**BRIBE RECEIVING BY A WITNESS

(Influencing Testimony)

Penal Law § 215.05(a)

(Committed on or after Sept. 1, 1967)**

The (specify) count is Bribe Receiving by a Witness.

Under our law, a witness or a person about to be called as a witness in any action or proceeding is guilty of Bribe Receiving by a Witness when that person solicits, accepts or agrees to accept any benefit from another person upon an agreement or understanding that his or her testimony will thereby be influenced.

The following terms used in that definition have a special meaning:

BENEFIT means any gain or advantage to the beneficiary and includes any gain or advantage to a third person pursuant to the desire or consent of the beneficiary.1

AGREEMENT means a mutual agreement between a witness and another person from whom such witness solicits, accepts or agrees to accept any benefit that such witness's testimony in an action or proceeding will thereby be influenced.2

UNDERSTANDING means at least a unilateral perception or belief by a witness who solicits, accepts or agrees to accept any benefit from another person that the witness's testimony in an action or proceeding will thereby be influenced.3

In order for you to find the defendant guilty of this crime, the People are required to prove, from all the evidence in the case, beyond a reasonable doubt, each of the following three

1 Penal Law § 10.00(17).

2 *Cf. People v. Tran*, 80 N.Y.2d 170 (1992) (discussing "agreement or understanding" in context of bribing a public servant).

3 *Id.*

elements:

1. That on or about  *(date)*  , the defendant (defendant’s name) was a witness or a person about to be called as a witness in an action or proceeding;
2. That on that date, in the county of (*county*), the defendant solicited, accepted, or agreed to accept a benefit from  *(specify)*; and
3. That the defendant did so upon an agreement or understanding that his/her testimony at such action or proceeding would thereby be influenced.

If you find the People have proven beyond a reasonable doubt each of those elements, you must find the defendant guilty of this crime.

If you find the People have not proven beyond a reasonable doubt any one or more of those elements, you must find the defendant not guilty of this crime.

2