE READ: Where do we draw the line, 21 though? If we read it to - - - to include the close 22 relative here, I mean what about a cousin or what 23 about - - - I mean how - - - how would - - - how 2.4 would we know where to draw the line? How would the

agency know how to - - - where to draw the line?

1 MR. BYRNES: I mean, I think Judge 2 LaMarca's opinion from the Supreme Court was a good 3 one where he suggested that it was excluding 4 properties that were held for - - - to generate 5 income from rental. That being said, if it was just 6 limited to close family members, too, I - - - I think 7 that would be a workable distinction. JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: What about - - -8

counsel, what about the situation where, for example, someone is a partner in a law firm and has a house in Nassau County that they never use, but they have coworkers who are coming from a different part of a -- - a - - - a different office of the same firm, maybe an office here in Albany, and they commute to Nassau every day. And then their coworker who owns the home says, well, you know, I'm not using it so you can go ahead and use it. They're not there all the time. There's no income. This is gratis. would they be permitted to stay there and then the -- - the homeowner's still - - -

MR. BYRNES: In - - - in other words, it's just a - - - a friend or a coworker, not a - - - not a relative?

> JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Right.

MR. BYRNES: Well, if we adopted the income

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production test then no, but if it was just limited to family members then, you know, again, no, they wouldn't be - - -

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JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: They would have to be close family members, not just - - -

 $$\operatorname{MR}.$$ BYRNES: I would think close family members should be the distinction. I mean, look, the whole point of - - -

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But shouldn't there be more than - - - shouldn't there be some kind of guideline rather than us - - - us just guessing? You know, as Judge Read said, well, where's the line and how do we get it? You know, oh - - - oh, yeah, I think it should be family members. Or gee, I think it should be family members once removed. Or gee, I think it should be family members once removed and our close associates from work.

Doesn't there have to be some kind of a standard? And I get it when - - - when you say that - - - that the purpose - - - and we want to do things that are consistent with the purpose. But there's got to be some way to figure it out. You - - - you think - - I guess I'm asking you, what's your test? Is it solely as long as you're not getting income from it, it's okay?

1	MR. BYRNES: More
2	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Is that the is
3	that the bottom line?
4	MR. BYRNES: That's the bottom line. The -
5	the whole point of the owner-occupancy
6	requirement from from the legislative history
7	was to make SCAR administratively feasible. In other
8	words, to con restrict out the very large class
9	of residential landlords that own, you know,
10	inventories of one to three-family houses that are
11	rented out. If you allow them into the SCAR forum,
12	it's a floodgate. There's lots of them. There's a
13	lot of one to three family houses that are owned for
14	rental purposes. The situation that the petitioners
15	are in in this
16	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So owner-occupied
17	under your test would be anyone who you let use the
18	property who doesn't pay you rent?
19	MR. BYRNES: More or less, yeah.
20	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Would be owner-
21	occupied?
22	MR. BYRNES: Owner-occupied, other than
23	_
24	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay. That's
25	that's the test you'd have us apply.

1	MR. BYRNES: In this particular case, it's
2	the close family member.
3	JUDGE RIVERA: But but
4	MR. BYRNES: So I think in even in -
5	
6	JUDGE RIVERA: Counsel, it sounds to me
7	like you're making an argument you should be making
8	to the legislature, because the language is very
9	clear. It says owner.
10	MR. BYRNES: Right. I understand. But the
11	again, given the remedial nature of the
12	statute, the point is to correct inequities. And
13	whether
14	JUDGE RIVERA: Yes. But we can't write
15	into the statute what's not there.
16	MR. BYRNES: But you can interpret "owner"
17	to have a broader definition than its dictionary
18	definition, which this court has done in the past
19	when interpreting
20	JUDGE RIVERA: On "owner"? We've defined -
21	
22	MR. BYRNES: Not on owner; on residential.
23	You know, there's there's a
24	multiple-prong test to determining SCAR eligibility.
25	This court decided, I think in the late 80s, that

1 residential - - - exclusively residential doesn't 2 mean exclusively; exclusively means predominantly. 3 JUDGE RIVERA: So owner doesn't mean 4 exclusively owner? 5 MR. BYRNES: Right. No, owner doesn't mean - - correct. Owner wouldn't mean exclusively the 6 7 It would mean, you know, owner plus, you 8 know, close relatives, people that get basically the 9 beneficial use of the property without - - - without 10 the owner of the property getting financial 11 remuneration for it. 12 JUDGE RIVERA: So - - - so if it's a close 13 relative who you charge rent to, that's not covered? 14 MR. BYRNES: Correct, because they're just 15 gen - - - at that point it's just a tenant that 16 happens to be a relative of theirs. They can use 17 that stream of income to hire an attorney to 18 prosecute a traditional tax certiorari. The whole 19 point of SCAR, again, is to limit the cost and the 2.0 burden associated with a traditional tax certiorari, 21 which can be very time-consuming, very expensive, 22 take multiple years to resolve and - - -23 JUDGE RIVERA: And that - - - that 2.4 certainly would suggest that the legislature would

not have limited the phraseology to "owner-occupied".

They would have made clear exactly what you're 1 2 saying. Again, it strikes me like you're - - -3 you're seeking for us to do what the legislature has 4 chosen not to do at this time. It may be very good 5 policy. 6 MR. BYRNES: Right. 7 JUDGE RIVERA: That's not a disagreement 8 with you. 9 MR. BYRNES: Right. Again, that - - -10 JUDGE RIVERA: It strikes me you're - - -11 you're making the argument to the wrong building. 12 You may have to go a few blocks over. 13 MR. BYRNES: I understand. I just think 14 it's outweighed by policy considerations in this 15 particular case. Again, it's - - - here it's the - -16 - and it is close relatives that we're dealing with 17 in this particular fact pattern. You know, it's not 18 anything beyond that. CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Well, I think you 19 20 have a closer question in - - - in regard to what 21 Judge Rivera is asking you. There have been more 22 flexible interpretations over the years in terms of 23 the precedents as to what - - - what cov - - - what's 2.4 covered under this and what isn't.

25 | MR. BYRNES: Um-hum.

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So I think it's gone 2 part of the way, or a good part of the way to where 3 you want to go. Isn't this, though, as Judge Rivera 4 says, even beyond those precedents, extending 5 somewhere the legislature certainly didn't lay out a 6 game plan to go this far. But you're - - - what 7 you're really arguing, I guess, is that - - -8 MR. BYRNES: Right, yeah. 9 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - that where 10 we've come since that legislation leads to the 11 logical conclusion that this situation is covered? 12 MR. BYRNES: That's exactly right. If you 13 follow the exact fact patterns of the cases that have 14 expanded SCAR jurisdiction - - - this is clearly a -15 - - a step further. I'm not going to deny that. 16 if you follow the overarching principles of statutory 17 construction - - -CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You think it's 18 19 consistent with it. 20 MR. BYRNES: - - - it's consistent with it. 21 Exactly. 22 JUDGE READ: It would be a change, though, 23 wouldn't it, in - - - in the settled understanding of 2.4 what that means?

MR. BYRNES: No. If it was limited to only

1	family members, I mean I I don't have
2	statistics on this at all.
3	JUDGE READ: But it would be a change.
4	MR. BYRNES: I can't imagine that that's a
5	huge amount of properties. Yeah. It would be
6	more people would be let in, absolutely, which I
7	think is the goal of SCAR. And I think that would be
8	a
9	JUDGE READ: I mean it would be a change
10	from the way it's been interpreted by the government,
11	because owner has been interpreted as owner, as I
12	understand it.
13	MR. BYRNES: Correct, um-hum.
14	JUDGE RIVERA: Are you relying on New
15	Castle and Masters?
16	MR. BYRNES: New Castle v. Kaufmann,
17	correct. And that's
18	JUDGE RIVERA: And Masters?
19	MR. BYRNES: I'm sorry? And and
20	Masters just to a certain extent.
21	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel.
22	Thanks.
23	MR. VALK: Good afternoon. May it please
24	the court, Deputy County Attorney Martin Valk for the
25	respondents.

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Coun - - - counsel,
why - - - why isn't what your adversary is talking
about really consistent with the - - - the cases and
the pronouncements on this issue? He acknowledges it
takes it even one step further. But it's not - - the spirit of - - - of this particular circumstance
is relatively in sync with some of these other
rulings in this area. Is it - - - why - - - why
should we draw the line here, I guess is what I'm
saying.

MR. VALK: Quite simple. First of all, the one word answer is jurisdiction, and I'm - - - and that's two prongs. Number one, the SCAR court did not have jurisdiction over this proceeding for various factors. The petitioners did not reside at the property.

why are you doing this? I mean it - - - it - - - it would seem to me you got a lady - - - you know, what is she, a grandmother or something - - - living in a house. What's the advantage to Nassau County to go through a plenary hearing with respect to - - - to an assessment on a single-family house knowing, you know, that you - - as your opponent points out, you got all these filing fees. You got to get an expert.

You're going to go through discovery. Maybe - - - maybe a year-and-a-half down, you're going to get to the thing. In the meantime, you had to file a second one. And these things pile up and Nassau County's famous for getting these things done quickly. So why - - - why wouldn't you just say let this go?

MR. VALK: I guess my client's reputation

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MR. VALK: I guess my client's reputation precedes itself. Couple of reasons, number one - - - and the panel alluded to it, where do you draw the line?

JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, why don't you draw the line here? You could say to him, why don't you just have your - - - your taxpayer file - - - doesn't even have to file it. Give a deed to your - - - to your mother-in-law, now she's an owner-occupant. Want a no more dollars, don't even have to file it.

MR. VALK: But that wouldn't cover the year at issue, assuming that's - - -

JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, of course. But it -
- but what - - - but what you're simply saying is

there's a papier-mache hoop you can - - - you can

jump through by - - - by having - - - you know, on

December 31st giving her this deed that doesn't have

to be filed. Nobody - - - nobody cares about it

except she's the owner and now she can do this. Then

1	it would seem to me that in the spirit of this
2	statute, you'd be more than happy to get this thing
3	done through SCAR.
4	MR. VALK: Well, except the plain meaning
5	is owner-occupied. If she were the owner on tax
6	status, they then, Your Honor, you are correct,
7	but here she wasn't.
8	JUDGE PIGOTT: And why does that what
9	
10	MR. VALK: It's as simple as that.
11	JUDGE PIGOTT: You know, I mean, I I
12	understand you can raise this, but why?
13	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Counsel, if
14	could I just I I know that's
15	rhetorical question, so I'm going to jump in if you
16	don't mind.
17	MR. VALK: Thank you.
18	JUDGE PIGOTT: Absolutely.
19	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: If if one of the
20	owners had lived there with her, that person could
21	file the SCAR, right?
22	MR. VALK: I would
23	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: You can have two
24	homes, right? I I mean or is for SCAR
25	purposes, you can't live someplace for a few months

1	and someplace else for a few months or have a second
2	home?
3	MR. VALK: I would I would say that
4	the general overarching rule is you can only occupy
5	
6	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: One place.
7	MR. VALK: one home.
8	JUDGE PIGOTT: Yeah, but there's an excep
9	
10	MR. VALK: The owner can only occupy one
11	home.
12	JUDGE PIGOTT: There's an exception for
13	seasonals.
14	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Yeah.
15	MR. VALK: And that that is
16	that is correct. But
17	JUDGE PIGOTT: Not in the statute.
18	MR. VALK: And and it's not in the
19	statute. And in fact, the people in the other
20	building in 2012, I think, made the statute clear by
21	saying primary residence when they expanded the
22	statute to include limited partnerships and to
23	include trusts.
24	JUDGE PIGOTT: There they're referring to
25	Medicare

MR. VALK: Again, that's not our situation 1 2 here. 3 JUDGE PIGOTT: Then they're referring to Medicaid trusts and things like that where the - - -4 5 where the elderly or the - - - the parents deed the house to the kids but remain in it for - - -6 7 MR. VALK: For estate planning purposes. 8 Yes, Your Honor. 9 JUDGE PIGOTT: And for some reason that's 10 okay. 11 MR. VALK: That - - - well, that's what has 12 - - - the people in the other building, as you - - -13 as the panel alluded to, decreed. And it's as simple 14 as that. That's a plain - - -15 JUDGE PIGOTT: Doesn't it make sense? MR. VALK: That does make sense. However, 16 17 that's not our situation here. 18 JUDGE PIGOTT: You're - - - you're just 19 stuck with this. You'd really like to do this under 20 SCAR because this - - - you got this lady sitting in 21 a - - in a single-family home that belongs to her 22 son or son-in-law. I forget the exact facts. And 23 you'd really like to handle this like - - - with SCAR 2.4 and get it done but I'm sorry; we're going to have to

run you through the gauntlet of the same thing we run

1	Tops and Wegmans and supermarkets and factories
2	through.
3	MR. VALK: And that's yes, Your
4	Honor. And that's what the Klein (ph.) case says,
5	which we've both cited to.
6	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But isn't this
7	isn't this a stronger case for SCAR consideration
8	than some of the other exceptions that have been
9	made, like the seasonal that was mentioned?
10	Someone's living here full time who has a very, very
11	close family relationship to the owner. Isn't that a
12	stronger case to do this than than some of
13	these other situations?
14	MR. VALK: No, Your Honor. I
15	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Why not?
16	MR. VALK: I I would disagree with
17	you.
18	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Why?
19	MR. VALK: And the reason why is if you
20	look at the facts of that case, number number
21	one, the person was there temporarily. Everybody
22	knew they were there temporarily. The reason why?
23	House was on the market. Those aren't our facts
24	here.

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel,

1 anything else? MR. VALK: One other - - - one other point 2 3 if - - - if I may - - -4 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Sure, go ahead. 5 MR. VALK: - - - because I - - - I had 6 initially said it's two prong. Number one, SCAR 7 jurisdiction, number two, subject matter 8 jurisdiction. It's our opinion that subject matter 9 jurisdiction statutes should be construed narrowly. 10 Thank you. 11 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay. Thanks. Counsel, rebuttal. 12 13 MR. BYRNES: Thank you, Your Honor, just 14 one quick point. The whole primary residency test, I 15 -- - I just want to point out really is only for the 16 two recently enacted amendments which are 17 partnerships and trusts. CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Right. 18 19 MR. BYRNES: This - - - you know, the State 20 Board of Equalization and Assessment, which is 21 currently known as the Office of Real Property Tax 22 Services, has dismissed primary occupancy - - -23 primary residents as the test for SCAR jurisdiction. 2.4 They said that by the legislator using owner-occupied

as - - - as opposed to domiciliary, that they

1	intended it to be a different meaning altogether.
2	JUDGE PIGOTT: Can you draw a deed?
3	MR. BYRNES: I'm sorry?
4	JUDGE PIGOTT: I'm kidding.
5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel.
6	MR. BYRNES: That's it. Thank you.
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thank you both.
8	Appreciate it.
9	MR. VALK: Thank you.
10	(Court is adjourned)
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CERTIFICATION

I, Sara Winkeljohn, certify that the foregoing transcript of proceedings in the Court of Appeals of Matter of Manouel v. Board of Assessors, No. 22 was prepared using the required transcription equipment and is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

Considerich and

Signature: _____

Agency Name: eScribers

Address of Agency: 700 West 192nd Street

Suite # 607

New York, NY 10040

Date: January 20, 2015