COURT OF APPEALS 1 2 STATE OF NEW YORK 3 \_\_\_\_\_ 4 PEOPLE, Respondent, 5 -against-No. 117 6 STANLEY A. BROWN, (papers sealed) 7 Appellant. 8 \_\_\_\_\_ 20 Eagle Street 9 Albany, New York 12207 June 04, 2015 10 11 Before: CHIEF JUDGE JONATHAN LIPPMAN ASSOCIATE JUDGE SUSAN PHILLIPS READ 12 ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE F. PIGOTT, JR. 13 ASSOCIATE JUDGE JENNY RIVERA ASSOCIATE JUDGE SHEILA ABDUS-SALAAM ASSOCIATE JUDGE LESLIE E. STEIN 14 ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE M. FAHEY 15 Appearances: 16 MARK C. DAVISON, ESQ. 17 DAVISON LAW OFFICE PLLC Attorneys for Appellant 18 42 Main Street Canandaiqua, NY 14424 19 HANNAH E.C. MOORE, ADA 20 NEW YORK PROSECUTORS TRAINING INSTITUTE JEFFERSON COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE 21 Attorneys for Respondent 175 Arsenal Street 22 Watertown, NY 13601 23 24 Sharona Shapiro 25 Official Court Transcriber

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Number 117.
2	(Pause)
3	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counselor
4	MR. DAVISON: Good afternoon, Your Honors.
5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Would you like any
6	rebuttal time?
7	MR. DAVISON: Could I have two minutes,
8	please?
9	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Two minutes, sure.
10	MR. DAVISON: Thank you, Your Honor. There
11	are – – – I'm Mark Davison, representing Stanley
12	Brown on this appeal.
13	The appeal raises two issues, both of which
14	involve the allocation of the burden of proof that
15	this court addressed last year in the Gillotti case.
16	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What was the test
17	that the Appellate Division used?
18	MR. DAVISON: Well, the the Appellate
19	Division affirmed without a writing, but I think this
20	court can
21	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Well, how do we know
22	what test they used?
23	MR. DAVISON: I I think all the court
24	needs to do is look at the at the standard that
25	a court that the court department applied

before this court decided Gillotti, including in the 1 2 Gillotti case itself, and after - - - after in - - -3 in a case, a particular case, the Scott case, before 4 Mr. Brown's case came up, an attorney specifically 5 raised the issue of the Wyatt case from the Second Department, which was the - - - the preeminent case 6 7 at the time. And the Fourth Department's reaction 8 was to put a cf. to that in - - - to Wyatt in this -9 10 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, it's easy to tell. I 11 mean, it's not in this one, but it was clear and 12 convincing before, then there was this one, and it 13 was clear and convincing after. MR. DAVISON: It was clear and convincing 14 15 after, right up until this court's decision in 16 Gillotti. 17 JUDGE PIGOTT: Do you have a preservation 18 issue with respect to your particular case? 19 MR. DAVISON: I - - - I don't believe so, 20 because the - - the - - when this court has said that 21 that there's a preservation problem, it's been 22 because there was no request for a downward departure 23 at all. And here, the trial counsel did specifically 24 request a downward departure, cited to a Second 25 Department case, and - - - and I submit that it would

1 have been unreasonable to expect - - -2 JUDGE RIVERA: But the cite to the Second 3 Department case wasn't for the standard, was it? 4 MR. DAVISON: It was - - -5 JUDGE RIVERA: Or rather to the merits of it? 6 7 MR. DAVISON: It was - - - it was to the merits of the - - - of the downward departure issue. 8 9 But I submit that the - - - that the trial judge in 10 this case was a - - - in Jefferson County, within the 11 Fourth Department, the trial judge was constrained -12 13 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Well, are we to assume 14 that the trial judge always follows what the 15 Appellate Division or even the Court of Appeals says? 16 MR. DAVISON: I would like to think that 17 they do, but I - - -18 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: If they're aware of 19 it. 20 MR. DAVISON: As far as I'm aware, they - -21 - they - - - they - - - they do the best they can. 22 JUDGE READ: But you didn't argue, did you, 23 about the proper standard to be applied in the lower 24 court? 25 MR. DAVISON: There was - - - there's no -

1 - no argument in the record of - - - about the 2 application of the proper standard. But I - I submit 3 that asking - - - that that would - - - would create 4 an unreasonable preservation requirement on - - - on 5 the trial attorney. The trial attorney would - - would have to not only flag the issue, but - - - but 6 ask the trial judge to follow the law in the Second 7 8 Department, in this case, and - - - and not the law 9 as it had been outlined by the Fourth Department. 10 The - - I - I think, by - - - by raising 11 the downward departure issue, I think that trial 12 counsel satisfied the preservation requirement that 13 this court alluded to in Fazio, which was a companion 14 case to Gillotti, and in - - - in the Johnson case, 15 at 11 NY3d, where the - - - the - - the preservation 16 problem was the failure to request the downward 17 departure at all. 18 The - - - the - - - I believe this case has 19 to go back not just to the Fourth Department to 20 address this issue, but I believe it has to go back 21 so that the trial court can address it as well. In 22 particular - - -23 JUDGE RIVERA: What - what - what's the 24 merits of the argument, though? What supports the 25 downward departure, under the correct standard, as

we've decided in Gillotti? 1 2 MR. DAVISON: The correct standard is - - -3 for downward departure, is preponderance of the evidence, from Gillotti. And I think that it's best 4 5 illustrated by the - - - the second issue in this case, which is the certificate of relief from 6 7 disabilities. Mr. Brown's trial attorney pointed out that there had been a certificate issued in this case 8 9 by the same judge. 10 JUDGE PIGOTT: Was that on the DWI? 11 MR. DAVISON: On the DWI. It was I - - I -- - I believe the DWI was '97 or '99. 12 The 13 certificate was handed down in 2002, and - - -JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Did the certificate 14 15 apply to sex offender registration, as opposed to 16 what we normally expect the certificate to apply to, 17 for example, employment or some other civil situation? 18 19 MR. DAVISON: License, to vote - - -20 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Yeah, license or 21 something like that. So are you - - - you're saying 22 that it would apply in this context in SORA? 23 MR. DAVISON: I think it does, under the 2.4 language of Section 701. It - - - it - - - it 25 applies for - - - to relieve you - - - to relieve a

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1 convicted felon of any - - - any disability, not - -2 - not just for employment or - - - or licensing. 3 JUDGE STEIN: I'm a little confused. I 4 thought in the trial court you were arguing about 5 double - - - double dipping between factors 9 and 11, when it came to the DWI. And I know that the 6 certificate was mentioned, but was there any argument 7 8 that it raised the presumption of rehabilitation, and 9 that the presumption had to be rebutted, or anything 10 of that nature at all? 11 MR. DAVISON: Not - - - not in - - - in that level of detail, but - - - but I think that it -12 13 - - it was - - - that was the point of what counsel 14 was trying to say, that this - - - that Mr. Brown was 15 - - - was being assessed points twice, both under - -16 - I forget the factor number now for alcohol and 17 substance abuse, but also because his prior felony 18 happened to be a DWI, and - - - and I think the point 19 that the trial counsel was trying to make was that 20 this - - - the certificate relieved the disability of 21 that DWI conviction and he shouldn't be assessed the 22 - - - the extra points under that factor 9 as well. 23 JUDGE STEIN: By the way, was the 24 certificate ever presented? Was it ever - - -25 MR. DAVISON: I - - I - - As far as I could

1	tell, it was not presented. I attached it to my
2	reply brief so that this court could see it, but I -
3	the the - as I pointed out in my reply
4	brief, it was the same judge who had granted the
5	certificate. The when the attorney alluded to
6	the fact of the certificate, no one challenged it.
7	No there was nothing to rebut it. And I think
8	that puts this case within Gillotti, because he met
9	his burden of going forward with a preponderance of
10	the evidence. He put it out there, and no one did
11	anything
12	JUDGE FAHEY: Mr. Davison
13	MR. DAVISON: about it.
14	JUDGE FAHEY: in Gillotti to be
15	within Gillotti I thought in Gillotti that they
16	requested a downward departure but didn't request a
17	standard, and you're saying we're within we're
18	a little bit better than that; we're within that
19	framework in terms of preservation, right?
20	MR. DAVISON: Yes.
21	JUDGE FAHEY: Is that what you're arguing?
22	MR. DAVISON: Yes, we're we're within
23	the Gillotti framework. We are we're outside
24	of the Fazio framework, where it wasn't preserved,
25	and we have a situation where the trial court ought
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1 to have made findings, as it - - - as it is required 2 to do under Section 168-n of the corrections law, and 3 it didn't make a finding - - -JUDGE STEIN: Counselor, a question. 4 If we 5 - - if we took away the fifteen points under factor 6 9, which is the prior felony case with a DWI, would 7 that change the presumptive risk - - -8 MR. DAVISON: It - - -9 JUDGE STEIN: - - - level? 10 MR. DAVISON: It would not change the 11 classification; he's still - - - it would bring him down to - - - I believe it's 100 and - - - 120 12 13 points, still above the 110 required for a level 3. 14 But it puts him in a better position when he's asking 15 the judge for a discretionary departure. If you're 16 that close to a level 2, then, you know, maybe this 17 other stuff will - - -18 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: I'm sorry; Judge 19 Abdus-Salaam. 20 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: You mentioned 21 discretion, and that's what I wanted to ask you 22 about, counsel, because bringing up the certificate, 23 then you mentioned a couple of times that it was the 24 same judge who was now the SORA judge who had granted 25 your client a certificate of relief from

disabilities. And so isn't there this alternative 1 2 theory that the judge did exercise discretion, 3 regardless of what standard the judge used to assess 4 the departure, assuming it was preserved - - - I'm 5 not suggesting that I agree that it was, but assuming it was, didn't the court exercise discretion, and 6 7 isn't the court allowed to exercise discretion in 8 denying or granting a departure? 9 MR. DAVISON: I would - - - I would agree, 10 except to the extent that as - - - as this court said last month in the Dempsey case, that when you've got 11 12 a certificate, when you've got proof of 13 rehabilitation, the court has to at least address it, and - - - and whether - - - I think it was an error 14 15 of law for the court not to address it at all. 16 JUDGE READ: You mean on the record? 17 MR. DAVISON: On the record, yes. 18 JUDGE READ: Even though you concede he 19 probably knew about it? 20 MR. DAVISON: He probably knew about it, 21 because he had signed it - - -22 JUDGE READ: Right. 23 MR. DAVISON: - - - and it was brought to 24 his attention, but he didn't - - - he didn't address 25 it on the record.

1	JUDGE RIVERA: But yeah
2	MR. DAVISON: He didn't exercise
3	JUDGE RIVERA: I thought your point is he
4	knows about it, but he may not necessarily think he
5	can take it into consideration.
6	MR. DAVISON: Well, the
7	JUDGE RIVERA: Did I misunderstand?
8	MR. DAVISON: It it does appear, on
9	this record, that he he may not have thought
10	that he could take it into consideration, but the
11	- from Mr. Brown's perspective, it is that it was out
12	there and no one addressed it. And
13	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counselor.
14	MR. DAVISON: and somebody should
15	_
16	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thank you, counselor.
17	MR. DAVISON: Okay.
18	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counselor?
19	MS. MOORE: Good afternoon. May it please
20	the court. Hannah Moore, New York Prosecutor's
21	Training Institute, of counsel for the Jefferson
22	County District Attorney's Office.
23	I want to talk first about preservation,
24	because I think that's really important in this case.
25	JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, there's an old phrase;

1 I can't remember the whole thing, but in the 2 Appellate Division where there are - - - there are 3 issues that simply can't escape review and don't need 4 any further explication than appear on the record. 5 Now, if we have a case here where it's very clear that - - - that the standard is preponderance, and 6 7 it's very clear that the Appellate Division has 8 consistently used clear and convincing, wouldn't it 9 just make sense, rather than expect another 10 procedure, I mean, to just clear that up and send it 11 back and let them make their decision based upon the correct standard, since they're now following 12 13 Gillotti? MS. MOORE: I don't think so in this case, 14 because I think the danger here is that we - - - we 15 16 don't know, from anything stated, what was used. But 17 we do know the strength of - - - or weakness, rather, 18 of the evidence that was before the court. 19 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, I'm not suggesting the

20 evidence, and I know there's talk about a lot of 21 rehabilitation and things like that. I'm simply 22 saying, do we say to the Fourth Department, you know, 23 you've been doing this for a very long time wrong, I 24 see you've got it fixed now, but all the ones you did 25 wrong, we're going to leave there; you can - - you

1 can just - - - don't worry that you messed up, that 2 you - - - that you used the wrong law; we're going to 3 cover it for you. MS. MOORE: No, I don't think so, because 4 5 one of the dangers - - -6 JUDGE PIGOTT: You're better off sending it 7 back and saying make the right - - - and they may do 8 exactly what you're suggesting, they may think I 9 don't care if it's clear and convincing or beyond a 10 reasonable doubt; this is going to be - - - this is 11 going to be a level 3. But they ought to at least be 12 able to do that, right? 13 MS. MOORE: Well, I think here the 14 evidence, you know, as a matter of law, was 15 insufficient. I think that evidence that the 16 defendant put forth failed under either preponderance 17 or clear and convincing. 18 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But why wouldn't - -19 why wouldn't - I think what the judge is saying to 20 you, why wouldn't we make crystal clear that this is 21 the standard that even you have acknowledged you have 22 to use now, do it under that standard, and if the 23 evidence is no good, fine. What is - - - what is the 24 harm, and yet it would seem that there's some good to 25 come out of making sure that we make clear to them

1 that all this time you've been using the wrong 2 standard. 3 MS. MOORE: The harm, first of all, is that 4 the - - - the defendant in this case, at this point, 5 could have actually asked for a subsequent downward modification where the standard would be clear and 6 7 convincing. So by, sort of, allowing this kind of 8 playing of the system where the issue - - -9 JUDGE PIGOTT: He's got to be playing the 10 system somehow if somebody let him get up here. 11 MS. MOORE: - - - this issue was not 12 preserved, and now he's able to get sent back under 13 the lower standard, it sets up this kind of duality that doesn't make sense. 14 15 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, you could make the 16 argument, Ms. Moore, that - - - what you're doing is 17 you're standing here saying I know there's five judges in Rochester that would prefer for me to make 18 the decision, and I'm - - - and I want to, on behalf 19 20 of the Appellate Division, say we don't want to use 21 the right standard in this case. MS. MOORE: Well, I think, importantly, 22 23 here, there's no indication that the wrong standard 2.4 was used, first of all. 25 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, you really

1	have serious doubt as to what standard was used?
2	MS. MOORE: I I do, because I think
3	at the
4	JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, there's a couple
5	people on this court that probably are going to think
6	that they probably did the clear and convincing.
7	MS. MOORE: And that's and that's
8	fine, because, again, under either standard, the
9	evidence is important here. This is a case
10	JUDGE READ: So are you saying it would
11	just be an exercise in futility to send it back and
12	have the Appellate Division apply the right standard?
13	MS. MOORE: Well, I think that, should this
14	court infer that the wrong standard was used, that,
15	yes, the correct action there would be go back to the
16	to the Fourth Department.
17	JUDGE RIVERA: Why is the evidence
18	insufficient? Why has he not got something that is
19	at least a colorable basis for arguing for the
20	downward departure?
21	MS. MOORE: Because here, first of all,
22	most of the evidence that we're talking about, as my
23	opponent said, was actually not before the SORA
24	court, and I think that's very important. Neither
25	the specific arguments, nor the specific evidence
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1 that we're now talking about, were actually in front of the SORA judge. And I think - - - and also - - -2 3 JUDGE RIVERA: You mean the certificate? 4 MS. MOORE: I'm sorry? 5 JUDGE RIVERA: You mean the certificate? MS. MOORE: Both the certificate as well as 6 7 the claim relating to the change in relationship with 8 the victim. The changed order of protection was also 9 not before the SORA court, so - - -10 JUDGE RIVERA: So the certificate, that 11 judge ordered it, right? MS. MOORE: Yes, right. And again, that 12 13 goes to the - - - points to the fact that this SORA court knew the evidence, knew the case before it, and 14 15 took all of that into consideration as - - -16 JUDGE RIVERA: Well, is it clear that the 17 judge understood that - - - if it - - - if it were to 18 be the case - - -19 MS. MOORE: Um-hum. 20 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - that the judge could 21 take into consideration the certificate? 22 MS. MOORE: Yes. 23 JUDGE RIVERA: Is there something to let us 24 know that? 25 MS. MOORE: Well, yes, because this - - -

1 this judge, both the hearing record makes clear, the 2 defendant spoke to the court and detailed some of 3 these instances, and the court - - - there's no indication, in fact - - - excuse me, the indication 4 5 is that the court knew the defendant's history with alcohol, knew the prior felonies. And again, even if 6 7 you remove those fifteen points, the defendant was 8 still a presumptive level 3. 9 JUDGE RIVERA: By the way, is there 10 something else to support the fifteen points other 11 than the DWI? MS. MOORE: Well - - -12 13 JUDGE RIVERA: Is there another - - Is there evidence of a history otherwise? 14 15 MS. MOORE: There is, although the - - -16 the fifteen points is for a prior felony, so the only 17 prior offense - - -18 JUDGE RIVERA: Was that one. 19 MS. MOORE: - - - eligible was that one, 20 right. 21 JUDGE RIVERA: Okay. MS. MOORE: And in fact, the defendant also 22 23 talked about his - - - you know, his treatment since 2.4 he was incarcerated. He was actually not assessed 25 any points based on his - - - his behavior while

incarcerated. And - - -1 2 JUDGE PIGOTT: Have you - - have you done 3 SORA hearings? 4 MS. MOORE: I have not, personally. 5 JUDGE PIGOTT: Because one of - - - one of 6 the concerns you have is that there's - - - they are 7 so cursory, because the judge doesn't care. I mean, 8 you've got a sex offender; he's going to 3. Now, I'm 9 being cynical, and - - - and I'm not suggesting 10 that's what happens all the time. But on occasion, 11 when somebody says I've been through chemical 12 dependency therapy successfully, I've been to, you 13 know, a number of things, I've done all of this 14 stuff, it ought to be brought in front of the judge, 15 and - - - and some of that built-in bias, that I 16 think I would have if I was doing SORA hearings, can 17 get tapered a little bit, because all of this comes before the judge. And - - - and that's why, it would 18 19 seem to me, that, A, you make it preponderance and 20 not - - - and not clear and convincing, which - - -21 which reduces the - - - you know, gives you a better 22 view, as a - - - as a judge on the things. And then 23 you do listen to the stuff. 24 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: But, counsel, your 25 point is that the judge did hear all of this - - -

MS. MOORE: Absolutely.
JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: and made a
discretionary decision
MS. MOORE: Right.
JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: to not grant the
downward departure.
MS. MOORE: This was an extensive hearing.
This was not a cursory hearing. This was an instance
where, as I said, the defendant in the records
before you, pages and pages of testimony.
I'd also argue this is a sexually violent
offender. This is somebody who molested two of his
children. Actually, according to some of the
document provided by the defendant in the briefs
here, potentially a third child as well; that's
mentioned in the order of protection that was
modified. One of the daughters, the abuse started at
the age of three, continuing till she was nine. So
there the the court the SORA court,
though, clearly understood its role, which was not
just to rubber-stamp the determination of the board,
which recommended a level 3.
JUDGE RIVERA: Sure. But the points mean
something. So his point is or his argument is,
in part, that if a certain amount of these points,

1 even if they won't take - - - take this particular 2 defendant out - out of the level 3, automatically get 3 him out because of the points score, it gets him 4 closer to the 2, and maybe that that point, the 5 argument has perhaps - - - is - is more compelling to 6 the judge, the closer you move. How many of these 7 arguments have we heard about being very close to the line, that that makes a difference? Why is that not 8 9 a strong argument on his part? 10 MS. MOORE: Well, I think in this 11 particular case, because the defendant, by statute, 12 is a sexually violent offender, which is not in the 13 court's discretion, so he's going to be, you know, 14 reporting for life. So the consequences - - - I'm 15 not sure how much, you know, it matters whether he's 16 a 3 or 2, in terms of - - -17 JUDGE FAHEY: Well it matters where they 18 can live and mobility - - -19 MS. MOORE: Right, frequency - - -20 JUDGE FAHEY: - - - and things like that. 21 MS. MOORE: - - - those kind of things. 22 JUDGE FAHEY: So I understand why they 23 would make it. You know, it's a - - - anybody who 24 looks at the record, and I'm sure all the judges 25 would agree with that, it's a - - - you can

1 understand why the SORA court made the ruling. The 2 question here is, did the Appellate Division apply 3 the right standard and is there a record here for us 4 to allow it, to admit it, and have it be applied. 5 It's going to be a difficult case, I think, to get 6 the Appellate Division to change - - -7 MS. MOORE: Um-hum. JUDGE FAHEY: - - - the determination, but 8 9 the question is the standard, which is - - - just 10 needs to be consistent. We're concerned more with 11 the law, I think, than with, you know, the individual 12 inequities in this particular case. There's - - -13 there's a broader principle, I think. 14 MS. MOORE: And I understand that, and I 15 think, again, we come back to preservation, because 16 the - - - the concern here is that, as I think, you 17 know, counsel explained, these records about the 18 standard were never put forth before the court, and -19 20 JUDGE FAHEY: I wonder, though, is that - -21 - did you look at Gillotti and - - -22 MS. MOORE: Yes. 23 JUDGE FAHEY: And what do you - - - how do 24 you - - - do you distinguish the preservation here 25 from that?

1	MS. MOORE: Well, I think that the
2	difference in Gillotti is that it was very clear in
3	the record that the incorrect, we now know, standard
4	was used.
5	JUDGE FAHEY: Um-hum.
6	MS. MOORE: Here we don't have that. And I
7	think that it's important that, because the defense
8	counsel would have known at the time that there was a
9	conflict between the departments I mean, that
10	is how things get changed, quite frankly.
11	JUDGE PIGOTT: But I don't mean to keep
12	picking on you for this, but if they do clear and
13	convincing five times in a row
14	MS. MOORE: Um-hum.
15	JUDGE PIGOTT: then they don't say
16	anything but they do this one, and then the and
17	then the next five they do clear and convincing, do
18	you think in the middle they did a preponderance?
19	MS. MOORE: I don't know, on this record,
20	but I think if you're counsel, you're making the
21	argument that they should.
22	JUDGE RIVERA: But and just to
23	piggyback on what Judge Pigott's saying, certainly,
24	if they're going to deviate from the standard that
25	they've applied over and over, one would think they'd

1 do more than write one sentence. 2 MS. MOORE: Again, I think the point of 3 preservation, counsel - - - or my opponent suggested 4 that it was some new preservation rule. I would 5 argue it's simply the preservation rule, and that the importance of that is to effect change for the 6 7 direction that we see - - -8 JUDGE RIVERA: Regardless of what's going 9 on in the Fourth Department, defense counsel wants to 10 - - - knows about this split - - -11 MS. MOORE: Yes. 12 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - they should raise it 13 every single time, even if they think they don't have 14 \_ \_ \_ 15 MS. MOORE: Absolutely. 16 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - any hope of getting 17 that - - -18 MS. MOORE: Because - - -19 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - panel to make a choice 20 based on a lower standard. 21 MS. MOORE: Absolutely, because then when 22 we get here, you have the record to decide that case. 23 And that's not the case here. 24 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counselor, 25 thanks.

1	MS. MOORE: Thank you.
2	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counselor, rebuttal?
3	MR. DAVISON: Yes, Your Honor, two things.
4	First, I'd like to pick up on the point that Judge
5	Pigott and Judge Rivera mentioned that it is
6	important that this be adjudicated and not rubber-
7	stamped.
8	JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, let me argue against
9	my own point; I've never seen a written decision,
10	from a judge, as Judge Martusewicz did here, and as -
11	as Ms. Moore points out, a rather extensive
12	record. I mean, quite often, you know, you go in and
13	you say, Judge, this is what we've got, and he says I
14	don't care what you've got and you're going to get a
15	3 and that's that and you have a right to appeal.
16	But this was pretty extensive, don't you agree?
17	MR. DAVISON: Well, it's extensive to the
18	extent that they let Mr. Brown talk for a long time.
19	But there was no testimony. There was there
20	was it was just it was just argument of
21	counsel. And and they let him talk, and then
22	the judge said, I don't think you've shown me enough
23	for a downward departure without saying what that
24	standard was.
25	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Counsel, does there

1 have to be testimony? From whom? I'm - - - are you 2 saying experts have to come in or - - - because isn't 3 it usually arguments of counsel, and if the defendant 4 wants to - - - the defendant is usually there and 5 wants to say something, that's what the judge hears. 6 MR. DAVISON: I'm not saying that there 7 have to be experts or - - - or testimony. I believe, 8 in fact, that the SORA statute and guidelines don't 9 contemplate bringing the victims in; that - - -10 that's out of bounds. But - - -11 JUDGE PIGOTT: If you were correcting me, I 12 was speaking as if there was testimony and you were 13 telling me there was not. 14 MR. DAVISON: But it's - - - well, I'm just 15 - - - I - - - I wasn't trying to; I'm - - - I'm 16 trying to point out that it - - - that it wasn't - -17 - that it - - -18 JUDGE PIGOTT: I'm not offended. 19 MR. DAVISON: Okay - - - that - - - that it 20 is important. And I'd also point out that it's very 21 important to Mr. Brown; he and his son are actually 22 here in the courtroom today; they came down from - -23 - from Watertown for this, because it's important to 24 him to - - - to - - - to realize that - - - that his 25 case is being taken seriously by the courts.

1 And I'm - - - my second point was on a 2 related topic. You know, we talk about preservation 3 at the - - - at the Appellate Division. I - - - I 4 know Judge Pigott and Judge Fahey are aware, but I'm 5 not sure if the other judges are; oral argument is not allowed in SORA cases at the Fourth Department. 6 7 So it - - - it's kind of difficult to - - - to - - -8 to elucidate on something when your - - -9 JUDGE STEIN: It could be in your brief. 10 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: But it could be in the 11 brief. 12 MR. DAVISON: Oh, yeah, you can put it in 13 your brief, yes. 14 JUDGE READ: And you didn't, I don't think 15 16 MR. DAVISON: But it's - - -17 JUDGE READ: - - - did you? 18 MR. DAVISON: But oral argument is not 19 contemplated. 20 JUDGE READ: But you did not put it in the 21 brief, did you? MR. DAVISON: I did put it in the brief. 22 Ι 23 - - - well, I alluded to the fact that the Second 24 Department had this - - - had this different 25 standard. I didn't run with it any further than

1	that, perhaps out of a sense that that it
2	wasn't going to go anywhere; it wasn't going to
3	change them.
4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counselor.
5	Thanks.
б	MR. DAVISON: Thank you.
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thank you both.
8	Appreciate it.
9	(Court is adjourned)
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2	CERTIFICATION
3	
4	I, Sharona Shapiro, certify that the
5	foregoing transcript of proceedings in the Court of
6	Appeals of People v. Stanley A. Brown, No. 117, was
7	prepared using the required transcription equipment
8	and is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.
9	
10	Sharing Shaphie
11	
12	
13	Signature:
14	
15	Agency Name: eScribers
16	
17	Address of Agency: 700 West 192nd Street
18	Suite # 607
19	New York, NY 10040
20	
21	Date: June 11, 2015
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