COURT OF APPEALS 1 2 STATE OF NEW YORK 3 -----4 MATTER OF JORGE LINARES, 5 Appellant, 6 -against-No. 124 7 ANDREA W. EVANS, 8 Respondent. 9 \_\_\_\_\_ 20 Eagle Street 10 Albany, New York 12207 September 08, 2015 11 Before: 12 CHIEF JUDGE JONATHAN LIPPMAN 13 ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE F. PIGOTT, JR. ASSOCIATE JUDGE JENNY RIVERA ASSOCIATE JUDGE SHEILA ABDUS-SALAAM 14 ASSOCIATE JUDGE LESLIE E. STEIN 15 ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE M. FAHEY 16 Appearances: 17 ALFRED O'CONNOR, ESQ. NEW YORK STATE DEFENDERS ASSOCIATION Attorneys for Appellant 18 194 Washington Avenue 19 Suite 500 Albany, NY 12210 20 KATE H. NEPVEU, ASG 21 ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK Attorneys for Respondent 22 The Capitol Albany, NY 12224 23 2.4 Penina Wolicki 25 Official Court Transcriber

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Number 124, Matter of 2 Linares. 3 Counselor, do you want any rebuttal time? 4 MR. O'CONNOR: Two minutes, please. 5 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah. MR. O'CONNOR: Alfred O'Connor for Mr. 6 7 Linares. The Board of Parole authorizes its members 8 9 to use the COMPAS risk and needs assessment 10 instrument indiscriminately, in any manner they wish. 11 Board members may give COMPAS no weight for - - -12 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, what do you 13 want to do within this proceeding? You - - - you 14 want to challenge the - - - the validity of the - - -15 what was passed, in contretemps to what the 16 legislature directed? Is that the real purpose of 17 pursuing the proceeding? MR. O'CONNOR: What - - - what we'd - - -18 what we'd like the court to do is to recognize that 19 20 the Board has not yet complied with the language - -21 22 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Right. So you - - -23 MR. O'CONNOR: - - - of the - - -2.4 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - want to 25 basically challenge what they've done as inadequate.

1	MR. O'CONNOR: That's right. That's right.
2	JUDGE PIGOTT: How do we know that? I
3	mean, wouldn't it have been better if you'd gone and
4	gotten a had his parole hearing and maybe it
5	would have been granted and he wouldn't be here?
6	MR. O'CONNOR: Well
7	JUDGE PIGOTT: Or maybe it would have been
8	denied
9	MR. O'CONNOR: that's always going to
10	be the circumstance that somebody
11	JUDGE PIGOTT: maybe it would have
12	been denied and he could say see, here here are
13	the COMPAS rules, and they ignored them. They went
14	on the evidence memo, and that's wrong. Or they did
15	the COMPAS and it was it was incomplete or it
16	was inadequate. But how do we now decide that the
17	way they're going to apply it is is wrong?
18	MR. O'CONNOR: Well, because we know what
19	the rule now the the what the rule
20	is. So there's no disagreement
21	JUDGE FAHEY: No, no, no. How does it fit
22	within this case. I can understand the issue is an
23	important issue.
24	MR. O'CONNOR: Right.
25	JUDGE FAHEY: How does it fit with this

case and these facts when the - - - when - - - when 1 2 the COMPAS rules weren't applied in this 3 circumstance? MR. O'CONNOR: Well, he challenged this in 4 5 2011, at a time when the - - - the statute was - - -6 JUDGE FAHEY: I know. I understand it was 7 a convoluted history. Yeah. MR. O'CONNOR: - - - in effect. And so the 8 9 Board's position hasn't changed. And what they have 10 said is from day one - - - or four days after this law went into effect, we've had rules in effect. And 11 12 those rules require the Board to use the instrument. 13 JUDGE PIGOTT: Right. 14 MR. O'CONNOR: Whatever that may mean. And 15 so here's what - - - and there's no disagreement - -16 - here's what that means. They may - - -17 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: I understood, counsel 18 19 MR. O'CONNOR: - - - use it any way they 20 wish. 21 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: - - - I - - - excuse me, counsel. I understood that after the Third 22 23 Department's decision in Garfield, the Board said it 24 would - - - it would comply with Garfield? 25 MR. O'CONNOR: Well, what does - - - what

does that mean? The - - - the Third - - - the Third 1 2 Department said in Garfield, to - - - you must 3 consider the - - - the risk assessment instrument. 4 The question is, there were supposed to be rules in 5 place as to how they would consider it. And what they have done - - - the rules that have been in 6 7 effect from - - -8 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: What - - - what are 9 those rules that you - - - as you see it? What - - -10 what does the statute require those rules to be? 11 MR. O'CONNOR: The statute requires that 12 the Board establish written procedures that 13 incorporate COMPAS into the decision-making process. What - - - what that means is it's not discretionary 14 15 16 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Your view is it's - -17 - it's more than an additional factor. 18 MR. O'CONNOR: That's right. It's not - -19 20 JUDGE PIGOTT: Have they done it? 21 MR. O'CONNOR: - - - a discretionary 22 process. 23 JUDGE PIGOTT: Have they done it? 2.4 MR. O'CONNOR: They have not. 25 JUDGE PIGOTT: Not on any single prisoner

that's come before the Board since 2011? 1 2 MR. O'CONNOR: What they say - - -3 JUDGE PIGOTT: No, is - - - is that a yes 4 or a no? 5 MR. O'CONNOR: They have - - - they do not give reasons when they override COMPAS - - -6 7 JUDGE PIGOTT: Have they used COMPAS? 8 MR. O'CONNOR: Not in the way that the 9 statute requires. 10 JUDGE PIGOTT: Yes, but? 11 MR. O'CONNOR: Well, if - - - if what - - -12 Judge Pigott, if - - - if using it means I've read it 13 and I give it no - - - I dismiss it out of hand - - -JUDGE PIGOTT: We don't know. 14 15 MR. O'CONNOR: - - - then yes, they have. JUDGE PIGOTT: The - - - we don't know. 16 In 17 other words, you know, maybe they use it correctly. We don't know. I mean, the - - -18 19 MR. O'CONNOR: Well, that's what the 20 procedures are supposed to provide for. 21 JUDGE PIGOTT: Why don't you - - - why 22 doesn't he - - - why don't you go, say by the way - -23 - because you've got a very articulate client here 24 saying COMPAS means that you've got to do X, Y, and 25 Ζ.

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1	MR. O'CONNOR: He said that already.
2	JUDGE PIGOTT: If they do well, no.
3	Because he hasn't gone back. He sits in his cell and
4	says I want the Court of Appeals to tell them they
5	got to do something for me before I go.
6	MR. O'CONNOR: Here's the problem, Judge.
7	There the rules that they have enacted, either
8	whether the evidence memo or this regulation -
9	doesn't require them to state any reasons. And
10	that is their position. They're not required to
11	state reasons if they override
12	JUDGE RIVERA: I thought the rule is that
13	they have to give reasons and detail why they're not
14	granting parole?
15	MR. O'CONNOR: Yes.
16	JUDGE RIVERA: Do I misunderstand the
17	rules?
18	MR. O'CONNOR: But that's a separate
19	question, all right?
20	JUDGE RIVERA: How is it a separate
21	question?
22	MR. O'CONNOR: Well, if you say that the
23	reason we're denying parole is you we we
24	have deci we have concluded that you will not
25	live and remain at liberty without violating the law,

1 that doesn't tell anyone as to why the co - - - the Board has rejected a COMPAS result that reflects a 2 3 low risk to reoffend. 4 JUDGE RIVERA: Does - - - is your position 5 that the Board has to adopt COMPAS, and if it doesn't, it has to explain why? That the default is 6 7 always COMPAS? MR. O'CONNOR: No, we're not - - - the 8 9 Board has enormous discretion. The legislature gave 10 the Board discretion to figure out how they were 11 going to do that. And there are lots of different 12 ways that you can meaningfully incorporate these two 13 methodologies for determining risk. JUDGE RIVERA: And they say they make it a 14 15 Why is that not - - factor. 16 MR. O'CONNOR: Be - - -17 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - in compliance with the 18 statutory - - -19 MR. O'CONNOR: - - - well, by - - -20 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - mandate? 21 MR. O'CONNOR: - - - by making it a mere 22 factor, under 259-i, it authorizes Board members to dismiss those results out of hand for no reason. 23 24 JUDGE RIVERA: It says that if each 25 individual Board member - - -

1 MR. O'CONNOR: Yes. 2 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - determines for 3 themselves - - -4 MR. O'CONNOR: That's their position. 5 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - the value and weight 6 of COMPAS - - -7 MR. O'CONNOR: Right. 8 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - as opposed to a - - -9 a guideline that says this is how all of you must 10 treat - - -11 MR. O'CONNOR: And all - - -JUDGE RIVERA: - - - this number, this 12 13 recommendation of the - - -14 MR. O'CONNOR: That the purpose of this 15 legislation was to make sure that - - - there are 16 fourteen Board members - - - that they're all using 17 the same playbook. They're not making up their own 18 minds - - -19 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Consel, how - - -20 assume you're right. Assume that - - - that this 21 doesn't comply with the legislative mandate. How do 22 you - - - is this an exception to the mootness 23 doctrine? 24 MR. O'CONNOR: Well - - -25 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: How do - - - how do

1 you get there - - - how do you get that we should 2 consider, in the context of this particular 3 proceeding, that issue? Basically you want to challenge these guidelines that they've issued as 4 5 being not compliant with the statute. MR. O'CONNOR: Right. 6 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: How do you get there? 7 MR. O'CONNOR: Well, first off, as far as 8 9 mootness, that assumes the answer to this. If 10 they're in compliance with the 2011 statute - - -11 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Assuming they're not 12 13 MR. O'CONNOR: - - - we're just wrong. That's all. 14 15 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - assume they're 16 not in compliance. 17 MR. O'CONNOR: All right. CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Why is this something 18 19 that we can consider? 20 MR. O'CONNOR: Because - - -21 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Jurisdictionally, how 22 do we consider it? 23 MR. O'CONNOR: - - - because he's before 24 the court with, and he's aggrieved because the 25 Appellate Division said consider COMPAS, but there's

1 a rule that says - - -CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Is it a waste - - -2 3 MR. O'CONNOR: - - - you really don't have to consider - - -4 5 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: I - - - I guess what I'm leading you towards is, is - - - is it a waste of 6 7 time to make him go through the hearing and then come back? 8 9 MR. O'CONNOR: Yes, it is. Yes. Well, 10 especially when we're not going to get any answers 11 from them as to why - - - if they - - - if they do 12 deny it, why they're - - -13 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: They're not going to do it the way you - - - you think they should - - -14 15 MR. O'CONNOR: Right. 16 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - or let's assume 17 they should. 18 JUDGE FAHEY: Could - - - could I ask what 19 your - - -20 MR. O'CONNOR: Yes. 21 JUDGE FAHEY: - - - in the litigation 22 overall, as I understand it, you want to get to the 23 merits of 8002, the July 2014 rule, right? 2.4 MR. O'CONNOR: That's right. 25 JUDGE FAHEY: That's what you want to do

1	here?
2	MR. O'CONNOR: Yes.
3	JUDGE FAHEY: That's your goal. Sure.
4	MR. O'CONNOR: That's the latest iteration
5	of the rule.
6	JUDGE FAHEY: Right.
7	MR. O'CONNOR: Yes.
8	JUDGE FAHEY: And you want to and so
9	our question, I guess, is how can we address that
10	unless we have a case that's been decided that based
11	or not decided based upon that regulation?
12	MR. O'CONNOR: Well, because the question
13	is, he is going to a hearing, and the question is
14	what are the rules that apply to the consideration of
15	COMPAS at this hearing. And
16	JUDGE FAHEY: Um-hum.
17	MR. O'CONNOR: and the parties agree
18	on what those rules are. We say those rules are
19	insufficient. He's entitled to a hearing the
20	one that is the de novo or the or the
21	ordinary ones that he's due, at this point, that
22	complies with
23	JUDGE RIVERA: So so you're
24	MR. O'CONNOR: the 2011 legislation.
25	JUDGE RIVERA: you're am I

1 understanding then that your argument is because 2 yours is a facial challenge - - -3 MR. O'CONNOR: Yes. 4 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - not an as-applied 5 challenge - - -6 MR. O'CONNOR: That's right. 7 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - it's not as - - - if the rule on its face looked fine but as it's applied 8 9 to him it is inappropriate or violates the 10 Constitution or his rights otherwise? 11 MR. O'CONNOR: That's right. What they 12 have done does not comply with the words - - -13 JUDGE RIVERA: It could very well be that 14 if he went back to the hearing, that they applied it 15 as you argue they should apply it, even if the rule would not lend itself to that reading, because they 16 17 have great discretion. MR. O'CONNOR: Well, if they follow - - -18 19 JUDGE RIVERA: The likelihood, you may 20 think, is zero - - -21 MR. O'CONNOR: I don't - - -22 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - but - - -23 MR. O'CONNOR: - - - I don't think that's 2.4 likely. 25 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - but you got my point.

MR. O'CONNOR: But - - - but if they follow 1 the rule, they would not provide any reasons, because 2 3 they're not required to - - -4 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counselor. 5 MR. O'CONNOR: - - - and we'd be right back 6 where we started. 7 JUDGE PIGOTT: Just one more - - -8 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Go ahead, Judge 9 Pigott. 10 MR. O'CONNOR: Yeah. 11 JUDGE PIGOTT: So what - - - what - - what does our order look like? What do we say? 12 13 MR. O'CONNOR: What you say is that - - that the regulation does not comply with the 2011 14 15 legislation. JUDGE PIGOTT: We're going to say the legi 16 17 - - - the legislature was wrong. 18 MR. O'CONNOR: No. No, no, no. No. No, 19 the board has not complied with the literal language 20 of the 2011 legislation. 21 JUDGE PIGOTT: You're saying the regulation 22 is wrong. 23 MR. O'CONNOR: Try - - - try again. Yes, 24 try again, because you're not in facial compliance -25

1	JUDGE PIGOTT: What are we going to tell
2	them when we say to try again?
3	MR. O'CONNOR: Minimally, requirement
4	a minimum requirement. Now you have discretion as to
5	how you would actually enact comply with the
6	statute.
7	JUDGE PIGOTT: With COMPAS.
8	MR. O'CONNOR: A minimum requirement would
9	be that you give reasons when you override it.
10	That's something
11	JUDGE PIGOTT: Okay, so why wouldn't we, in
12	this ca why wouldn't your client, in this case,
13	go back I mean, he he argued before that
14	259-c hadn't been complied with and and he won.
15	The Third Department's saying
16	MR. O'CONNOR: I
17	JUDGE PIGOTT: you win. So why
18	wouldn't he go back and say listen, you've got to
19	give reasons for this or I'm going to be back in
20	- and by now, I mean, he's been sitting around for a
21	couple three years now
22	MR. O'CONNOR: Four, now.
23	JUDGE PIGOTT: Four.
24	MR. O'CONNOR: Four.
25	JUDGE PIGOTT: I mean, by now, he would

1 have had his hearing, won or lost, and - - - and 2 everything would have been ducky or not. 3 MR. O'CONNOR: No, it wouldn't be. Because if he had gone to a hearing, there would have been -4 5 - - they would have moved to dismiss on the ground of 6 mootness, because the way the mootness rule is 7 applied in parole cases, is it doesn't matter. Τf 8 you're released it's moot, and we would agree with 9 that - - - and if you're denied, it's moot. That's 10 the way the rule is applied. It's unfair in - - -11 JUDGE PIGOTT: No, he was denied in the - -12 13 - the reason he's here is he was denied, and he went 14 to the Third Department and he won. And now you 15 wound up here. MR. O'CONNOR: Well, you know, we can 16 17 quibble on this. We don't think he won anything. We 18 - - - he got the right to - - -19 JUDGE PIGOTT: I mean, he got an appeal. 20 He got an appeal. You want to say there's no more 21 appeals. I mean, if he goes back now, there's no 22 more appeals. And I think you're wrong. I think he 23 goes back and they either do what you think has to be 2.4 done - - -25 MR. O'CONNOR: Well, they're not - - -

1 JUDGE PIGOTT: - - - and you can - - - and 2 he's gone. Or they're not going to comply. I don't 3 know how we, as a court, are going to say rewrite 4 your reg to say A, B, C, and D. 5 MR. O'CONNOR: We're not asking the court 6 to do that. 7 JUDGE PIGOTT: Okay. 8 MR. O'CONNOR: What we're asking the court 9 to do is to say that any application of this 2011 10 legislation requires, as a matter of preserving the 11 judic - - - judicial review, that there be a statement of reasons if you override. That is 12 13 something that is basic to this process 14 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counselor. 15 Thanks, counselor. 16 Let - - - you'll have your rebuttal. Let's 17 hear from your adversary. MS. NEPVEU: Good afternoon, Your Honors. 18 19 Kate Nepveu for respondents. 20 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, why don't we 21 just get this over with. Why - - - why don't we deal 22 with this, as your adversary recommends, instead of 23 saying go back - - - it's clear what they're saying, 2.4 and their ad - - - their position is it doesn't 25 comply with the statute. What prevents us from

grappling with - - - with the issue here, whether 1 2 what the Board has done complies; whether you could 3 do it without saying, if you don't follow the 4 particular COMPAS numbers you have to say why? Why 5 couldn't we do that? Why shouldn't we and couldn't we do that? 6 7 MS. NEPVEU: Because petitioner has 8 received what he requested, which was a new hearing 9 and new - - -10 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, yeah, but I'm 11 talking here in very practical terms. Why are we 12 sending them back? Why don't we just deal with this 13 issue? MS. NEPVEU: Well, Your Honor, I do think 14 15 mootness is practical. But the other reason - - -16 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Say it again? 17 MS. NEPVEU: I do think - - - I apologize, Your Honor. I do think that mootness is a practical 18 19 reason. Beyond - - -20 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Isn't there - - -21 isn't there - - - aren't there exceptions to the mootness doctrine? 22 23 MS. NEPVEU: Yes. But beyond that, as the 24 court's already suggested - - -25 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but - - -

1	MS. NEPVEU: Yes.
2	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: but aren't
3	there exceptions that this case could fit into?
4	MS. NEPVEU: Potentially, Your Honor. In
5	addition, what the what the court has already
6	suggested that this is very premature.
7	There is no decision that's weighed a
8	COMPAS. There is no way to assess how the Board will
9	weigh a COMPAS with regard to petitioner or what its
10	decision would look like if it denies parole.
11	The Board is already required by statute,
12	and has been since 1977
13	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but they're
14	saying that that what you've done in these most
15	recent revisions
16	MS. NEPVEU: Um-hum.
17	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: don't really
18	comply with the language of the legislation, which
19	without drawing any finer conclusions, do seem to say
20	that that this compass and this whole idea is
21	not just and additional factor, it's what you have to
22	do, what you have to consider.
23	Assume we thought, for the sake of
24	argument, that what you've done is not consistent
25	with the statute and that you really do have to give

the reasons if you overrule COMPAS. What I'm saying 1 2 to you is, why isn't this an exception to the 3 mootness doctrine? Just deal with it. MS. NEPVEU: Because it wasn't - - - the 4 5 question of the weight of COMPAS or the regulations 6 wasn't raised. If it's not preserved, because the 7 regulations didn't exist - - -8 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: He's saying it's the 9 same thing. If it's - - - if it's defective to send 10 them back is useless. MS. NEPVEU: Your Honor, you asked me why 11 12 the court couldn't act - - -13 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yes. MS. NEPVEU: - - - and the court couldn't 14 15 act because it's not preserved. If the court 16 disagrees with that, the reason it shouldn't act is 17 because it's incorrect. It's not a correct reading 18 of the statute. 19 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Ah, okay. 20 MS. NEPVEU: So then - - -21 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But assume - - -22 MS. NEPVEU: Yes. 23 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - assume he's 24 right on the reading of the statute. 25 MS. NEPVEU: Again, Your Honor, because

1	it's not preserved. Again, if the court disagrees
2	with that, the substantive reasons
3	JUDGE RIVERA: You think he didn't make a -
4	a facial challenge?
5	MS. NEPVEU: No, Your Honor. What he said
6	in his petition was I didn't get a COMPAS. The
7	reason they're not complying they didn't comply
8	with the statute is I didn't have a COMPAS at my
9	interview. That's what the petition said.
10	JUDGE PIGOTT: You said in your
11	MS. NEPVEU: For more than two years now
12	the
13	JUDGE RIVERA: Okay, so let's let's
14	assume he's nodding no, but we'll hear what he
15	says on rebuttal.
16	But let's assume you're correct about that.
17	Why why doesn't that mean I I am seeking
18	an assessment under COMPAS that is accurate and in
19	compliance with the law? And he's saying what
20	what the regs as you've now passed them, is not
21	in compliance with the statutory mandate.
22	MS. NEPVEU: Yes.
23	JUDGE RIVERA: How is that not preserving
24	this question.
25	MS. NEPVEU: Because that is something that

1 can't be assessed without an actual inter - - de 2 novo interview. 3 JUDGE RIVERA: Well, no, he says it's a facial cha - - - he says it's not about the 4 5 application, it's about the - - - I mean, eventually 6 it's about the application to him. But it's a facial 7 - - - if you just look at the regs and you just look at the statute, it's obvious on - - - on that plain 8 9 reading, is his argument. 10 MS. NEPVEU: Yes, and that's not correct, 11 Your Honor. And here's why. The regul - - - the statute says the Board was required to create written 12 13 procedures that incorporated risk and needs 14 guidelines. It didn't say you must use this 15 particular risk and needs assessment - - -16 JUDGE RIVERA: No, no, no. 17 MS. NEPVEU: Excuse me. 18 JUDGE RIVERA: I believe it says risks and 19 needs - -20 MS. NEPVEU: Principles. 21 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - principles. 22 MS. NEPVEU: Excuse me. 23 JUDGE RIVERA: Not guidelines. 2.4 MS. NEPVEU: You're quite right. Ι 25 apologize for misspeaking. Yes.

Risk - - - use risk and needs principles to 1 2 assist in making release decisions. It didn't say 3 you must use a particular instrument in a particular 4 way. It left - - -5 JUDGE RIVERA: That's true. But the Board chose COMPAS, did it not? 6 7 MS. NEPVEU: Yes. 8 JUDGE RIVERA: Okay. 9 MS. NEPVEU: But it - - -10 JUDGE RIVERA: So that's the instrument 11 you're stuck with. 12 MS. NEPVEU: No - - - I'm not - - - I'm not 13 disputing that - - -14 JUDGE RIVERA: But you changed your mind. 15 MS. NEPVEU: - - - Your Honor. What I'm saying is that the legislature didn't direct the 16 17 Board to use COMPAS or any other instrument - - - its chosen instrument in a particular way. It said 18 19 "assist in making a decision" - - - "release 20 decisions". 21 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: In other words, 22 counsel, what your adversary is saying is, the Board should use some kind of checklist; that the written 23 24 procedures should be some sort of checklist that the 25 Board has to use. And if the Board is going to

1	deviate from that checklist, it has to give reasons
2	for that.
3	Is that your understanding of of what
4	he's your adversary is asking?
5	MS. NEPVEU: I Your Honor, to my
6	understanding, that they're arguing that COMPAS
7	should be given more weight, because it's but
8	that's not what the statute says.
9	JUDGE PIGOTT: See, that's the problem.
10	And and in your letter to the Appellate
11	Division you said, "In the court below and in its
12	brief to this court, the petitioner argued that the
13	Parole Board's determination was unlawful, because
14	the Board did not utilize the COMPAS risk and needs
15	assessment in making its determination. In light of
16	the court's decision in Garfield, the Board will not
17	defend this appeal."
18	Now you're saying, well maybe we'll use
19	COMPAS, maybe we won't
20	MS. NEPVEU: No, Your Honor.
21	JUDGE PIGOTT: you're wait a
22	minute. And and they're saying, that's the
23	problem. We don't trust these people, because the
24	last time was the Evans memorandum, which was really
25	a back backhand reply to the court saying

1	you've got to spend some time on these things, and
2	not just rubber-stamp everybody back to jail.
3	MS. NEPVEU: Your Honor, we're not saying
4	that we will that we might not that the
5	Board might not consider COMPAS. The regulations
6	-
7	JUDGE PIGOTT: I'm not saying "might not
8	consider", I'm saying "will use". And you're saying
9	we're not going to say that. We are not going to say
10	we're going to use COMPAS, and and you can't
11	tell us we are we we must.
12	MS. NEPVEU: Your Honor, I'm I'm
13	sorry. The regulations say the Board must consider
14	COMPAS. I'm not entirely sure how I've given the
15	court that impre impression that that Board
16	won't or might not. That is not the case.
17	The Board is required by its own
18	regulations to consider COMPAS. And by statute
19	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: As an additional
20	factor? As an additional factor, or along the lines
21	that Judge Abdus-Salaam indicated; you have a
22	checklist and if you don't follow it?
23	MS. NEPVEU: You have a legis you
24	have a list of factors that the legislature has
25	required the Board to consider. Yes.

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But isn't that the
2	point that they're saying you must consider this,
3	that, and the other thing. And they're saying,
4	that's not what you did.
5	MS. NEPVEU: Well, first
6	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: That you're doing it
7	as kind of an additional factor, but it's not
8	it doesn't comply with the clear import of the
9	statute, is what they're saying.
10	MS. NEPVEU: Right. And why that's not
11	correct is the legislature said you use risk and
12	needs principles to assist in decision making. But
13	it didn't change the substantive standards that had
14	to be met before parole was granted.
15	JUDGE RIVERA: Actually, that's not what it
16	says. The statute says: "Establish written
17	procedure for its use in making parole decisions as
18	required by law. Such written procedures shall
19	incorporate risk and needs principles to measure the
20	rehabilitation of persons appearing before the Board,
21	the likelihood of success of such persons upon
22	release, and assist members of the State Board of
23	Parole in determining which inmates may be released
24	to parole supervision."
25	If it meant added as a laundry list of all

the other factors, like we have in the other statute, 1 it would have used that word. But it didn't. It 2 3 used "principles". It's connecting it directly to measuring rehabilitation and the likelihood of 4 5 success upon release. MS. NEPVEU: We don't dispute that COMPAS 6 7 is relevant to those. But those aren't the only questions the Board has to consider when it considers 8 9 whether to grant parole. 10 JUDGE RIVERA: Correct. MS. NEPVEU: It has to consider whether 11 12 release would deprecate the seriousness of the crime 13 - - - and I admit, I'm using these - - - these in a 14 short form of the statutory language - - -15 JUDGE RIVERA: Right, right. 16 MS. NEPVEU: - - - for my time here - - -17 and whether it's compatible with the welfare of 18 society. 19 JUDGE PIGOTT: I think - - - I - - - what -20 - - you're making me nervous here. Because - - -21 MS. NEPVEU: I certainly don't want to do 22 that, Your Honor. What's your concern? 23 JUDGE PIGOTT: You read - - - you read 24 enough of those parole denials, and it's almost like, 25 you know, they're rubber stamped. And I understand

1 there's a lot of people that at the first time up, 2 you know, it almost could be, I mean, due to the 3 heinousness of the crime, or you know, any number of factors. 4 5 But what the - - - what the legislature's 6 concerned about and what the courts seem to be saying 7 is, stop that. I mean, if you're going to do 8 something, if you're going to tell somebody they've 9 got to be in jail for an awful lot longer, spend some 10 time. And - - - and it doesn't look like time is 11 being spent. And - - - and even if it's a little bit 12 of time, explain what's going - - - what - - - what 13 worries me is that you're going to go back and say 14 Court of Appeals says we don't have to do this 15 anymore, we can just say - - - and we considered 16 COMPAS and we're denying your - - - your application. 17 MS. NEPVEU: Your Honor, the statute, since 18 its inception, has required that reasons for denial 19 be given in detail and not in conclusory - - -20 JUDGE PIGOTT: I'm sorry, I didn't hear 21 you. 22 MS. NEPVEU: I'm sorry. The statute, since 23 1977, has required that reasons for denial be given 2.4 in detail and not - - -25 JUDGE PIGOTT: Yeah, and how have you been

1 doing? 2 MR. O'CONNOR: - - - in conclusory terms. 3 And the courts routinely roo - - - review decisions 4 for whether they're too conclusory, and some of them 5 are denied. This is an ordinary part of review of 6 7 parole decisions. 8 JUDGE PIGOTT: You see - - - you see how 9 causal you're treating this. That's - - -10 MS. NEPVEU: I did - - -11 JUDGE PIGOTT: - - - that's what's - - -12 MS. NEPVEU: - - - not mean to give that 13 impression. JUDGE PIGOTT: - - - that's what's 14 15 concerning. I mean, I get that ninety-eight out of a hundred, you know, particularly the first time up, or 16 17 maybe seventy-five out of a hundred, you know, it's 18 routine. I get that. 19 But the worry is the ones that are not. 20 And - - - and it sounds like you're saying all right, 21 we'll throw in COMPAS. And - - - you know - - - and 22 we'll say we considered COMPAS, and you're denied. 23 MS. NEPVEU: No, Your Honor. What I'm 2.4 saying is that because the legislature maintained the 25 same substantive standards, and because the rule has

1 always been that reasons must be given in detail, there's no need for additional relief at this time, 2 3 before any decision is made in this case. 4 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Are you - - - are you 5 saying that - - - that in this - - - this scheme as 6 the way it's drawn up now, that COMPAS is more than 7 just an additional factor? 8 MS. NEPVEU: No, Your Honor. The COMPAS is 9 one of the considerations - - -10 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: COMPAS is essentially 11 an additional factor. MS. NEPVEU: It is something the Board 12 13 considers when it evaluates rehabilitation, Your 14 Honor. 15 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Right, but - - - but 16 again, a very clear - - - your adversary's arguing a 17 very clear import of the statute is that it's more than that. 18 19 MS. NEPVEU: If the legislature wanted to 20 make COMPAS or a general risk and needs assessment 21 instrument a - - - a - - - something that was a 22 presumptive guideline or a - - - a governing 23 framework, it could have said that. It said - - -2.4 JUDGE RIVERA: Then why refer to risk and 25 needs assessments as - - - as principles, separate

1 and apart from what is otherwise set forth in Section 259-i - - - whatever it is - - - c - - - i - - -2 3 MS. NEPVEU: Yes, Your Honor. JUDGE RIVERA: - - - 2 - - - you know which 4 5 one - - -6 MS. NEPVEU: Yes, Your Honor. 7 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - C(A)(d) (sic), that 8 lists - - - it doesn't use the word "factors", 9 granted, but says - - -10 MS. NEPVEU: Um-hum. Yes. 11 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - "This article shall 12 require that the following be considered" - - -13 MS. NEPVEU: Yes, Your Honor. The reason -14 - - there - - - there's no legislative history. 15 Here's one reason based on the overall structure. In 16 the same legislation that changed 259-c(4), the Board 17 and the Commissioner of Corrections were directed to 18 develop an - - - an assessment instrument, a risk and 19 needs assessment instrument. So the legislature 20 didn't know what that instrument was going to look 21 like. They didn't direct - - - they didn't know if it would be able to contain all of the statutory 22 23 factors in 259 or not? 24 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, Judge 25 Pigott, last question.

1	JUDGE PIGOTT: On in October of '11,
2	the Chairman of the Board, when she issued her
3	memorandum, said, "It's also noted that in September
4	2011, Board members have been trained in the use of
5	Correctional Offender Management Profiling and
6	Alternative Sanctions," the COMPAS system. But it
7	also noted that, "The statement for assessing the
8	appropriateness had not changed, nor had the
9	statutory criteria." And that's what she said, you
10	know, in her in her memo then.
11	I think that's what the concern is. It
12	seems like, you know, everybody's trying to tell you
13	to do something, and you're saying, yeah, but
14	nothing's changed.
15	MS. NEPVEU: Your Honor, we don't say that
16	nothing's changed. We say that the Board is required
17	to consider COMPAS, and that when it denies parole,
18	as it always has, it's required to give reasons for
19	that denial in detail. And if there is a denial,
20	when petitioner has his new hear new interview
21	with COMPAS, then he can challenge it under well-
22	established precedent.
23	There's no basis for this court to make an
24	order now.
25	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel.

1	Thanks, counsel.
2	MS. NEPVEU: Thank you, Your Honors.
3	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counselor, rebuttal?
4	MR. O'CONNOR: Yes, just briefly.
5	This is the Board's position on this, and
6	this is what they state repeatedly
7	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Is what Judge Pigott
8	just read the Board's position?
9	MR. O'CONNOR: The Board is entitled to
10	give whatever weight, if any, it deems appropriate to
11	the COMPAS report. So they reserve the right to give
12	no weight to it, and they do not require that there
13	even be a rational reason articulated, if they decide
14	to give it no weight.
15	So Board members could decide irrationally,
16	I'm only going to follow COMPAS when it recommends a
17	high risk to reoffend; I'm not going to follow it
18	otherwise. And that's
19	JUDGE PIGOTT: But what
20	MR. O'CONNOR: and that is okay,
21	under this scheme.
22	JUDGE PIGOTT: what do you picture,
23	you know, someone who murders his entire family in
24	the most heinous way and gets twenty-five to life,
25	and now he's up for the first time, and there's no

1 way in God's green earth that anybody's going to let 2 him out. Can - - - do they have to go through, you 3 know, COMPAS and say - - - you know, or can they 4 simply say, you ain't getting out because - - -5 MR. O'CONNOR: Well, I think in that 6 circumstance, there are - - - there're three major 7 criteria for parole, and COMPAS is relevant to the 8 first two: whether you're likely to reoffend, and 9 whether your release is incompatible with the welfare 10 of society. So that has a public safety component to 11 it. 12 The third, nobody contends that this is - -13 - COMPAS addresses the third factor, whether it would 14 so deprecate - - - release would so deprecate the 15 seriousness of the crime, as to undermine respect for 16 the law. 17 JUDGE PIGOTT: But if three - - - if three 18 is the reason, do they have go through one and two? 19 MR. O'CONNOR: Well, I think that - - -20 yes. They're required to make an assessment as to 21 whether you're likely to reoffend. That's just part 22 of the process. 23 Ultimately, they may decide - - -24 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Counsel, what's - - -25 MR. O'CONNOR: - - - well, we agree, you're

1	not likely to reoffend, but we're not going to let
2	you out anyway. And that's not an issue here.
3	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Excuse me, counsel.
4	Was I correct when I described what you're asking for
5	is some sort of checklist of procedures?
6	MR. O'CONNOR: Well
7	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Am I wrong about that?
8	MR. O'CONNOR: all we're asking for
9	is what the COMPAS manual provides for, is that if
10	you override it, if you disagree with it, state why
11	so that any so that we can review
12	JUDGE FAHEY: So you're
13	MR. O'CONNOR: it. That's it.
14	JUDGE FAHEY: aiming for a system
15	similar to the SORA system, the RAI system. Is that
16	where you're that's what you're aiming for
17	here, right?
18	MR. O'CONNOR: Well
19	JUDGE FAHEY: Policy-wise?
20	MR. O'CONNOR: yes. This involves a
21	validated risk assessment
22	JUDGE FAHEY: I understand that. But
23	MR. O'CONNOR: It's
24	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But you're
25	JUDGE FAHEY: Am I correct in saying that's

1	your goal?
2	MR. O'CONNOR: Yes.
3	JUDGE FAHEY: Okay.
4	MR. O'CONNOR: It's what probation
5	probation does 40,000 of these assessments a year.
6	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but
7	MR. O'CONNOR: And that's their rule.
8	State a reason if you disagree.
9	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: but consistent
10	consistent with the question you were just
11	asked, but they could say, on number 3, this is
12	dispositive in our minds?
13	MR. O'CONNOR: They could, and
14	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: They do the others,
15	and then they say, but 3, you're not getting out?
16	MR. O'CONNOR: Sure. And so you may not
17	prevail in the end, on that. And
18	JUDGE RIVERA: Then I've I've
19	misunderstood your argument. Because I thought that
20	the Board had correctly represented your argument
21	when they said what you want is that COMPAS has
22	greater weight
23	MR. O'CONNOR: No.
24	JUDGE RIVERA: than some of these
25	other factors?

1 MR. O'CONNOR: No. 2 JUDGE RIVERA: Because you take it as a 3 default. If I'm not the - - - if I'm the Board - - -I'm the Board member and I'm not following the COMPAS 4 5 recommendation, I must explain why. Whereas on the 6 factors that are listed, I think you both agree, you 7 don't have to explain every individual factor and why 8 you may reject it. Is that correct? 9 MR. O'CONNOR: Right. Two different method 10 11 JUDGE RIVERA: Why do I have to explain 12 COMPAS? 13 MR. O'CONNOR: There are two different methodologies. The list in 259-i, those - - - those 14 15 factors - - -16 JUDGE RIVERA: Yes. 17 MR. O'CONNOR: - - - of information that's reviewed - - -18 19 JUDGE RIVERA: Right. 20 MR. O'CONNOR: - - - is in support of the 21 Board's longstanding subjective assessment of whether 22 you're likely to reoffend, whether you're appropriate 23 for release. This is a completely new methodology 24 that was introduced in 2011. Right? 25 It has - - - it speaks directly to that

1	issue. All right? It's not in in support of
2	your subjective assessment of whether someone's
3	likely to reoffend.
4	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Counsel
5	MR. O'CONNOR: It's a different way of
6	determining it.
7	JUDGE RIVERA: So what what I'm
8	sorry. What are the factors or let me ask it a
9	different way. You're saying that COMPAS what
10	COMPAS takes into consideration does not completely
11	overlap with these factors. Whether they're the ones
12	in the statute or in the rules promulgated by the
13	Board.
14	MR. O'CONNOR: There
15	JUDGE RIVERA: Is that true?
16	MR. O'CONNOR: there could be a
17	little overlap. But COMPAS is evidence-based and
18	- it has it looks at really many, many indices
19	as to whether you're likely to reoffend, static and
20	dynamic factors. There might be a little overlap,
21	but it's a completely different process. One is
22	evidence-based, and one is in support of a subjective
23	assessment.
24	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Judge Abdus-Salaam.
25	MR. O'CONNOR: And the point of this

1	legislation was merging those two methodologies into
2	your decision-making process.
3	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, Judge Abdus-
4	Salaam.
5	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Counsel, I go back to,
6	then, Judge Pigott's question. How do we know
7	they're not going to do that
8	MR. O'CONNOR: Well
9	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: if your if
10	your client goes back for a hearing?
11	MR. O'CONNOR: Okay. He fortune may
12	smile upon him and they may release him. That's not
13	something that, you know, we can count on, at this
14	point. All we're here for is to ask that he be given
15	a fair hearing under the 2011 require
16	legislation that requires meaningful use of the
17	COMPAS instrument and not irrational dismissal of it.
18	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thank you
19	JUDGE RIVERA: I
20	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Judge Rivera?
21	JUDGE RIVERA: I have to just follow
22	up on what you said about subjective. But I'm
23	looking at the factors. These look like objective
24	factors. Do you mean the weight what
25	what you consider because that then strikes me
I	

the same as the weight of COMPAS's - - -1 2 MR. O'CONNOR: Well, which factors, now are 3 - - - are you talking about? The ones in - - - in 259-i? 4 5 JUDGE RIVERA: The length of the 6 determinant sentence looks to me like it's just a number? 7 MR. O'CONNOR: Right. Some of those other 8 9 ones are the pre-sentence report, the recommendations 10 of the District Attorney, the sentencing judge, the -11 - - the defense lawyer. Those are subjective 12 assessments. 13 And certainly I can tell you, they don't 14 have to give any weight to the recommendations of the 15 defense lawyer. That's in support of their 16 subjective analysis of the way they've been doing it 17 forever. 18 This is the new methodology - - -19 JUDGE RIVERA: The underlying factor itself 20 has subjectivity inherently built into it, apart from 21 the Board's on assessment of what weight it will give 22 that recommendation or that statement? 23 MR. O'CONNOR: That's right. 2.4 JUDGE RIVERA: Okay. 25 MR. O'CONNOR: That's right. And - - - and

the law has always been very clear on that, is that they do not have to provide reasons if they disregard - - - completely disregard, give no weight to any of those - - -CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thank you, counsel. MR. O'CONNOR: - - - they don't have to give reasons. CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thank you. Thank you both. MR. O'CONNOR: Thank you. CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Appreciate it. (Court is adjourned) 

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2	CERTIFICATION
3	
4	I, Penina Wolicki, certify that the
5	foregoing transcript of proceedings in the Court of
6	Appeals of Matter of Jorge Linares v. Andrea W.
7	Evans, No. 124 was prepared using the required
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