# State of New York Court of Appeals

At a session of the Court, held at Court of Appeals Hall in the City of Albany, on the 10th day of December, 2015

Present, HON. JONATHAN LIPPMAN, Chief Judge Presiding.

In the Matter

of

The Amendment of the Rules of the Court of Appeals to add a new Part 523 thereof for the Temporary Practice of Law in New York.

Pursuant to section 53 of the Judiciary Law, it is hereby

ORDERED that the Rules of the Court of Appeals are amended, effective December 30, 2015, or as soon thereafter as section 52 of the Judiciary Law is complied with, by adding a new Part 523 thereof pertaining to the Temporary Practice of Law in New York. Part 523 provides as follows:

## RULES OF THE COURT OF APPEALS FOR

#### THE TEMPORARY PRACTICE OF LAW IN NEW YORK

§ 523.1 General regulation as to lawyers admitted in another jurisdiction

A lawyer who is not admitted to practice in this State shall not:

(a) except as authorized by other rules or law, establish an office or other systematic and continuous presence in this State for the practice of law; or

(b) hold out to the public or otherwise represent that the lawyer is admitted to practice law in this State.

#### § 523.2 Scope of temporary practice

- (a) A lawyer who is not admitted to practice in this State may provide legal services on a temporary basis in this State provided the following requirements are met.
- (1) The lawyer is admitted or authorized to practice law in a state or territory of the United States or in the District of Columbia, or is a member of a recognized legal profession in a non-United States jurisdiction, the members of which are admitted or authorized to practice as attorneys or counselors at law or the equivalent and are subject to effective regulation and discipline by a duly constituted professional body or a public authority; and
- (2) the lawyer is in good standing in every jurisdiction where admitted or authorized to practice; and
- (3) the temporary legal services provided by the lawyer could be provided in a jurisdiction where the lawyer is admitted or authorized to practice and may generally be provided by a lawyer admitted to practice in this State, and such temporary legal services:
- (i) are undertaken in association with a lawyer admitted to practice in this State who actively participates in, and assumes joint responsibility for, the matter; or
- (ii) are in or reasonably related to a pending or potential proceeding before a tribunal in this or another jurisdiction, if the lawyer or a person the lawyer is assisting is authorized by law or order to appear in such proceeding or reasonably expects to be so authorized; or (iii) are in or reasonably related to a pending or potential arbitration, mediation or other

alternative dispute resolution proceeding held or to be held in this or another jurisdiction, if the services are not services for which the forum requires pro hac vice admission; or (iv) are not within paragraph (3)(ii) or (3)(iii) and arise out of or are reasonably related to the lawyer's practice in a jurisdiction in which the lawyer is admitted or authorized to practice.

(b) A person licensed as a legal consultant pursuant to 22 NYCRR Part 521, or registered as in-house counsel pursuant to 22 NYCRR Part 522, may not practice pursuant to this Part.

#### § 523.3 Disciplinary authority

A lawyer who practices law temporarily in this State pursuant to this Part shall be subject to the New York Rules of Professional Conduct and to the disciplinary authority of this State in connection with such temporary practice to the same extent as if the lawyer were admitted or authorized to practice in the State. A grievance committee may report complaints and evidence of a disciplinary violation against a lawyer practicing temporarily pursuant to this Part to the appropriate disciplinary authority of any jurisdiction in which the attorney is admitted or authorized to practice law.

### § 523.4 Annual report

On or before the first of September of each year, the Office of Court Administration shall file an annual report with the Chief Judge reviewing the implementation of this rule and making such recommendations as it deems appropriate.